OCTOBER, 1785. THE NUMB. 2888.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1785.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

An *ACT* to encourage and protect the manufactures of this ſtate, by laying additional duties on the importation of certain manufactures which interfere with them.

WHEREAS divers uſeful and beneficial arts and manufactures have been gradually introduced into Pennſylvania, and the ſame have at length riſen to a very conſiderable extent and perfection, inſomuch that during the late war between the United States of America, and Great-Britain, when the importation of European goods was much interrupted, and often very difficult and uncertain, the artizans and mechanicks of this State were able to ſupply in the hours of need, not only large quantities of weapons and other implements, but alſo ammunition and cloathing, without which the war could not have been carried on, whereby their oppreſſed country was greatly aſſiſted and relieved.

And whereas, although the fabricks and manufactures of Europe and other foreign parts, imported into this country in times of peace, may be afforded at cheaper rates than they can be made here, yet good policy and a regard to the well-being of divers uſeful and induſtrious citizens, who are employed in the making of like goods, in this ſtate, demand of us that moderate duties be laid on certain fabricks and manufactures imported, which do moſt interfere with, and which (if no relief be given) will undermine and deſtroy the uſeful manufactures of the like kind in this country, for this purpoſe,

Be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the commonwealth of Pennſylvania in General Aſſembly met, and by the authority of the ſame, That further and additional duties, as herein after ſpecified, ſhall be levied, collected and paid on the importation into this State, of certain goods, wares and merchandiſe enumerated and particulariſed in this act, of foreign product, growth or manufacture; and the ſame duties ſhall be collected, ſecured and paid in like manner and for like continuance, as the impoſt of two and a half per centum is or ſhall be collected, ſecured and paid, ſubject to like regulations, ſeizure and forfeiture, and entitled to like drawbacks upon re-exportation. And the Collector of the port of Philadelphia ſhall be ſubject to like account and reſponſibility for the ſame.

That is to ſay,

Upon every coach, chariot or landau or other carriage, having four wheels, the ſum of twenty pounds.

Upon every chaiſe, chair, kittereen, curricle, or other carriage, having two wheels, ten pounds; and in the ſame proportion for any parts of ſuch carriages.

Upon every clock, thirty ſhillings.

Upon every dozen packs of playing cards, ſeven ſhillings and ſix pence.

Upon every dozen reaping hooks and ſickles, twelve ſhillings.

Upon every dozen ſcythes, except Dutch and German, fifteen ſhillings.

Upon every hundred weight of refined ſugar, eight ſhillings and four pence.

Upon every gallon of beer, ale, porter and cyder, ſix-pence.

Upon every dozen bottles of beer, porter, or cyder, four ſhillings.

Upon all malted barley, or other malted grain, five per centum ad valorem.

Upon all ſalted or dried fiſh, ſeven ſhillings and ſix-pence, for every hundred weight thereof.

Upon every hundred weight of cheeſe and butter, eight ſhillings and four-pence.

Upon all beef, two per centum ad valorem.

Upon all pork, five per centum ad valorem.

Upon every pound of ſoap, except Caſtile ſoap, one penny.

Upon every pound of chocolate, four-pence.

Upon every pound of candles, of tallow or wax, one penny.

Upon every pound of glue, two-pence.

Upon every pound of ſtarch and hair powder, one penny.

Upon all hulled barley, dried peas, and muſtard, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all manufactured tobacco, other than ſnuff, ſix-pence for every pound thereof.

Upon every pound of ſnuff, including the bottles, caniſter, or other package, one ſhilling.

Upon all lamp-black, cotton and wool cards, manufactured leather, paſteboards, parchment, writing, printing, wrapping and ſheathing paper, and paper hangings, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon every pair of men's and women's leathern ſhoes, two ſhillings.

Upon every pair of women's ſilken ſhoes, or ſlippers, two ſhillings and ſix-pence.

Upon every pair of women's ſtuff ſhoes or ſlippers, one ſhilling.

Upon every pair of boots, five ſhillings.

Upon every ſaddle, for men's or women's uſe, twelve ſhillings and ſix-pence.

Upon every ounce of wrought gold, twenty ſhillings.

Upon every ounce of wrought ſilver, two ſhillings.

Upon all utenſils and veſſels of pewter, tin or lead, upon all wrought copper, braſs bell-metal, and caſt iron, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all Britiſh ſteel, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all ſlit iron, nail rods, and ſheet iron, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all garments ready made, for men's or women's wear, including caſtor and wool hats, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon every beaver hat, ſeven ſhillings and ſix pence.

Upon all blank books, bound or unbound, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all tarred cordage, yarns, or fixed rigging, eight ſhillings and four-pence, for every hundred weight thereof.

Upon all white ropes, log-lines, twine and ſeines, twelve ſhillings and ſix-pence, for every hundred weight thereof.

Upon all poliſhed or cut ſtones in imitation of jewelry, chimney pieces, and tables, and other poliſhed marble; upon all cabinet and joiners work, horſe-men's whips, carriage whips, walking canes, muſical inſtruments, and inſtruments uſed in ſurveying, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all ſtone and earthen ware, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all panes, plates, veſſels and utenſils of Britiſh glaſs, two and an half per centum ad valorem.

Upon all teas imported from Europe or the Weſt-Indies, viz. upon every pound of hyſon tea, ſix-pence; upon every pound of other tea, two-pence.

Upon all rum imported in any veſſel belonging to any foreign ſtate or kingdom, ſix-pence for every gallon thereof, and the like ſum upon all rum imported into this ſtate by land or water, from any of the United States, except it ſhould be made appear by the oath of the exporter, certified by the collector of the port from whence it may be laſt ſhipped, that it was diſtilled in the ſtate from whence it be imported, or that it has been imported into that ſtate by veſſels belonging to the United States.

Upon all wines and fruit being the growth of the kingdom of Portugal, or of the territories thereunto belonging, viz. upon all wines, one ſhilling, for every gallon thereof; upon every box of Lemons, five ſhillings; upon every hundred weight of raiſins, or other fruit, ſeven ſhillings and ſix-pence; the ſaid duties to continue ſo long as the flour of America, is prohibited from being imported into the kingdom and territories aforeſaid.

Upon every ton of ſhipping, belonging in whole or in part to any foreign nation or ſtate whatever, except ſuch as the honorable the Congreſs of the United States have entered into treaties of commerce with, ſeven ſhillings and ſixpence for every ton thereof, carpenter's meaſure, for each and every voyage.

Upon all ready made ſails, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all teſtaments, pſalters, ſpelling-books and primers, in the Engliſh and German languages; upon all romances, novels and plays, fifteen per centum ad valorem.

Upon all horn and tortoiſe ſhell combs, five per centum ad valorem.

Upon all ſaddle trees, ten per centum ad valorem.

Upon all linens made of flax, two and an half per centum ad valorem.

And the ſame impoſts and every of them, ſhall become due and payable to the commonwealth in manner as is herein before ſpecified and directed, from and after the firſt day of the year one thouſand ſeven hundred eighty and ſix.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That all tin in pigs, and tinned plates, lead, pewter, braſs, copper, in pigs and in plates, cocoa, molaſſes, ſheep's wool, cotton wool, hemp, flax, all dying woods and dying drugs, whale oil and other fiſh oil, ſkins and hides, ſhall be from and after the paſſing of this act, exonerated and diſcharged of all impoſt and duty upon the importation of them, or any of them, from any place whatſoever; and that the hundred weight herein before-mentioned, ſhall be deemed to be one hundred avoirdupois, containing one hundred and twelve pounds.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That a ſeparate account ſhall be kept of the product and amount of the revenue which ſhall become payable to the Commonwealth, out of and from the additional impoſts declared and enacted by this act, and the ſame ſhall be rendered to the Comptroller General of this State, and to the General Aſſembly and the Preſident or Vice-Preſident in Council, in like manner as the former impoſt laws have directed concerning the former impoſt revenue.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That an additional impoſt of five per Centum ad valorem in like manner as is herein before directed, ſhall be levied collected and paid to the uſe of this Commonwealth, on the importation into this ſtate by land or by water, of all foreign manufactures of refined iron, or of refined iron and ſteel, or of ſteel, not otherwiſe eſpecially rated and charged in and by this act, except wire, files, tinned plates, Dutch and German ſcythes and cutting knives: And an impoſt in like manner of ſeven and an half per centum, ad valorem, on all foreign made carpenters work, blocks for ſhipping, and ſheeves for ſhip uſe, and upon all foreign leathers, as well tawed as tanned leather, not otherwiſe herein before rated and charged, and upon all turners work, and turners wares, and that the Collector of the port of Philadelphia, ſhall be reſponſible for the ſame, and ſhall pay over the monies which ſhall come to his hands therefrom, to the treaſurer of this Commonwealth, and that he ſhall account for the ſame in like manner, and to like effect as is provided by law, concerning the former impoſt revenue of this ſtate.

Signed by order of the Houſe,
JOHN BAYARD, SPEAKER.

Enacted into a law at Philadelphia, on Tueſday the twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five.
SAMUEL BRYAN, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of PARSONS LUMMIS, Inſolvent Debtor, now confined in the goal of Cumberland, and ſtate of New-Jerſey, that they be and appear before two or more of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, at the Court-Houſe in Bridgetown, in the county aforeſaid, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of October next, at Two o'clock of ſaid day, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of ſaid debtor's eſtate ſhould not be made, and he diſcharged from his confinement, purſuant to an act of General Aſſembly in ſuch caſe made and provided.

Bridgetown, Sept. 17, 1785. PARSONS LUMMIS.

Agreeable to An ACT of Aſſembly, paſſed the 13th inſt.

Will be SOLD by public Auction,

On THURSDAY, the 20th day of October next, at five o'clock in the evening, at the Old COFFEE-HOUSE,

Nine very valuable Lots of Ground,

SITUATE the ſouth-weſt corner of Market and Third-ſtreets, on which the Old Goal and Work-houſe formerly ſtood.

One fourth of the Purchaſe Money muſt be paid within ten days after the day of ſale, the remainder in eighteen months, giving ſecurity, with lawful intereſt. A plan of ſaid lots may be ſeen at the Coffee-Houſe, where attendance will be given by the County Commiſſioners. By Order of the Board,

Philad. Sept. 26, 1785. GEORGE HONEY, jun. Clerk.

Philadelphia, September 20, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, That by virtue of an act of Aſſembly, paſſed the 18th day of December, 1780. entituled, An Act to ſettle and adjuſt the accounts of the troops of this ſtate, in the ſervice of the United States, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned, and divers other acts of the Legiſlature; and alſo purſuant to directions given the ſubſcribers by the Supreme Executive Council of the ſtate of Pennſylvania; on the 21ſt day of November next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Pennſylvania Coffee-houſe, in Philadelphia, will begin the ſale of 100 lots of land, part of the tract of land appropriated for the redemption of the depreciation certificates, and to continue from day to day till the whole ſhall be ſold.

The lands are ſituate in the diſtrict of Daniel Leet, No. 2, beginning about 9 miles below Fort Pitt, on the weſt ſide of the river Ohio, and extending down the ſaid river, near to the mouth of Big Beaver Creek, in the vicinity of Fort M'Intoſh, diſtant about 30 miles from Fort Pitt, and running up the ſaid creek about 7 miles, including ſeveral of its branches, the ſeveral mouths of Big and Little Sewickley, Log's-Town Run, Crow's-Town Run, and its branches, and Dutchman's Run.---In general theſe lands are extremely fertile, and well calculated for mills, iron-works, grazing and other farms. For a more particular deſcription whereof, the public are referred to a map now fixed up in the Coffee-houſe, made out by the ſaid Daniel Leet, to which is annexed his deſcription of ſaid lands.

The payments to be made in gold or ſilver, or in the certificates aforeſaid, one half of the conſideration to be paid in five days from the ſale, the other half in 15 days more, or the ſale to be void. The Surveyor's fees (and other office fees agreeable to law) to be diſcharged at the ſame time the purchaſe money ſhall be paid.

JOHN LUKENS, Surv. Gen.
DAVID KENNEDY, Sec. L. O.
FRANCIS JOHNSTON, R. G.

tbc.

Philadelphia, September 27, 1785.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public SALE, at the Old COFFEE-HOUSE, in the city of Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 8th day of October next, at ſix o'clock in the evening, a certain two ſtory frame Houſe, brick Kitchen, and Lot or Piece of Ground thereunto belonging, containing about 5 acres and 156 perches, ſituate, lying and being in the town ſhip of Moyamenſing, adjoining or nigh Second-ſtreet, on the north ſide thereof; bounded by land formerly of Joſeph Morris, Iſaac Griffitts and others; the ſituation is very pleaſant for a gentleman's country ſeat, or a perſon who would attend market, being about two miles from the Court-houſe. Taken in execution as the eſtate late of Joſeph Hatterſhy, by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th November next, at the town of Dover, in the Delaware ſtate,

A TRACT of LAND, in Duck Creek Hundred, in the county of Kent, in the ſaid ſtate, containing 330 acres or thereabouts, and adjoining lands of Mr. Edward Tilghman, jun. and Mr. Samuel Griffin; it conſiſts moſtly of wood, is well timbered, and convenient to a good landing, ſeveral mills, and places of worſhip. The terms of payment will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, giving ſecurity.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

THAT valuable PLANTATION, FRIEDENSTHAL, on the Buſh kill, in the Forks of Delaware, 6 miles from Eaſton, and two from Nazareth, on the road from Eaſton to the Wind Gap, containing about 700 acres; there is on the premiſes a griſt-mill, with two pair of ſtones and ſtone walls, on a never failing ſtream, a two ſtory log dwelling-houſe, log ſtables and a large barn, with ſtables built of ſtone, two orchards, upwards of 100 acres cleared plow land, and about 40 acres good meadows, ſufficient to keep a large ſtock of cattle. On paying one third of the purchaſe money, time will be given to pay the remainder. For further particulars, enquire at the Taverns at Bethlehem and Lehi.

N. B. If this plantation is not ſold before the firſt of January next, it will be rented out for ſome years. ¶ 4 w.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Straſburg townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the night of the 13th inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant Man, named JOHN KELLY, (but it is very probable he may change his name) about 20 or 21 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, black hair and a little curly, grey eyes, thin faced and ſomewhat freckled, pretty likely and well ſet: Had on and took with him a walnut brown ſailors jacket, with a turned down collar, an under jacket of the ſame colour, a brown jacket with blue backs, a half-worn pretty large wool hat, a new flax ſhirt and hemp trowſers, a pair tow ditto, and an old ſhirt, new ſhoes with old buckles:----Alſo was ſtolen the ſame night, a likely bay MARE, 3 years old laſt ſpring, about 14 or 15 hands high, never ſhod, trots all, carries midling well, black mane and tail, her tail not very long, midling thin in fleſh; a blind halter was alſo taken, with I. F. in red letters in the blind, but 'tis not ſuppoſed he will ride far till he changes.

Any perſon ſecuring ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or Ten Dollars for the mare, and Six for the thief, with reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN FERREE.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed ſaid ſervant ſtole the Mare. If taken in or near Philadelphia, apply to David Deſhler, in Market-ſtreet.

September 14, 1785. §

York-Town, Sept. 24, 1785.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A HOUSE and half a LOT of GROUND, ſituate, lying and being on the ſouth ſide of High-ſtreet, near the centre ſquare, in the town of York aforeſaid, occupied by the ſubſcriber, who for many years kept his ſtore in it, and is ſuitable for any other buſineſs public or private. The houſe is two ſtories high, with a good cellar under it; there is a good brick kitchen, and a pump of good water at the door. Alſo a tract of 20 acres or more of patented land, adjoining York-Town commons, whereon is erected a log dwelling-houſe, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, a new compleat Swiſſier barn, with good ſtables, a bearing apple orchard, and about 8 acres of watered meadow fit for the ſcythe. If the above premiſes ſhould not be ſold before the firſt day of November next, they will be rented. For terms or other particulars, apply to † MICHAEL SWOOPE.

ST. JOHN's *(Antigua) Auguſt* 26.

After a very unfavourable looking evening, on Wedneſday night about ten o'clock it began to blow a gale of wind from the north-eaſt, which became very violent about twelve, and continued ſo with a little abatement until morning. The veſſels in the harbour rode out the gale tolerably well, except an American brig and ſome ſmall craft which went on ſhore. Three of the latter (droughers) were totaly loſt, viz. a ſloop belonging to Mr. John Smith, coming round from Willoughby Bay with ſugar, went on ſhore on the Hawks-Bill and bilged. A ſloop belonging to Mr. William Smith went to pieces, and another belonging to Mr. Michael Pratt, with no hands on board, drove to ſea and overſet. We have not heard of any lives loſt. Many trees were torn up by the roots, others rent almoſt to pieces; a great deal of damage is done to the ſtand-over canes, and a large quantity of Indian corn, which was nearly ready to reap, is quite deſtroyed. Fortunately the enſuing crop was very backward, by which means it has ſuſtained no very material injury. The ſky ſtill wears a gloomy and unſettled aſpect, and we fear that all is not yet over.

Auguſt 31. On Wedneſday laſt, towards evening, a lowering ſky and perturbed atmoſphere gave alarming indications of a threatening ſtorm. From between ten and eleven at night, till five or ſix in the morning, ſhort lulled intervals excepted, the tempeſt was truly terrific. It has blown down many of our town fences, torn in pieces limbs of trees, expoſed bruſh-wood, and uncovered ſome old unſheltered houſes, but has by no means been ſo calamitous in its effects to the inhabitants of this iſland as was generally dreaded at the beginning of the gale.

Some of our droughers and other ſmall craft are loſt, others drove aſhore, and a good deal of damage done to the buildings and mills of ſome, particularly mountainous eſtates, as well as pieces of corn near maturity of growth, but nothing to throw us under deep dejection or woeful countenances.

From what our readers will ſee by way of extract from the St. Kitt's paper of Saturday laſt, that iſland has ſuffered much more than this; what has been the fate of the other iſlands in our vicinity we have not yet heard. Some of our cabbage-headed prognoſticators ſay the ſtorm is not all over, but a Theban-Hall ſoothſayer ſays we may open our windows and ſing Te Deum.

The ſchooner -------, Capt. Spencer, belonging to Mr. Kerr, we hear, is aſhore at Nevis.

We hear the brig Hansford put out to ſea from Montſerrat, but has not yet been heard of, though we wope ſoon to give good accounts of her.

The pilot-poat belonging to Moſes Blake, drove from Johnſon's Point, with three boy on board, was ſpoke on Friday laſt by the ſloop Fox, on board of which was Mr. George Reid, who ſupplied her with ſome proviſions.

Sept. 2. From the appearance of the weather after the late gale of wind until Tueſday morning, very great apprehenſions were entertained by moſt people that we ſhould be viſited with another ſtorm; eſpecially as the dreadful hurricane of 1772 was preceded by threatenings very ſimilar. The wind yeſterday and to-day has been very variable, and both days remarkably ſultry.

A ſmall ſchooner belonging to this port, commanded by Capt. Dapwell, and which was out in the gale, ſince put into St. Bartholomew's. Several veſſels in the harbour of that iſland ran on ſhore, and a brig, a ſchooner and a ſloop were loſt. An elegant houſe lately erected for the Swediſh Governor was blown down, and a great deal of damage was done in the country. From Dominica we hear, that the government ſloop was run on ſhore with four ſmall craft, and were all loſt; the veſſel which brings the account was at a diſtant part from the capital (Roſſeau) and does not ſpeak very particularly as to theſe circumſtances, or of the loſs ſuſtained in the buildings and plantations.

BASSETERRE *(St. Kitts) Auguſt* 27.

On the 24th inſt. commenced one of the moſt ſevere gales of wind, or rather hurricane, we have experienced ſince the fatal one of 1772. The weather for ſome days before had been extremely ſultry; the apparent proximity of the neighbouring iſlands, together with the luminous appearance of the ſky on the evening before, were but too certain ſigns of an approaching gale: About half an hour after eleven at night it began to blow from the north-eaſt, and continued increaſing till half after four, when it ſuddenly ſhifted to the ſouth-eaſt, and from five to ſeven it blew with redoubled fury; the damage we have ſuſtained in town is but trifling, only a few old houſes being tumbled down, and moſt of the fences blown away; the country, from what we are informed, has ſuffered conſiderably, but we have not been able to collect the particulars, further than that the eſtate of Anthony Somerſall, ſen. Eſq; in the pariſh of Saint Ann, Sandy Point, has been deprived of all the buildings, except the dwelling-houſe. The dwelling-houſe of John St. Ledger Douglaſs, Eſq; in the pariſh of Saint Peter, Baſſeterre, is partly unrooſed, many other eſtates have ſuffered, but as we have not been able to collect the particulars, we muſt defer it till our next.

At the time the gale commenced, there were only ſix ſail of veſſels in the road, who all put to ſea.

The Spooner, Capt. Loran, ſince drove on ſhore and loſt, crew and cargoe ſaved. The Thomas, Capt. Furber, gone aſhore, cargoe and crew ſaved. The brig Venus, Capt. Clarkſon; Mr. Priddie's ſchooner Hazard, Capt. Gaddever; Meſſrs. Stack and M'Namara's ſchooner Jane, Capt. Lodwick, were drove out and not ſince heard of. Mr. Tyſon's ſchooner Betſey, Capt. Ridſtrum, is aſhore below Old Road.

We have juſt been informed from Deep Bay, that five veſſels are run on ſhore and loſt there, three of which are the property of Mrs. Woods and Capt. Richard Baſden, one of Mr. Patrick Burke's, and the other of Mr. Forbes; and that the houſes and eſtates in that pariſh have ſuffered conſiderably.

As far as we can judge, by the injury the canes have ſuffered in this pariſh, we may venture to aſſert, that one half of the next year's crop is loſt, the forward pieces are entirely ruined, and the young ſprouts ſo whipped and twiſted, that they will not recover, even by moderate and ſeaſonable weather, ſo as to make near as much ſugar as was expected from them a few days ago.

SAVANNAH (Georgia) Sept. 15.

Monday next, the 19th inſtant, is appointed by the commiſſioners to meet and treat with the Indians at Galphin's-town, on Great Ogechee river.

Laſt Friday put into Tybee (having loſt two anchors off Charleſton bar the day before) the brig Sally, Captain Stevens, from Cape-Francois, with brandy and taffia.

A brig lately arrived from the Havanna at St. Auguſtine with a large number of dollars for the garriſon, and more were expected ſoon.

BALTIMORE, *September* 30.

On Monday Evening laſt, the REPRESENTATIVES choſen by the reſpective MANUFACTURING and MECHANIC BRANCHES, agreeable to the Reſolves of a former General Meeting, as mentioned in our journal of the 20th inſtant, aſſembled in the Room over the Market-Houſe in this Town, to take into Conſideration the declining ſtate of TRADE and MANUFACTURES, where, after chooſing a Chairman, and being unanimouſly of Opinion that ſomething ſhould be immediately done for obtaining Relief from the Grievances generally complained of, a Committee of Correſpondence was appointed to anſwer the Circular Letter, received from Boſton, and to tranſmit the ſame, with our Concurrence therewith, to the different Towns of this State; and to do all ſuch other Matters, which the Aſſociation may, from Time to Time, reſolve as neceſſary to promote the great and important Ends in view. The Aſſociation having gone through the above Buſineſs, adjourned to 5 o'Clock this Evening, to meet at Mr. Page's, in Cay-Street.

NEWBURY-PORT, Sept. 21.

We hear from Rowley, that in the ſtorm laſt Thurſday night, a barn belonging to Mr. Johnſon of that place took fire by the lightning, and was entirely conſumed.---The ſame night another barn was conſumed at Saliſbury-Plains, belonging to a widow Purington.

NEW-LONDON, *September* 23.

On Tueſday, the 20th Inſtant arrived the ſchooner ---------, William Leeds, from Turk's Iſland; who, off Saba, on the 26th ult. met a violent hurricane, which carried away his main maſt; after the gale he ſaw ſeveral veſſels diſmaſted, and took up a negroe who had been 12 hours on a plank, the veſſel to which he belonged was a Bermuda ſloop that foundered, and every perſon but himſelf periſhed.------Captain Leeds farther adviſes that St. Euſtatia, Saba, and St. Croix, ſuffered greatly, the latter having not a houſe ſtanding.

PROVIDENCE, *September* 24.

On Sunday laſt a Brig arrived at Newport from Guadaloupe, the Maſter of which informs, that on the 26th ult. there was a ſevere hurricane among the Windward Iſlands, and much damage done, but that at Guadaloupe no veſſels were loſt; four were ſtove to pieces at St. Bartholomew, one of which belonged to Boſton.

NEW-YORK, *September* 30.

The Independency of the United States of America is in no one inſtance, perhaps, a greater bleſſing to the world, than in its being the aſſylum whither the indigent and oppreſſed, whom the lawleſs hand of European deſpotiſm would *cruſh to the earth*, can find ſuccour and protection, and join in *common* fellowſhip in a country,

Where happy millions their own fields poſſeſs,
No tyrant awes them, and no lords oppreſs.

Congreſs having taken into conſideration a letter of the 24th Dec. 1784, from the Governor of Connecticut, relative to claims of ſettlers at Wyoming, with a copy of a memorial of ſundry inhabitants of Wyoming, and a copy of the proceedings of the legiſlature of Connecticut relative thereto, came to the following reſolution:

Whereas the petition of Zebulun Butler and others, claiming private right of ſoil under the ſtate of Connecticut, and within the juriſdiction of the commonwealth of Pennſylvania, doth not deſcribe with ſufficient certainty, the tract of land claimed by the ſaid Zebulun Butler and others, nor particularly name the private adverſe claims under grants from the commonwealth of Pennſylvania;

Reſolved, That the reſolutions of Congreſs of the 23d day of January 1784, relative to the claim of Zebulun Butler and others, be and hereby are repealed.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, to his friend in Boſton, dated July 1, 1785.

"Mr.--------- accompanied Mr. Adams to the King's Levee, after the levee was over, Mr. Adams, according to etiquette, was introduced to the King's cloſet, where, as is uſual for foreign miniſters, he made a ſpeech to his Majeſty, in performing which he was ſomewhat affected, and when he had finiſhed, the King ſaid,

SIR,

"The whole of this buſineſs is ſo extraordinary, that the feelings you diſcover on the occaſion appear to me to be juſt and proper. I wiſh, ſir, to be clearly underſtood, before I reply to the obliging ſentiments you have expreſſed in behalf of the United States of America. I am, you may well ſuppoſe, ſir, the laſt perſon in England that conſented to the diſmemberment of the empire, by the independence of the new ſtates; and while the war was continued, I thought it due to my ſubjects to proſecute that war to the utmoſt: But, ſir, I have conſented to their independence, and it is ratified by treaty, and I now receive you as their miniſter plenipotentiary; and every attention, reſpect, and protection granted to other plenipotetiaries, you ſhall receive at this court----And ſir, as I was the laſt perſon that conſented to the independence of the United States, ſo I will be the laſt perſon to diſturb, or in any manner infringe, upon their ſovereign independent rights---And I hope and truſt that from blood, religion, manners, habits of intercourſe, and almoſt every other conſideration, that the two nations will continue for ages in friendſhip and confidence with each other.

While many of the ſtates in the union are forming ſocieties for encouraging agriculture, we have to lament, that neither the legiſlature, nor any ſelect body of men, in this ſtate, have turned their attention to ſo uſeful an inſtitution.

Oct. 1. On Thurſday evening arrived in this city from Philadelphia, William Temple Franklin, Eſquire. This gentleman lately arrived from France with his grand-father, Dr. Franklin, with whom he has been for many years paſt conſtantly employed in the ſervice of the United States.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 5.

We learn, by a private letter to a gentleman in this city, that General WAYNE was to ſail from Charleſton in a few days after Capt. Strong left that place, for Philadelphia, on his way to Cheſter County.

On Tueſday evening, the 27th ult. a ſpecial meeting of the American Philoſophical Society being held at the Univerſity, their venerable *Preſident* was pleaſed, at their requeſt, to favour them with his preſence; when the following Addreſs was delivered by the Honorable Chief Juſtice M'Kean.

To the Hon. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, *Eſq*; L. L. D. &c.

SIR,

IT is with peculiar pleaſure that the *American Philoſophical Society* addreſs you on this occaſion.

The high conſideration and eſteem in which we hold your character ſo intimately combine with our regard for the public welfare, that we participate eminently in the general ſatisfaction which your return to America produces.

We bid you welcome to your native country, for which you have done the moſt eſſential ſervices:-----And we welcome you to this Chair, your occupying of which, as *Preſident*, adds to our inſtitution much luſtre in the eyes of the world.

Sir, it reflects honor on *Philoſophy*, when one diſtinguiſhed by his deep inveſtigations, and many valuable improvements in it, is known to be equally diſtinguiſhed for his philanthropy, patriotiſm, and liberal attachment to the rights of human nature.

We know the favourable influence that freedom has upon the growth of ſciences and arts. We derive encouragement and extraordinary felicity from an aſſemblage of recent memorable events.---

And, while we boaſt in a moſt pleaſing equality premanently aſcertained; and that independence which you had ſo great a ſhare in eſtabliſhing; we have reaſon to expect, that this ſociety will proceed with an increaſing ſucceſs, to conduct the important buſineſs for which they originally aſſociated.

The PRESIDENT's ANSWER.

GENTLEMEN,

THE great honor done me by this ſociety, in chooſing me ſo many years ſucceſſively their Preſident, notwithſtanding my abſence in Europe, and the very kind welcome they are pleaſed to give me on my return, demand my moſt grateful acknowledgments; which I beg they would be pleaſed to accept, with my warmeſt wiſhes of ſucceſs to their laudable endeavours for the promoting of uſeful knowledge among us, to which I ſhall be happy if I can in any degree contribute."

Wedneſday morning laſt, about one o'clock, a fire broke out in the cellar of the houſe next to the City Vendue-ſtore, but was happily extinguiſhed, not, however, before about forty pounds worth of painter's colours, &c. were deſtroyed.

On Monday the 26th ult. the Freeholders of Upper Dock Ward held an election for the choice of a Magiſtrate, in the room of Benjamin Paſchall, Eſq; deceaſed, when the Honorable Edward Shippen, Eſq; Preſident of the Court of Common Pleas for the city and county of Philadelphia, was choſen.

Monday laſt arrived here the ſloop Delaware, Captain Warner, from Turks Iſland; on the 24th ultr lat. 36:30, in 25 fathoms water, in a violent gale of wind at N. E. about 9 A. M. the ſloop was laid on her beam ends, and ſhifted her hold, but by cutting away her maſt, they got her righted about 7 in the evening, having loſt every thing off the deck, and all her water ſtove, they were reduced to the greateſt diſtreſs. The Tueſday following they ſpoke the ſloop Nancy, Capt. Welſh, from New-York for Charleſton, who had rode out the gale under Cape May, from whom they got ſome ſupplies, but no water; the next day they went aſhore at Currituck, to get ſupplies, but the gale had been ſo ſevere there, that the ſea had made a breach into the Sound, and laid the country under water for two or three miles, waſhed away many houſes, together with almoſt all their cattle and ground ſtock; many of the inhabitants were obliged to ſecure themſelves in trees, ſeveral lives were loſt, and the ſhore for ſome miles was covered with drowned cattle, houſhold goods, &c. A Virginia built ſloop was drove aſhore in the gale, without any perſon on board, ſhe neither had ſails, ſpars or cargoe. On the 29th, off Cape Henry, ſpoke a ſloop, Capt. Pettis, from Providence, Rhode Iſland, for Baltimore, from whom they got a ſupply of water and other neceſſaries; the Captain informed them he had that day ſeen a ſchooner, of about 80 tons burthen, bottom upwards. Laſt Friday ſpoke a ſloop, from Waſhington for this port, that had loſt her anchors and cables at Ocracoke bar; and on Saturday they met with a New-England ſchooner, who kindly took them in tow for upwards of 30 miles, till they got within our capes; they did not learn the Captain's name, but acknowledge the kindneſs with gratitude.

Captain Griffin, who arrived here on Saturday laſt, from Barbados, brought in with him the Captain and Crew of a Dutch ſhip, bound from this port for Virginia, in ballaſt, but unfortunately overſet in the above gale.

Thurſday laſt, the ſhip Philadelphia, Capt. Strong, arrived here from Charleſton. On Saturday, the 24th ult. in ſounding off Chincoteague, he met with a violent gale of wind, which he ſuppoſes muſt have been fatal to veſſels on the coaſt, having, after the gale abated, diſcovered ſeveral pieces of wrecks, particularly part of a ſloop, which he imagines was Bermudian built.

On the 23d September, in lat. 37. 13. Capt. Strong ſpoke with the brig --------, Capt. Bennet, from New Providence, bound to the Cheſapeak; and on the 25th he ſpoke the brig --------, Capt. Smith, from St. Thomas's, bound to Rhode-Island.

Monday evening, the 26th ult. DOCTOR FRANKLIN attended the meeting of the *Union Fire Company*, which he himſelf founded and eſtabliſhed in this city, in the year 1736. There are only four perſons now living of thoſe who compoſed it at its firſt formation. The preſent members, who are chiefly deſcendants of his colleagues in that inſtitution, conceived themſelves greatly honored and were highly gratified with this venerable gentleman's preſence and attention. He ſigned the new articles, and ſaid he would have his buckets, &c. in good order by the next meeting.

Extract of a letter from Reading (Berks county) Sept 24, 1785.

"Our borough has celebrated the happy arrival of our great patriot Doctor Franklin; firing of cannon, ringing of bells, and every other demonſtration of reverence and reſpect was ſhewn by every citizen, to this great genius; and on Sunday following, the Reverend Mr. Wildbahn, the Lutheran German Miniſter, preached a ſermon ſuitable to the purpoſe, to a numerous audience."

We learn from St. Croix, that a moſt tremendous hurricane began at 12 o'clock on Thurſday the 25th of Auguſt, and continued about ſix hours, and either ſunk or drove aſhore every veſſel in the port. Several large Daniſh veſſels with full cargoes were ſunk, and many diſmaſted--and there are little expectations of getting off but few of thoſe forced on ſhore. Very conſiderable damage has been ſuſtained both in the town and country, as a great number of houſes have been blown down and levelled with the ground, and ſeveral plantations ſtripped of their crops, &c.

Captain Glover of this port arrived at St. Croix from 'Statia the day before the hurricane happened, and his veſſel was aſhore on her beam ends. His cargoe, which was chiefly flour, will be ſaved, though ſome part of it was damaged. The veſſel, in all probability, will be loſt.

Extract of a letter from St. Croix, Auguſt 31, 1785.

"On Thurſday laſt we had a moſt ſhocking hurricane. It began at nine o'clock, and continued till eight in the evening. That of 1772 did not equal this: The difference was, that we had daylight. By two o'clock the veſſels at Baſſendtown were on ſhore, except two ſmall craft, which ſunk in the harbour.

"Such deſtruction of the country was never known. Scarce a building ſtanding from eaſt to weſt end. Baſſendtown did not ſuffer ſo much in the buildings as the country and Weſt-end-town.--We had only two ſhips at Weſt-end; they put out; I am greatly afraid both are loſt, one belonging to Philadelphia, Capt. Nuttle, the other a Daniſh ſhip. We are all in the utmoſt diſtreſs. Our Government have iſſued a proclamation giving liberty for all veſſels to bring in lumber and building materials, with flour, bread, peaſe, beans, corn, corn meal, &c. at 3 per cent. duty until the 15th November next, and to take off country produce in payment.---This will be a good market for all thoſe articles for ſome time to come.

"My dwelling-houſe is entirely deſtroyed, and all my works in a wretched condition."

To the FREEMEN and ELECTORS of the State of PENNSYLVANIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM a native of this city, poſſeſs property, and pay taxes, but, from the operation of a cruel and unjuſt law, am diſabled from chooſing ſuch men as I am willing ſhould lay thoſe taxes on me; and, notwithſtanding I have ſigned ſeveral petitions for the repeal of that law, our Aſſembly have thought fit to continue it in all its force. One of the principal complaints againſt the Britiſh, and which afforded good grounds for our ſeparation from that nation, was a ſimilar act to enable them to raiſe a revenue from America, without her conſent, or without her being repreſented. At that time, ſuch a ſtretch of power was juſtly thought tyrannical, but we muſt undoubtedly have changed our ideas of oppreſſion, if we can tamely ſubmit to a reſtraint, that formerly armed the whole continent, and which even thoſe men, who planned, and ſtill continue the ſlavery of three fifths of this ſtate, riſqued their lives and fortunes to conteſt. We flattered ourſelves, that, as a *free* and independent ſtate, the moſt equal liberty would have prevailed, at the termination of a war carried on for the declared purpoſe of freeing us from the exerciſe of a tyrannical power; but alaſs! we are now oppreſſed by the champions of liberty, and ſee no proſpect of ſhaking off their trammels, while men without principle continue our legiſlators, who preſer the intereſt of a party to the general good. The Non-Jurors are cruelly diſabled from contributing their mite to reſtore freedom to all. On you, then, ye favoured ſons of liberty, devolves the glorious taſk of redeeming your brethren from ſlavery. As Electors of the ſtate of Pennſylvania, I call on you to reſtore me the invaluable privilege of my birth-right and of a land of liberty, of which I am tyrannically deprived. Nobly reject thoſe men as your law-makers, who have hitherto betrayed the truſt repoſed in them, and diſgraced the title of "Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the ſtate of Pennſylvania." The *Slaves* of a free ſtate look up to you for that liberty, which thouſands have died in the defence of, and for which thouſands will bleſs you, if you chooſe ſuch an Aſſembly as will reſtore it to them.

A NON-JUROR.

The propoſed method of conveying the mails in future, bids fair to be productive of a variety of advantages---of which the principal are expedition, regularity of communication, and a ſaving to the public of near 5000 guineas per annum. For the proprietors of the ſtages not only propoſe to carry the mails for one half the ſum now given to poſt-riders, but the numerous way letters which generally paſs through that channel, ſubject to no poſtage whatever, will of courſe come into the mail.

Philadelphia, October 1ſt, 1785.

Meſſrs. PRINTERS,

Your inſerting the incloſed in your next paper, will oblige your's,

A Conſtant Reader.

AT a time when the lovers of their country are congratulating themſelves and friends upon the arrival of our admired patriot and philoſopher, Dr. Franklin, and pleaſing themſelves with the hope of his reconciling all parties, and reſtoring equal liberty to the inhabitants of this ſtate, it is our duty to give him all the aſſiſtance in our power.---At the unanimous requeſt of the citizens of Philadelphia, he has conſented to allow his name to be run as Counſellor, and we flatter ourſelves he will be placed in the chair of government, to enable him to be more extenſively uſeful. But in vain will be his good intentions, unleſs he is ſupported by ſuch a legiſlative body as will be equally anxious with himſelf for the reſtoration of that equal liberty which was the baſis of the revolution. Impreſſed with this weighty truth, a reſpectable meeting of our citizens have agreed to ſupport, at the enſuing election, a ticket, in which will be fully repreſented the different intereſts of this ſtate, in which the mechanick will find a ſure friend---the merchant and public creditor Repreſentatives whoſe intereſt will be the ſame with their electors, and whoſe characters will bear the ſtricteſt inveſtigation. Certain of this, the following ticket is offered by a *Friend to equal liberty*, for the approbation of the public.

COUNSELLOR,
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.
ASSEMBLY.
ROBERT MORRIS,
JAMES IRVIN,
WILLIAM WILL,
THOMAS FITZSIMMONS,
GEORGE CLYMER.

Copy of a Proteſt delivered by Mr. Willing, on Friday, the 23d ult. to the Speaker of the Houſe of Aſſembly, againſt the act repealing the Charter of the Bank.

DISSENTIENT,

BECAUSE the preamble to the bill declares, "Whereas the Bank eſtabliſhed in the city of Philadelphia hath been found to be injurious to the welfare of this ſtate, and in its tendency appears to be incompatible with the public ſafety,"---yet no proof whatſoever hath been brought or attempted to be brought in confirmation of the aſſertion; although council learned in the law hath been formally introduced to the Houſe for this expreſs purpoſe.

2. Becauſe the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, in legiſlative form, have ſolemnly eſtabliſhed the Bank of North-America, by granting and publiſhing charters of Incorporation, with the ſtrongeſt aſſurances of permanence and ſtability, and upon the ſolemnity of theſe grants, and the faith and dignity of government, many citizens of this and the neighbouring ſtates, and alſo foreigners, in friendly alliance with us, have been induced to throw their property into ſtock, and become members of this corporation; yet the Houſe by means of their bill, in violation of theſe grants, and without proceſs of law, without even a ſuggeſtion that this inſtitution had forfeited its rights, by any malfeizance, omiſſion, or neglect, but on the grounds of bare ſpeculative opinion, or rather of mere arbitrary *dictum*, is about to diſfranchiſe and diſſolve the corporation: Forming thereby a moſt dangerous precedent, not only to all other bodies corporate, but even to the individuals of the ſtate, whoſe rights and privileges may be diveſted by a like exertion of uncontrouled power.

3. Becauſe laws paſſed in manifeſt violation of the common ſenſe of the people, as to right and juſtice, can only be ſupported by the continued exerciſe of that arbitrary power which created them: *Sic jubeo, quia ſic volo*, is a maxim of a deſpotic, not of a free government, is inconſiſtent with the ſpirit of the bill of rights, and an abuſe of that truſt, which our conſtitution hath lodged in a ſingle branch of legiſlature.

4. Becauſe we are of opinion, that when government hath formed a body corporate, defined its powers, and eſtabliſhed its rights, it hath given a political exiſtence to a being, amenable to the penalties, and therefore entitled to the protection of the laws. And that this body, ſo known to the law, and recognized by it, cannot *juſtly* be annihilated, even by the power that created it, on motives of mere caprice, perſonal conſiderations, or partial policy.

5. Becauſe, as this inſtitution was eſtabliſhed in this ſtate, in purſuance of the recommendation of Congreſs, under the title of the Bank of North-America, we conceive, that common decency requires, that a charter ſo granted ought not to be retracted without ſome previous official repreſentation to that reſpectable body, of the reaſons that ſhould juſtify ſuch a procedure, and hearing what Congreſs might further ſay in recommendation of an inſtitution they have thought of public advantage, and ſo earneſtly recommended. We conſider this omiſſion as a breach of that decorum and fœderal amity, which ought to ſubſiſt between individual ſtates and their Repreſentatives in the Council of the Empire; eſpecially in matters of general and national concern.

Richard Willing, *John Hay,*
James Ewing, *Henry Tyſon,*
Henry Miller, *Joſeph Lidy,*
Charles Humphreys, *Robert Cluggage,*
Edward Jones, *David M'Conaughy,*
Robert Raſton, *Matthew Ritchie.*
Philip Gardner,

*** *The Sons of Freeholders, who are Non-jurors, and Foreigners, are requeſted to* TAKE NOTICE—*That, by the late Election Law, they cannot be admitted to vote at the enſuing Election, without taking an Oath or Affirmation of Allegiance to the State. They are therefore requeſted to take it* before *the Day of Election, to prevent Delays and Trouble. Electors of every Deſcription are likewiſe requeſted to take Notice, That no Vote can be received, agreeably to Law, after Eight o'Clock in the Evening, at which Time the Polls for the City and County of Philadelphia muſt be cloſed. The Polls for all the other Counties of the State are to be cloſed at Seven o'Clock in the Evening.*

WE, the ſubſcribers, living in Philadelphia, heirs of Henry Roe, late of the townſhip of Glouceſter, in the county of Glouceſter, and Weſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey, farmer, deceaſed, do give this public notice to all perſons that have ſettled on land either in Eaſt or Weſt New-Jerſey, formerly belonging to the ſaid deceaſed, and not having been ſold agreeable to his will, by applying to us may be treated with for ſaid lands yet unſold, and are alſo deſired not to make any more waſte of the ſaid land after this public notice given, or they may depend upon being treated according to law.

URIAH ROE, JEMIMA ROE,
‡ JOHN ROE, HANNAH BURDEN.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, to the FREEMEN of the City and County of Philadelphia---That a GENERAL ELECTION is to be held, for the city and county aforeſaid, on TUESDAY, the 11th inſtant (October) at the State-Houſe, except the Electors of the Townſhips of Germantown, Roxborough and Briſtol, who are to hold their Election at the Union School-houſe, in Germantown, and the Judges and Inſpectors for the preſent year to be choſen as before, and the Returns to be made as uſual. The Election to be opened between the hours of ten in the morning and two in the afternoon; at which place the Electors of the city and county are to chooſe one Counſellor for the city, one Counſellor for the county, two perſons for Sheriffs, two for Coroners, and one Commiſſioner for the county, five Repreſentatives for the county, and five Repreſentatives for the city, in General Aſſembly, two Commiſſioners for the ſtreets, and two Wardens; and the Conſtables of the city and county are required to hold their elections in their reſpective wards and townſhips on Saturday, the eighth day of October inſt. to elect townſhip and ward Aſſeſſors, and Inſpectors to attend at the ſaid General Election, at the State-houſe aforeſaid, which Inſpectors, when met, are to chooſe three fit perſons for judges of election.

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, October 4, 1785.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of CHARLES LYON, mariner, formerly of the city of Philadelphia, but late of the town of Mount-holly, in New-Jerſey, deceaſed, are requeſted to make payment; and all who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, to bring in their accounts to

NATHANIEL FALCONER, acting Executor.

A Liſt of the STRAY HORSES, entered in the Ranger's book, in Bedford county.

A SMALL black MARE, 14 years old, ſome white hairs in her face, about 14 hands high.

A dark bay MARE, 11 years old, a ſmall ſtar in her face, 13 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder I C, trots all.

A bay HORSE, 13 years old, about 13 hands high, white face, one wall eye, trots all.

A ſmall ſorrel MARE, 12 years old, a ſtar in her face, ſome ſaddle marks.

A bay HORSE 8 or 9 years old, branded on the near ſhoulder A T, with a ſtar in his face, 13 hands high, trots and paces.

A bay HORSE, 10 years old, about 14 hands and an half high, paces all.

A ſorrel MARE, about 6 years old, 14 hands high, with a ſtar in her face, branded on the near buttock Q.

A black MARE, about 8 years old, 12 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder A R, a ſtar in her face, trots all.

One iron grey HORSE, about 6 years old, 14 hands and an half high, trots and paces.

A dark bay HORSE, 14 years old, a ſtar in his face, a wart on his near ſhoulder, and a rump on his near ſide, 13 hands and an half high, trots all.

A bright bay MARE, 6 years old, a ſtar in her face, ſome ſaddle marks, 14 hands high, trots and paces, branded on the near ſhoulder H, and on the off ſide of the neck H.

A dark bay MARE, branded thus Λ on the ſhoulder, buttock and neck, about 4 years old, 12 hands high, trots all.

A bright bay MARE, about 3 years old, 13 hands high, with a ſtar in her face, and two white hind feet, branded H on the near buttock.

A dark bay MARE, 7 or 8 years old, 13 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder D, and on the off buttock I B, and one bay yearling mare COLT, branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock G S.

A grey HORSE, about 15 years old, 14 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock I B, trots and paces.

A black MARE, 11 hands high, a ſtar in her face.

A cheſnut coloured MARE, 10 years old, 12 hands high, white mane and tail.

A bay MARE, about 6 years old, 10 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder, a ſtar in her face, and hip ſhot.

A ſorrel MARE, 8 years old, 12 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder C R A, blaze in her face.

A ſmall black HORSE, 7 years old, 13 hands high, a ſmall ſtar in his face, trots and paces.

A ſmall bay MARE, about 13 hands high, a ſtar in her face, branded P B a bell on, ſtamped with the letters A H M, three white feet, trots all.

A bright bay MARE, 6 years old, 13 hands and an half high, a ſnip in her face, trots all.

A bright bay MARE, about 3 years old, branded I R on the near ſhoulder, 13 hands high.

A dark bay MARE, 3 years old, 13 hands high, trots all.

A roan MARE, 5 years old, 13 hands high, the off hind foot white, trots all.

A bay HORSE, about 9 years old, a blaze in his face, 4 white feet, trots, branded on the near ſhoulder D, and on the buttock H, about 14 hands high.

A dark bay MARE, about 15 years old, 14 hands high, trots, branded on the near ſhoulder H H S.

A cheſnut coloured MARE, 3 years old, 12 hands high, trots, white mane and tail

A ſorrel MARE, 9 years old, about 11 hands high, ſpotted on both ſides, trots all.

A bay MARE, with a blaze in her face, one white hind foot, about 8 years old, 14 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder M

A cheſnut coloured MARE, about 8 years old, 13 hands and an half high, a blaze in her face, the hind feet white, branded on the near ſhoulder W, and on the hip I C, trots and paces.

A black MARE, about 5 years old, 13 hands high, branded with a ſtirrup iron, paces all.

A cheſnut coloured HORSE, about 6 years old, 14 hands high, branded O on the near ſhoulder, a little white under his right eye, paces all.

PURSUANT to an order iſſued out of the Orphan's Court, for the county of Cheſter, will be ſold at public vendue, by the Adminiſtratrix of the eſtate of John Thomas, late of the townſhip of Radnor, deceaſed, on the 22d day of October next, the ſale to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a valuable Tract, Piece or Parcel of Land, ſituate between the four townſhips of Pikeland, Whiteland, Uwchland and Charleſtown, containing 80 acres, being part of 200 acres of land, late the property of the ſaid John Thomas, deceaſed, ſituate within a certain tract, commonly called The Five Hundred, and not in any townſhip; about one half of ſaid tract is woodland very well timbered, a quantity of meadow well watered, and more may be made at a ſmall expence, a good bearing orchard, and the remainder fertile, arable land, pleaſantly ſituated for building, near two never failing ſprings of good water; ſaid tract is productive of all kinds of grain, and may be eaſily kept ſo, as there is lime kilns very near; ſaid tract is bounded by land, late of the widow Davey, other land of John Thomas, deceaſed, and land of Benjamin Jacobs; late the eſtate of the ſaid John Thomas, deceaſed, and to be ſold by MARY THOMAS, Adminiſtratrix.

N. B. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale. ‡

WAS found on the ſubſcriber's beach, on the Jerſey ſhore, oppoſite Reedy-Iſland, ſome time early laſt ſpring, and is now in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, a ſmall BOAT. The owner, proving his property to ſaid boat, and paying for advertiſing, &c. may have her again, by applying to

Sept. 18, 1785. ‡ BENJAMIN HOLME.

On *FRIDAY* next,

Preciſely at NINE o'CLOCK, at the CITY VENDUE STORE, will begin the SALE of a large and general Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

Philadelphia, October 3, 1785.

THE Owners of SCHUYLKILL POINT-MEADOWS are requeſted to meet at the COURT HOUSE, the ſecond Tueſday in this month, at three o'clock, in the Afternoon, in order to elect Managers and a Treaſurer for the enſuing year.

¶ 1 w DAVID SECKEL, Treaſurer.

Cheſter-Town, Sept. 23, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

On Thurſday, the 20th day of October next, at Broad-creek Ferry, Kent Iſland,

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, lying and being on ſaid iſland, in Queen Ann's county, and ſtate of Maryland, now in the tenure of Dr. Cloud Sudler, containing about 270 acres; it is ſituated on a fine navigable creek, abounding with excellent fiſh, oyſters and wild fowl in their ſeaſons. The ſituation is remarkably healthy, and the land exceedingly good, and has a ſufficient quantity of excellent timber. There are on the premiſes a brick dwelling-houſe, with three rooms on a floor in good repair, a frame kitchen, barn, ſtables, meat-houſe, and ſeveral other uſeful buildings. The purchaſer may have two years credit, on giving bond with ſecurity, and paying intereſt. Further particulars will be made known on the day of ſale, by

‡ ROBERT ANDERSON.

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue.

(If not before diſpoſed of at private Sale)

On Fourth day, the 19th day of October next, at the houſe of Buddell Shinn, in Mount-Holly,

THAT commodious brick dwelling-houſe and kitchen, where the ſubſcriber lately dwelt in Mount-Holly aforeſaid, with ſtables and improvements thereunto belonging; together with the lot of land on which ſaid improvements ſtand. The lot is commodiouſly ſituated on each ſide of White-ſtreet, in ſaid village, containing about 14 perches of land, the houſe large and roomy, and the out-houſes convenient. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe before the day of ſale, may know the terms and view the premiſes, by applying to Buddell Shinn, aforeſaid, or the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Burlington. ¶

Ninth month 28th, 1785. THOMAS RODGERS.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On Thurſday, the 13th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, lying in the townſhip of Lower Chicheſter, Cheſter county, within one quarter of a mile of Marcus-Hook, adjoining lands of John Smith, Mordecai Cloud, John Power, Samuel Price and Robert Robinſon, containing about 80 or 90 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; alſo ſome ſtock. Conditions will be made known, and attendance given on the day of ſale, by

Sept. 27, 1785 † JOHN CLOUD.

Upper Merion townſhip, Montgomery county, Sept. 29, 1785.

ALL perſons to whom the eſtate of JOHN RICHARDS, late of Radnor townſhip, deceaſed, is juſtly indebted, are hereby requeſted to produce ſpeedily their accounts to the ſubſcriber, that they may be ſettled. And alſo all who are indebted to the eſtate, by bond, note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make payment to him, on or before the firſt day of November next, when he will be under the neceſſity of ſuing thoſe who fail in complying with this notice, ¶ JOHN REES, Executor.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY laſt night, the 2d inſtant, TWO Dutch ſervant MEN, the one named JOHN JACOB LAEDEL, a Shoemaker by trade, he is about 24 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has a very freſh complexion, remarkable red hair, which he wears tied, yelloviſh teeth, walks ſtraight and ſmart, ſpeaks broken Engliſh, had on when he went away, and took with him, a dark blue cloth coat, with red lining, 1 pair corduroy breeches and jacket, 2 pair nankeen breeches, 1 nankeen jacket, 1 ſpotted linen ditto with callico borders, 3 white ſhirts, 2 pair white cotton ſtockings, 1 pair grey worſted ditto, 1 pair of ſhort quartered ſhoes, with copper plated buckles, 1 round caſtor hat, bound with velvet, 1 black ſilk handkerchief, round his neck, and 1 red ſpotted linen handkerchief, which he wears round his neck at times; he alſo took with him, a compleat aſſortment of Shoemakers tools.

The other named JOHN GEORGE SHUBART, a Baker by trade, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, of a brown complexion, black hair, with a falſe tail, and grey eyes; had on when he went away, a purple coloured cloth coat, buff jacket, nankeen breeches, brown thread ſtockings, new ſhoes with large plated buckles, a new cock'd hat, and a red ſilk handkerchief round his neck; he alſo took with him, 3 ſhirts, 1 new and 2 old, 1 purple coloured jacket with ſleeves, 1 pair buff breeches and 1 pair old ſilk ſtockings. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or THREE POUNDS for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ ANDREW BOSHART,

Philad. Oct. 3 1785. CONRAD HAASS.

STRAYED away from Spring Garden, on Saturday evening, the 24th inſtant, a dark bay HORSE, about 13 hands and an half high, about 8 years old, marked on the near ſhoulder P. S. ſhod before, with one if not two white hind feet, trots and canters. Whoever ſecures the ſaid horſe and brings him to Mr. Cunningham, in Sixth-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, Philadelphia, ſhall receive a handſome reward, with reaſonable charges, paid by

Sept. 28, 1785. ‡ ALEXANDER WINNEN.

Cheſter Goal, Sept. 17, 1785.

WAS committed to this goal the 3d of September, a man, who calls himſelf NICHOLAS KELLY, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant; had on a brown ſurtout coat, a blue ſhort coat, white linen trowſers, and old ſhoes with braſs buckles. Likewiſe was committed about the ſame time, an Iriſh boy, who calls himſelf ROBERT CAMPBELL, about 13 or 14 years of age, had on a blue ſailor's jacket, check ſhirt, ſtriped trowſers, and no ſhoes. Their maſters, if any they have, are hereby deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged in three weeks from the date hereof, on paying their fees.

§ THOMAS TAYLOR, Goaler.

CAME to the place of JOHN HANNES, deceaſed, in the townſhip of Paſſyunk, on the banks of Schuylkill, a black COW, with a ſmall ſtar in her forehead. The owner, proving his property and paying charges, may take her away. ‡

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Biberry townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 3d day of May laſt, a cheſnut ſorrel MARE, with a blaze in her face, and near hind foot white, about 13 hands high. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

‡ JOSEPH KNIGHT.

State Lottery Tickets for Sale at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

East Bradford, Chester county, Sept. 11, 1785.

WHEREAS a certain JOSEPH M'CARTY, of West Bradford, hath obtained a note from me the subscriber, for the sum of Six Pounds Fifteen Shillings, dated the 16th day of August last past, for which he was to give me a case of drawers, which is not complied with, nor have I received any consideration for the same; I do hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on said note, as I am determined not to pay the same until compelled by a due course of law.

§ HANNAH KANE.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

And may be entered upon immediately, if required,

ALL that PLANTATION, formerly in the possession of Ellis Griffith, containing about 112 acres, situate in Amity township, Berks county, adjoining Mountz Jones's plantation, one mile from Schuylkill, and, on the new road, 10 from Reading. The improvements are a dwelling-house, barn, stables and other out buildings, a young orchard of about 200 apple trees of choice fruit, about 50 acres of good wheat land cleared, under good fence, 6 acres of meadow, and more may be made at a small expence, and the whole watered in the driest season; the remainder is well timbered land. For viewing the premises and knowing the terms of sale, apply to George Douglass, Esq; near the land, or for terms of sale only, to John Wilson, at Samuel Pleasant's, in Philadelphia, or to the subscriber, near Mountholly, New-Jersey, who will make a good title to the purchaser, and allow a reasonable time for payment of part of the purchase money. † 4 w. JOHN LEE.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away, from the subscribers, on the 17th of July last, two negroe Men, one named SIMON SMITH, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, a stout well built fellow, has a blemish in one eye, occasioned by the small-pox, a scar on one ankle; had on, when he went away, a corduroy under jacket, linnen shirt and trowsers. TITUS, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a stout well built fellow, he was apprehended the second of August, and put into Burlington goal, but obtained leave to go out to work, from whence he ran away September 17; he had on at that time, a check shirt, a striped worsted under jacket, linnen trowsers, a pair of short boots, and a round hat. Whoever apprehends and secures the said negroes, in any goal, so that their masters may have them again, shall receive Twelve Dollars reward, or Six Dollars for either, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by ABRAHAM VANCAMPEN, Esq; and JOHN WESBROOK, living on Delaware, in Walbec township, on Paqually creek, near the blue mountains, Suffex county, state of New-Jersey.

N. B. The said Titus has changed his name to John Hercules Smith; they both speak the Low Dutch language.

September 21, 1785. §

THE MILITIA of Philadelphia county will please to take Notice, that they are to meet and exercise under their respective Officers, on the following days, agreeable to the direction of the law, viz.

In COMPANIES on the Third and Tenth of October.

In BATTALIONS as follows.

The First Battalion, commanded by Benjamin M'Veagh, Esq; on Monday, the 17th of October.

The Second Battalion, commanded by Matthew Holgate, Esq; on Tuesday, the 18th of October.

N. B. The Companies commanded by Captains Demas Worrell and John Rush, will muster as usual with Lieutenant-Colonel M'Veagh---and Captains Robert Gray, Peter Worrell and Abraham Streaper, with Lieutenant-Colonel Matthew Jones, on Wednesday, the 19th of October.

The Troop of Light Dragoons will meet the 18th of October, at Ten o'Clock in the forenoon, at the house of WILLIAM LESHER, in Germantown, with their accoutrements compleat.

WILLIAM COATS, Lieut. Philad. County.

WANTED,

Two Lads of good character, from 12 to 15 years of age, as APPRENTICES to the

CALICO PRINTING BUSINESS.

Also, A JOURNEYMAN, qualified for the Business.

Enquire of the PRINTERS.

WHEREAS Samuel Dean, Esq; High Sheriff of the county of Bucks, and William Bennet, Esq; Coroner of said county, hath, in pursuance of warrants to them directed, made report to us, at Newtown, in said county, that they had taken the bodies, seized and secured the estates real and personal, of John Tucker, Collector of the township of Buckingham; James Armstrong, Collector of Hilltown; John Bodine, and John Edgar, Collectors of Bristol township; Lawrence Johnson, Collector of Bensalem; Robert Scott, Collector of Falls; John Keith and John Taylor, Collectors of Upper-Makefield; Michael Smith, Collector of Richland; Jacob Hartsell, Collector of Rockhill; Abner Palmer, Collector of Lower-Makefield; and the administrators of Philip Trumbower, deceased, late Collector of Millford township, for the balances due on the several duplicates sent them by the Board of Commissioners, who have not paid the amount thereof unto John Hart, Esq; County-Treasurer, agreeable to the several laws of this state.

NOTICE is therefore given, that a general meeting of the Commissioners will be held at Newtown, on the sixth day of October next ensuing, at ten o'clock, in the forenoon, when and where the said John Tucker, James Armstrong, John Bodine, John Edgar, Lawrence Johnson, Robert Scott, John Keith, John Taylor, Michael Smith, Jacob Hartsell, Abner Palmer, and the administrators of Philip Trumbower, deceased, are requested to pay the balances of their respective duplicates; otherwise warrants will be issued to empower the Sheriff to proceed to the sale of the said Collectors goods and chattels, lands and tenements, or such parts thereof as may be sufficient to discharge the said balances, with costs, &c. agreeable to law, in this case made and provided.

§ JOHN CARR,
Bucks county, ALEXANDER HUGHES, } Commissrs.
Sept. 15, 1785. JOSEPH M'ILVAINE,

THE Militia of Montgomery County, are hereby notified, that they are to meet and exercise under their respective Officers, on the following days as appointed by law, viz.

In Companies, on the 3d and 10th of October,

In Battalion in the following order,

Lieut. Col. Croll's, ditto on Monday the 17th of October,
------ Col. Richards's ditto on Tuesday the 18th ditto,
------ Col. Curry's ditto on Thursday the 20th ditto,
------ Col. Smith's ditto on Friday the 21st ditto.

The Companies of Upper and Lower Merion, will meet in Battalion on Wednesday the 19th of October, under Col. Jones, as usual.

The Troop of Horse will meet Lieut. Col. Peter Richards's Battalion on Tuesday the 18th of October, and rendezvous at the House of George Brooke, at the Trap, precisely at 9 o'clock, A. M. ABEL MORGAN, Lieutenant.

Montgomery County, Sept. 12, 1785. ¶

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of the City, Liberties and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE present Sheriff having advertised his intentions of resigning his office; the honor you have conferred by placing me on the return the two last years, induces me to solicit your favors at the ensuing Election for the Sheriff's Office, which shall be gratefully acknowledged

By the Public's humble Servant,

Philad. June 9, 1785. JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT.

To the FREEMEN and ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

INFLUENCED by the sentiments of some of my friends, I take the liberty to offer myself a candidate for the Sheriff's Office the approaching Election.

Should I be so happy as to be favoured with your suffrages, it shall be my constant care to act in such a manner as will render me not unworthy of the same. With the greatest respect and esteem, I have the honour to be,

Your most obedient and very humble servant,

JOHN ALEXANDER.

June 27, 1785. 7/6 3 w. ctf

To the ELECTORS of the CITY and COUNTY of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

MY thanks are due to you for your votes and interest at the last general Election, for the Coroner's Office; a continuance of your favors at the ensuing Election will further oblige,

GENTLEMEN,

Your friend and humble servant,

¶ JOSEPH RUSH.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber being encouraged by a number of his friends, purposes offering himself as a Candidate for the Coroner's Office at the ensuing Election, and requests your votes and interest for the same. Your friend and very humble servant,

June 30, 1785. ALEXANDER RUTHERFORD.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber purposes offering himself as a Candidate for the Coroner's Office at the ensuing Election. Should he be favored with your votes and interest, it shall be gratefully acknowledged, by your friend and humble servant.

JOHN LEACOCK.

To the FREEMEN and ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber returns thanks to his Friends for placing him upon the Return for the Coroner's Office at the last Election; and begs leave to assure them, that their Votes and Interest for the said Office at the ensuing Election, will be gratefully acknowledged by their much obliged and humble Servant,

Philad. July 12, 1785. ¶ JOHN KNIGHT.

To the FREE and INDEPENDENT ELECTORS for the County of MONTGOMERY.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE again to solicit the favour of your votes and interest at the next election for the office of Sheriff; the honour already conferred on me by you in this respect I retain a grateful sense of, and hope to experience the like confidence and mark of esteem at the ensuing election; should I be so happy as to meet with your approbation, have only to assure you, that my endeavours shall not be wanting to merit your choice, by a faithful and due execution of the office, and my gratitude will be equaled only by my zeal to serve you. I am, with respect,

Your obliged friend,

ZEBULON POTTS.

Plymouth township, Sept. 1, 1785.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of MONTGOMERY County.

GENTLEMEN,

THE particular honour you have conferred on me, by placing me on the return for Sheriff at the late general Election, lays me under the sincerest obligations, and induces me to take the liberty to solicit the favour of your further suffrages and interest at the ensuing Election, by continuing me on the return with the present Sheriff; which favour will be acknowledged with gratitude by

GENTLEMEN,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

Douglass township, Sept. 1. FRANCIS SWAIN.

To the FREE and INDEPENDENT ELECTORS of the County of BUCKS.

GENTLEMEN,

AS the present Sheriff's time of office will expire at the ensuing election, being encouraged by a great number of you, my fellow inhabitants of the county aforesaid, I beg leave to offer myself a Candidate at the said Election, to succeed him as Sheriff; should you think me worthy of your votes and Interest, which are hereby most respectfully solicited, you may rest assured of the strictest attention to the duties of the office, as well as of the most grateful remembrance of the favour, by,

Gentlemen, your most obedient and humble Servant,

September 23, 1785. JAMES GREGG.

Tredyffrin, Chester county, Sept. 10, 1785.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by my friends, I purpose offering myself a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the expiration of the present Sheriff's time. Should I be so happy as to be favoured with your suffrages, and be placed on the return this year, the favor shall be acknowledged,

By your obedient humble servant,

§ JOHN DAVIS.

Montgomery County, Sept. 12, 1785.

TO THE PUBLIC,

ALL those who are in arrears for Excise are requested immediately to discharge the same. Such as neglect this notice after the first of October, will be proceeded against according to law, without further notice. All distillers it is expected will make entry with the Collector of Excise of their stills and number of gallons they contain without delay.

§ JACOB AULD, Collector.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Lower Merion township, Montgomery county, on the 26th day of August, a brindle COW, with some white in her forehead, and under her belly, branded on the horns, and has a Calf by her side. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away. † JOHN TAYLOR.

JOHN ELLIOTT, jun.

In Front-street, between Chesnut and Walnut-streets, hath for SALE, a general Assortment of

DRUGS and MEDICINES,
PAINTERS COLOURS, OIL and BRUSHES,
WINDOW GLASS, SPECTACLES, &c.

And has lately imported, a large Quantity of

LOOKING GLASSES, in plain Mahogany Frames.

He also supplies People with new Glasses to their old Frames, and Quicksilvers old Glasses. †

THE Gentlemen who compose the Chester County Troop of Militia Light-Horse, are hereby requested to meet at the house of John Scott, at the United States, East Whiteland township, Chester county on SATURDAY, the 8th of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, properly equipt, and with their arms and accoutrements in good order. And all persons enrolled therein, who have neglected to furnish themselves with the necessary equipments required by law, are hereby notified, that their places shall be deemed vacant, and given to such as may then apply and engage to provide themselves as aforesaid. SAMUEL VANLEER, Captain.

September 16, 1785. ‡

LANDS FOR SALE,

Elk Ridge, Anne Arundle county, state of Maryland, October 10, 1785. Will be offered at PUBLIC SALE, at Mr. Patrick Baxter's Tavern, on the premises,

SIX HUNDRED and ONE ACRES of LAND, part of a tract called Frieburn's Progress; 90 acres of as good meadow ground as any in the state, 50 in mowable timothy and good order, a TAVERN which now rents for 30 l. per annum, situate at the Cross Roads, one leading from Frederick-town to Elk Ridge Landing and Annapolis; the other from Montgomery to Ellicott's Lower Mills and Baltimore town. There is at said Tavern, two dwelling-houses, a kitchen, stable, and an excellent well of water near the door, being part of the above tract; containing 17¾ acres. There is on the above tract, two compleat FARMS, with dwelling-houses, kitchens, barns and other necessary houses. This land lies about 2 miles from Ellicott's Lower Mills, 13 from Baltimore town, and 9 from Elk Ridge Landing. An indisputable title will be given, and a plot thereof may be seen, by applying to the subscribers, living on the premises, and the terms made known on the day of sale, by

August 2, 1785. † 6 w. HENRY OWING,
NATHANIEL OWING.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On TUESDAY, the 25th of October next, on the Premises, the whole of the subscriber's estate in Chester county,

CONSISTING of a FORGE, well constructed and in good order, situate in the township of West-Nantmill, on a large branch of the Brandywine, with high advantage of fall and seat: Is distant from Warwick furnace 6 miles. A sufficient quantity of coal in stock to last until June, with every other necessary stock provided, and the whole in a proper train of business. This forge is more advantageously situated for getting wood convenient and at a cheaper rate, than any other works in the lower parts of this state. With the forge will be sold a Plantation, containing 264 acres, 100 are cleared and under good fence, 15 acres of choice meadow already made, and as much more may be made, the remainder well timbered. This place is furnished with the necessary buildings for a family and for workmen, with out-houses, all in good repair.

A GRIST-MILL, one mile higher up the stream, in good repair, with two pair of stones, one pair excellent new burs, the other round-tops, very good for common flour, with boulting-cloths and chest in the best order. The conveniency of roads makes it easy to procure wheat from any part of the country on best terms. This mill is well situated for country custom.

And on the same dam is a well built SAW-MILL, capable of doing a great deal of business.

A valuable PLANTATION, containing 170 acres, with a quantity of meadow, and good improvements, will be sold with the mills.

Likewise a PLANTATION, containing upwards of 170 acres, a considerble part of which is cleared and under good fence, with a large proportion of good meadow, joining the above mills and farm.

And a PLANTATION, containing upwards of 240 acres of good land, beautifully situated, two miles from the forge, and about the same distance from the mills. The necessary buildings in tolerable repair, with a good orchard, and a great quantity of meadow.

Several old and young negroes, some houshold furniture, horses, waggons, black cattle, sheep, swine, and sundry farming utensils, likewise a considerable quantity of well made hay.

Indisputable titles and possession will be immediately given.

The subscriber will just observe, that any person inclining to purchase such property cannot expect to find it on easier terms, for the advanced age, and different pursuits of his children, and a desire of improving lands up the Susquehanna, will oblige him to accept of the best offer he may have, though infinitely under the real value, and no money will be required for six months after sale, and easy annual payments.

Many advantages will be made known to persons who may come to view this property. If not sold, the mill and forge will be rented separately for one or more years.

Also, will be SOLD at private sale, a tract of 608 acres of excellent limestone LAND, situate in White-Dee Creek township, one mile from the west branch of Susquehanna, and 14 from Sunbury; it has been laid out in two tracts, and has considerable improvements on each. Persons intending to purchase, will be shewn the land, by applying to Colonel Matthew Smith, three miles from it. For the terms, apply to

Sept. 17, 1785. JAMES MOORE.

Intendant's Office, September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the State of Maryland, that do not pay the interest due upon their bonds by the last day of October, that execution shall issue, agreeably to the directions of the act for the emission of bills of credit not exceeding Two Hundred Thousand Pounds, on the security of double the value in lands, &c. by

DAN. of St. THOMAS JENIFER,
¶ 7 w. Intendant of the Revenue.

Newtown, Bucks county, Sept. 15, 1785.

WERE committed to the goal of this county, two persons, viz. a certain Michael Higgins, who alledges he is a deserter from the British army in Canada; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a dark swarthy complexion and well set. Any person who may have a claim to him, upon the payment of fees, may have him in two weeks from the date hereof; no claim being previously made, he will be discharged. Also a certain James M'Mullan, who confesses he is a servant to Edward Vernon, Esq; of Chester, who is desired to send for him in three weeks from the date hereof, otherwise he will be sold for the payment of his fees. † PATRICK HUNTER, Goaler.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

OCTOBER, 1785. THE NUMB. 2889.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1785.

Juſt PUBLISHED, and to be Sold, by

Young, Stewart & M'Culloch,

In Cheſnut-ſtreet, No. 7, below Third-ſtreet;

Alſo, Sold by A. Mitchell, and Co. Pittſburg; J. Creigh Carliſle; W. Woodhouſe, T. Seddon, and T. Dobſon, Philadelphia;

Father Tammany's ALMANACK,

For the year of our Lord 1786.

With a neat Engraving of Father Tmmany ſhooting a Deer.

CONTAINING,

THE riſing and ſetting of the Sun and Moon,
The Eclipſes,
Changes of the Moon,
Variation of the Seaſons in both Hemiſpheres,
Equation of Time,
Faſts & Feſtivals of the Church,
Tide Tables on a new and correct Plan,
Scales of Depreciation, as eſtabliſhed by Congreſs, and by the States of N. York, N. Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Delaware, and Maryland,
Chronology of remarkable Events in America,
Abſtract of the Ordinance of Congreſs, for diſpoſing of the Weſtern Lands,
Quantity of Miles and of Acres in the United States,
Table of Intereſt,
Dollar Table,
Table of Coins,
Departures and Arrivals of the Poſts and Stages,
Courts of Law in N. York, N. Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Delaware, Maryland, & Virginia,
A Large Table of Roads,
Quakers General Meetings,
Receipts in Phyſic, Maxims, Fairs, Poetry, &c. &c.

ALSO JUST PUBLISHED,

Glorying in the Croſs of Chriſt:

A SERMON, by Mr. M'LAURIN,

Late Miniſter in Glaſgow.

*** Likewiſe juſt Publiſhed, Poems, by Miſs Hannah More; New-England Primers; Preſbyterian and Church of England Catechiſms.------In the Preſs, and ſpeedily will be Publ ſhed, A neat Edition of Dilworth's Spelling-Book; alſo, at ſaid Place may be had, Bibles, Teſtaments, Engliſh, Latin, and Greek Claſſics, Stationary, &c. &c.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On Thurſday, the 13th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, lying in the townſhip of Lower Chicheſter, Cheſter county, within one quarter of a mile of Marcus-Hook, adjoining lands of John Smith, Mordecai Cloud, John Power, Samuel Price and Robert Robinſon, containing about 80 or 90 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; alſo ſome ſtock. Conditions will be made known, and attendance given on the day of ſale, by

Sept. 27, 1785. † JOHN CLOUD.

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue.

(If not before diſpoſed of at private Sale)

On Fourth day, the 19th day of October next, at the houſe of Buddell Shinn, in Mount-Holly,

THAT commodious brick dwelling-houſe and kitchen, where the ſubſcriber lately dwelt in Mount-Holly aforeſaid, with ſtables and improvements thereunto belonging; together with the lot of land on which ſaid improvements ſtand. The lot is commodiouſly ſituated on each ſide of White-ſtreet, in ſaid village, containing about 14 perches of land, the houſe large and roomy, and the out-houſes convenient. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe before the day of ſale, may know the terms and view the premiſes, by applying to Buddell Shinn, aforeſaid, or the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Burlington. ¶

Ninth month 28th, 1785. THOMAS RODGERS.

Cheſter-Town, Sept. 23, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

On Thurſday, the 20th day of October next, at Broad-creek Ferry, Kent Iſland,

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, lying and being on ſaid iſland, in Queen Ann's county, and ſtate of Maryland, now in the tenure of Dr. Cloud Sudler, containing about 270 acres; it is ſituated on a fine navigable creek, abounding with excellent fiſh, oyſters and wild fowl in their ſeaſons. The ſituation is remarkably healthy, and the land exceedingly good, and has a ſufficient quantity of excellent timber. There are on the premiſes a brick dwelling-houſe, with three rooms on a floor in good repair, a frame kitchen, barn, ſtables, meat-houſe, and ſeveral other uſeful buildings. The purchaſer may have two years credit, on giving bond with ſecurity, and paying intereſt. Further particulars will be made known on the day of ſale, by

‡ ROBERT ANDERSON.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY laſt night, the 2d inſtant, TWO Dutch ſervant MEN, the one named JOHN JACOB LAEDEL, a Shoemaker by trade, he is about 24 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has a very freſh complexion, remarkable red hair, which he wears tied, yellowiſh teeth, walks ſtraight and ſmart, ſpeaks broken Engliſh, had on when he went away, and took with him, a dark blue cloth coat, with red lining, 1 pair corduroy breeches and jacket, 2 pair nankeen breeches, 1 nankeen jacket, 1 ſpotted linen ditto with callico borders, 3 white ſhirts, 2 pair white cotton ſtockings, 1 pair grey worſted ditto, 1 pair of ſhort quartered ſhoes, with copper plated buckles, 1 round caſtor hat, bound with velvet, 1 black ſilk handkerchief, round his neck, and 1 red ſpotted linen handkerchief, which he wears round his neck at times; he alſo took with him, a compleat aſſortment of Shoemakers tools.

The other named JOHN GEORGE SHUBART, a Baker by trade, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, of a brown complexion, black hair, with a falſe tail, and grey eyes; had on when he went away, a purple coloured cloth coat, buff jacket, nankeen breeches, brown thread ſtockings, new ſhoes with large plated buckles, a new cock'd hat, and a red ſilk handkerchief round his neck; he alſo took with him, 3 ſhirts, 1 new and 2 old, 1 purple coloured jacket with ſleeves, 1 pair buff breeches and 1 pair old ſilk ſtockings. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or THREE POUNDS for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶

Philad. Oct. 3, 1785. ANDREW BOSHART, CONRAD HAASS.

By the UNITED STATES *in* CONGRESS *Aſſembled,*

SEPTEMBER, 27, 1785.

THE report of the grand committee being amended to read as follows:

Reſolved, That for the ſervices of the preſent year 1785, for the payment of one year's intereſt on the foreign and domeſtic debt, and as a proviſion to diſcharge the balance of the eſtimate of April 27th, 1784, above the ſum called for by the reſolve of Congreſs of that date, it will be neceſſary that 3 000,000 dollars, in addition to 649,880 dollars hereafter provided for, be paid into the common treaſury, on or before the firſt day of May next, to be appropriated to the following purpoſes:

	Dollars.	
Civil department - - -	122,331	
Military department - -	187,224.32	
Purchaſes of Indian rights of ſoil, and the incidental expences - -	5,000	
Contingencies, the expences under which head ſhall, on the 1ſt of January annually, be tranſmitted by the board of treaſury to the legiſlature of each ſtate - -	90,000	
	---------	404,555.32
FOREIGN DEBT.		
10,000,000 livres loaned in Holland and guaranteed by France, one year's intereſt thereon - - -	74.074	
24,000,000 ditto public French loan, one year's intereſt thereon - -	222,222.20	
174,000 dollars Spaniſh loan, one year's intereſt thereon, - - -	8,700	
5,000,000 florins firſt Dutch loan, one year's intereſt thereon - -	96,527.5	
2,000,000 ditto ſecond Dutch loan, one year's intereſt thereon at 4 per cent.	30,888.88	
846 710 livres to the farmers general of France, one year's intereſt thereon,	7,840	
	---------	440,252.58
DOMESTIC DEBT.		
Liquidated.		
10,517,380.6 dollars---one year's intereſt thereon - - - -		631,042.6
Loan office debt.		
3,778,900 dollars iſſued to the 1ſt Sept. 1777, equal to ſpecie, one year's intereſt thereon - - -	226,734	
3,459,200 dollars iſſued between firſt Sept. 1777, and firſt March, 1778, which ſum is ſubject to liquidation by the ſcale, but the intereſt is payable on the nominal ſum,- -one year's intereſt thereon - -	207,540	
5,146,333.8 dollars ſpecie value of uncancelled loan-office certificates, iſſued after the firſt of March, 1778, one year's intereſt thereon, - -	308,780.6	
	---------	743,054 6
4,823,724 dollars, eſtimated amount of certificates iſſued and to be iſſued to the lines of Maryland, Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, and Georgia,---one year's intereſt thereon -		289,423.4
1,141,551.5 dollars, balance of the eſtimate of the 27th of April, 1784, above the ſum called for by the reſolution of Congreſs of that date. - -		1,141,551.5
Total eſtimate, - -		3,649,880
Deduction, - - -		649,880
Balance to be called for -		3,000 000

Deduct for part of the Dutch loan applied towards a diſcharge of the laſt year's eſtimate, and which the ſums required from the ſtate laſt year will replace; and for loans now in the hands of the Dutch commiſſioners, and hereby appropriated for the purpoſes of this eſtimate, 649,880 dollars, and there remains the balance of 3,000,000 of dollars, to be paid into the common treaſury.

The committee find that, for reaſons ſtated in the reſolve of Congreſs of the 27th of April, 1784, there yet remains a moiety of the requiſition for 8,000,000 of dollars, and the whole of the requiſition for 2,000,000 of dollars, to be applied to the uſe of the United States, before any new requiſition ought to be made. They are therefore of opinion, that the ſtates be called upon to to make actual payment of three quarters of the remaining moiety aforeſaid, on or before the firſt day of May aforeſaid.

The committee have not been able to obtain information, how many States have complied with the reſolution of February 17th, or that of April 18th, 1783, relative to a rule, for quotaing fœderal requiſitions—They are therefore of opinion, that the ſeveral States which have not decided on that ſubject, be again ſolicited to come to a deciſion thereon, and to ſend forward the ſame, as a meaſure neceſſary to enable Congreſs to effect a ſettlement of accounts with the ſeveral States and to apportion to each a juſt quota of the public expences; but in the mean time, as the public faith renders it the duty of Congreſs to continue their annual demand for money, the committee are of opinion, that in the apportionment thereof, the ſeveral States ſhould be quotaed agreeably to juſtice, on the beſt information Congreſs may from time to time have on the ſubject. And upon this principle recommended to Congreſs, that the ſaid ſum of three millions of dollars, be quotaed upon the ſeveral States, as follows, viz.

	Dollars.
New-Hampſhire,	105,416
Maſſachuſetts,	448,854
Rhode-Iſland and Providence Plantations,	64,636
Connecticut,	264,182
New-York,	256,486
New-Jerſey,	166,716
Pennſylvania,	410,378
Delaware,	44,886
Maryland,	283,034
Virginia,	512,974
North-Carolina,	218,012
South-Carolina,	192,366
Georgia,	32,060
	3,000,000

Which ſums, when paid, ſhall be paſſed to the credit of the States reſpectively, on the terms preſcribed by the reſolution of Congreſs of the 6th day of October, 1779, and together with the monies relied on to diſcharge the aforeſaid deduction of 708,452 dollars, be applied in conformity with the ſeveral appropriations in the preceding part of this report, giving preference according to the order in which they are ſtated in the eſtimate.

As more than two thirds of the ſum called for is to be applied to the payment of intereſt on the domeſtic debt; the committee are of opinion, that the ſeveral legiſlatures may ſo model the collection of the ſums called for, that one third of any ſum being paid in actual money, the other two thirds may be diſcharged by the intereſt due upon loan-office certificates and upon other certificates of the liquidated debts of the United State. And to aſcertain the evidences of intereſt due upon loan-office certificates, the holders thereof reſpectively, ſhall be at liberty to carry them to the office from which they iſſued, and the holders of other certificates of liquidated debts of the United State, to carry the ſame to the loan-office of that State wherein they are inhabitants or if a foreigner, to any loan-office within the United States, and to have the intereſt due thereon, ſettled and certified to the laſt day of the year 1784.

Provided, that the Commiſſioner of the Continental Loan-Office in any ſtate ſhall not, on any pretence whatever, ſettle, or iſſue any certificate or certificates, for the intereſt due on any continental loan-office certificate or other certificate of liquidated debts aforeſaid, unleſs as hereafter provided, until the ſtate for which he is continental loan officer ſhall have paſſed a legiſlative act, complying with this requiſition; nor ſhall he iſſue any certificate, or take any other meaſure whereby the intereſt may be paid by the ſtate in any mode not pointed out by this requiſition; nor ſhall the commiſſioner of the continental loan-office in any ſtate that ſhall have complied with this requiſition, iſſue any certificate or take any other meaſure whereby a diſcrimination may be made by ſuch ſtate between the holders of loan-office certificates iſſued from his office, who are citizens of that ſtate, and foreigners, or the citizens of any other ſtate that ſhall have complied with this requiſition: Excepting from this proviſo, ſuch ſtate or ſtates as, by the books of the treaſury, ſhall appear to have paid their full quota of the requiſition of the 30th October, 1781, for eight millions of dollars upon the former and preſent apportionment of the ſame, ſo far as to admit the commiſſioner of the continental loan-office in ſuch ſtate or ſtates, to iſſue certificates for intereſt in the ſame manner as the commiſſioners in the ſtates paſſing legiſlative acts as aforeſaid: Provided always, That any continental loan-officer ſhall iſſue certificates for intereſt as aforeſaid, due on continental loan-office certificates iſſued from his office and belonging to foreigners, and alſo, to the citizens of ſuch ſtate as ſhall have paſſed a legiſlative act, complying with this requiſition as aforeſaid.

Provided nevertheleſs, That where any ſtate hath made proviſion by law for paying any part of the intereſt of the domeſtic debt of the United States, contained in the eſtimate on which this requiſition is founded, the continental loan-officer in ſuch ſtate ſhall, without delay, aſcertain the ſum which ſhall have been ſo paid purſuant to ſuch law, on or before the firſt day of January next, and ſhall make report thereof to the board of treaſury, and alſo to the legiſlature of ſuch ſtate, who may deduct from their quota of this requiſition, and be credited in part payment thereof, the ſum ſo paid not exceeding two-thirds of ſuch quota, every ſtate being held to pay in ſpecie one-third part of the ſaid quota, previouſly to the admiſſion of ſuch credit. And if any ſtate ſhall have ſo paid in diſcharge of intereſt as aforeſaid, a ſum exceeding two-thirds of its quota of this requiſition, ſuch ſurplus ſhall be admitted as a charge againſt the United States in the ſettlement of the general account of ſuch ſtate; but if any intereſt, after the ſaid firſt day of January, ſhall be paid by any ſtate contrary to the true intent of this requiſition, ſuch payment ſhall not be admitted againſt the United States. And if any commiſſioner of a continental loan-office ſhall diſobey, or neglect to carry into execution any reſolution or order of Congreſs, or otherwiſe neglect his duty in the ſaid office, the board of treaſury ſhall ſuſpend him from his office, and the emoluments thereof, and immediately report the reaſons thereof to Congreſs; and the board of treaſury are hereby empowered to appoint in the room of the commiſſioner of the continental loan-office ſo ſuſpended, a citizen of the ſtate in which the office is kept, who ſhall have all the powers and emoluments of a commiſſioner of the continental loan-office, until Congreſs ſhall finally determine reſpecting the ſuſpenſion.

And every commiſſioner of the continental loan-office, previouſly to ſettling and iſſuing certificates as aforeſaid, for the intereſt due on certificates of liquidated debts, other than loan-office certificates, ſhall adminiſter an oath or affirmation, or require a certificate ſigned by one of the perſons whom the ſtate in which the commiſſioner reſides ſhall, in the legiſlative act complying with this requiſition appoint, that he has adminiſtered to the owner or poſſeſſor of every ſuch certificate, an oath or affirmation, that the ſame is bona fide the property of the particular ſtate in which the ſaid commiſſioner reſides, or of a citizen or citizens of the ſaid ſtate, or of ſome corporate body, or charitable inſtitution within the ſame, or of ſome perſon who is not a citizen of any of the United States; deſcribing the certificate or certificates alluded to in every ſuch oath or affirmation, in ſuch manner as ſhall be neceſſary to identify the ſame, or as may be preſcribed by the legiſlature of the ſaid ſtate.

And for preventing the depreciation of certificates to be iſſued as aforeſaid, the legiſlature of each ſtate is required to provide in the act complying with this requiſition, that if on the firſt day of January, 1787, the ſaid ſtate's quota of the ſaid certificates ſo to be iſſued, ſhall not be in the hands of the ſtate treaſurer or other proper officer, the deficiency ſhall be collected and paid into the continental treaſury in ſpecie, which, when ſo paid, is hereby appropriated to the redemption of ſuch ſurplus certificates.

Provided nevertheleſs, That any ſtate which ſhall have obtained a credit in the books of the treaſury for the full compliance with the requiſition of 4th September, 1782, for one million two hundred thouſand dollars, with the requiſition of the 27th of April, 1784, for compleating the payment of one half of the requiſition of 30th October, 1781, for eight million dollars, and alſo with this requiſition, ſhall at any time after ſuch compliances, be admitted to pay into the treaſury of the United States any ſum or ſums in the ſaid certificates to be iſſued for intereſt as aforeſaid, and have credit for the ſame, to be deducted out of the quota of ſuch ſtate in the next ſucceeding requiſition; provided that ſuch ſum or ſums do not exceed one half of the ſaid quota.

That the board of treaſury cauſe to be made a bank-paper, and thereon to be ſtruck the form of certificates, to evidence the

intereſt due as aforeſaid, and tranſmit to the ſeveral loan-officers, a ſufficient number of the ſame. That the ſaid board furniſh the ſeveral loan-officers with ſuch checks and inſtructions, as they from time to time ſhall judge neceſſary, to prevent counterfeited certificates of debts from obtaining a ſettlement of intereſt, and to detect counterfeit evidences of intereſt, and thereby to avoid receiving them in diſcharge of taxes; which certificates of intereſt being parted with by the holders of the principal, ſhall be deemed evidence that he has received ſatisfaction for the ſame, and therefore ſhall be receivable from the bearer in lieu of money, in the proportion aforeſaid, in any other ſtate in the union, as well as in the ſtate in which they were iſſued. That the ſtate receiving ſuch certificates, and paying the ſame into the public treaſury, with a proportion of ſpecie as aforeſaid, ſhall have credit therefor; which payment ſhall be conſidered as a diſcharge of the intereſt due on the domeſtic debt, in the proportion that each ſtate avails itſelf of the ſaid certificates of intereſt. And where loan-office certificates, iſſued after the firſt day of March, 1778, ſhall be preſented to the loan-officer, they ſhall be reduced to their ſpecie value, conformably to the reſolutions of Congreſs of June 28th, 1780, and that ſpecie value expreſſed on ſome part of the certificate, and the intereſt thereon ſettled and certified as in other caſes.

As a motive for the chearful payment of the ſum now called for, as well as of the arrearages on that of April 27, 1784, the committee are of opinion that the ſtates be reminded, that Congreſs have paſſed an ordinance for the ſurvey and ſale of the weſtern territory of the United States, and that the proceeds thereof will be applied as a ſinking fund to extinguiſh the domeſtic debt. Future requiſitions for intereſt on the domeſtic debt, will therefore be reduced in proportion as this fund may be rendered productive.

Reſolved, That Congreſs agree to the ſaid report.

K I N G S T O N, *Auguſt* 31.

Saturday afternoon, a moſt terrible and deſtructive ſtorm, the fourth that has viſited this ill-fated country within theſe laſt five years, happened here; which, from its long duration and continual ſhifting to various points of the compaſs, there is reaſon to fear has been general throughout the iſland. It began to blow from the north-weſt, about four o'clock in the afternoon, accompanied with ſhowers of rain, in which quarter the wind continued until ſix in the evening, when it ſhifted nearly due north, and gradually increaſed until nine at night, at which time the waning elements produced a moſt dreadful hurricane. About half paſt ten the tempeſt moderated, and was flattering for upwards of two hours; but at one in the morning the whole hemiſphere was once more involved in pitchy darkneſs, ſave the awful and momentary flaſhes of vivid lightning, which rendered the dreary ſcene more viſible, and the wind blew from the eaſt and north-eaſt, if poſſible, with additional violence, raging with inconceivable fury until five o'clock on Sunday morning, and appearing in the inimitable language of the immortal Shakeſpere, " A tempeſt dropping fire."

During the whole of Sunday the wind blew from the eaſtward in ſudden and violent ſqualls, and Nature, ſeemingly repentant for the injuries ſhe had already inflicted upon the frail and fretful tenants of mortality, poured forth her ſorrows in copious and inceſſant floods of rain, which covered the whole face of the earth: Every ſtreet in town was as a roaring river, and every lane as a rapid creek. The ſqualls of wind, and ſhowers of rain, continued all day on Monday and yeſterday, with little intermiſſion.

His Majeſty's ſhips Europa, Janus, Flora, Ariel and Bull-dog, rode out the ſtorm without receiving the ſmalleſt damage, owing to the laudable prudence of Admiral Innes, who had taken every precaution for the ſafety of the charge committed to his truſt, by furniſhing the ſquadron with an ample ſupply of new ground tackling from the King's ſtores at Greenwich, and by commanding the yards and top-maſts of the different ſhips to be ſtruck ſeveral days before the hurricane. Notwithſtanding theſe wiſe precautions, which had the deſired effect, excepting only in one inſtance---the Camilla ſloop of war, lying at Port-Royal, loſt all her maſts by the board, and was otherwiſe greatly injured.

His Majeſty's packet boat Swallow, Capt. White, which came into harbour only the day before the tempeſt, parted four cables, and was drove aſhore near Greenwich, where ſhe now lies with the loſs of her head, bowſprit and all her maſts; though it is expected ſhe will be got off without further damage, and then ſhe is to go to the King's wharff at Port-Royal to be immediately repaired---ſo that there are hopes ſhe will be ready to ſail for Falmouth at her appointed ſeaſon.

About a dozen veſſels, of all denominations, in this harbour, withſtood the fury of the tempeſt, though moſt of them received conſiderable damage.

It is not poſſible to give a correct account of the miſchief done among the ſhipping, becauſe the inclement weather, ſucceeding the hurricane, prevented us from being ſufficiently abroad to make the neceſſary enquiries. The following ſketch of ſuch veſſels as are damaged, ſunk or deſtroyed, haſty and imperfect as it is, is the beſt we could poſſibly procure.

The brig Swift, Dove, foundered, ſeven white people and four negroes periſhed; a ſhip and ſloop ſunk aſtern of the Europa, eleven hands belonging to the former drowned; ſhips Hornet, Campbell; Amity's Production, Dale; Alexander, Roſiere: Brigs Neptune, Thomſon; Waſhington, Kain; Philadelphia, M'Cann; Adventure, Porand: Schooner Holland, Erman---and ſloop Sally, Patterſon, together with ſeveral other ſmall craft, the names of which are not known, are aſhore on the Palliſades, many of them diſmaſted; the ſhip Molly, Aſpinall, is aſhore near Greenwich, totally diſmaſted; brigs Hope, Penierick; Succeſs, Darrell; Mary, Cottam, and ſhip Henry, Denniſon, are aſhore at the weſt end of the town, and utterly loſt, with ſeveral other ſmall veſſels, names unknown.

Captain Jones, of the ſchooner Rover, from Savanna-la-Mar, was off Port-Royal on Saturday evening, when the gale came on from the N. W. which drove him to ſea, when he fell in with two brigs, two ſchooners and five ſloops, coming from the weſtward; the wind ſhifting with violence to the eaſtward, drove all thoſe veſſels back again: About two o'clock on Sunday morning Captain Jones's veſſel ſtruck on Buſh Kay: At day light he could perceive from his own wreck, one of the brigs, one ſchooner, and two ſloops, daſhed to pieces on the outſide of the Palliſades.----- About eleven o'clock on Monday he ſaw a large ſloop, coming from the S. E. under a jib and foreſail, ſeemingly in diſtreſs, which, inſtead of ſtanding into the proper channel, went right on the middle of the reef; from which conduct he concluded the veſſel muſt have been foundering, and that the maſter had ſtruck her on the rocks, in hopes of getting aſhore on part of the wreck. As ſoon as ſhe got on the reef her maſt and rigging went over the ſide: About an hour after, he ſaw a raft with five men on it, drifting down towards Green-Bay, which he ſuppoſed to be the crew of the ſloop. Captain Jones continued on the wreck of his veſſel from Sunday morning until Monday morning eight o'clock, when he was taken off by a boat from Port-Royal.

Captain Tunick, of the Charming Kitty, who arrived at Port Royal about half an hour before the hurricane came on, fell in with 11 ſail of veſſels on Saturday morning, all bound to this port, none of which have arrived, and it is apprehended moſt of them have periſhed.

The ſloop Endeavour, Melvin, is utterly loſt off Caſtle Fort, and one Negroe drowned.

A plantain boat, belonging to Dr. Lythgo, with 4 valuable Negroe men and a wench periſhed on Buſh Kay. A Mulattoe boy, who was on board, ſaved himſelf by ſwimming to the Palliſades.

A ſhip, two brigs, two ſchooners and four ſloops are daſhed to pieces on the chain of Rocky Keys, about a league to the ſouthward and eaſtward of Port-Royal, and moſt of their crews have periſhed.---The names of theſe veſſels have not come to our knowledge.

The ſhips Mary and Ann, and Jamaica, are totally loſt at Annotto-Bay.

Two canoes overſet on Saturday evening between Port-Royal and Fort Small, having on board ſeven prime carpenter Negroes, the property of Mr. David Small, who all periſhed.

The pariſh of Liguanea and the circumjacent mountains, exhibit an awful picture of ruin and deſolation.---All the plantain trees are ſcattered by the tempeſt, the coffee in general ruined, and nine tenths of the ground proviſions entirely waſhed out of the earth.

To enumerate the miſchiefs done to the buildings in Kingſton, Spaniſh-Town, Port-Royal, and the neighbouring pariſhes, would fill a volumne inſtead of a news-paper.---Suffice it to ſay, that all accounts, of the ſtate of the country, which have been handed to us, afford melancholy proofs of enormous injury.

The ſoldiers barracks at Spaniſh-Town, at Stoney-Hill, where four men were cruſhed to death, at Up Park Camp, and at Fort Auguſta, are either a heap of ruins, or have ſuffered great damage. Theſe buildings were the handy work of Contractors, and the fate of them ſhould furniſh a uſeful leſſon to the legiſlature, upon whom it ſhould operate as an incentive to paſs a bill obliging all perſons, who work for the public, to do their buſineſs in a proper manner, under penalty of non-payment, which would in ſome meaſure check the unrighteous thrift of a ſett of people, who fatten upon the miſeries of their fellow-creatures.

No accurate communication has yet been received from the diſtant pariſhes, though we fear our beſt accounts from thence will be truly afflicting.

A perſon whoſe veracity we have no room to doubt aſſures us, he coaſted the inſide of the harbour on Monday, from Traver's-hulk almoſt to Port Royal, and that he counted upwards of 100 dead bodies in the progreſs of his journey, 10 of which, 6 white and 4 black perſons, he buried on the palliſade. He took a gold watch out of the fob of one of the white men, and ſome ſilver from the breeches pocket of another.

Saturday evening during the ſtorm two men, genteelly dreſſed, entered the houſe of Captain Archibald, the corner of Hanover-ſtreet and Water-lane, under pretence of ſheltering themſelves from the weather; but while the family was up ſtairs ſecuring the windows, &c. they broke open a deſk, and took out caſh to the amount of Eighty Pounds, and decamped with their booty. A very ſtrict ſearch has been made after theſe nefarious ſcoundrels, though we are ſorry to hear without effect.

The houſes ſituate in North-ſtreet, as well as all the penns adjacent to this town, have ſuſtained very conſiderable damage. Moſt of the roofs of the dwelling houſes at the penns are injured, and almoſt every out-building thrown down.------Great part of the houſe of William Peet, Eſq; at the Ferry, is down, and the whole much ſhaken.----During this dreadful ſcene, Mr. Leonard Wray, merchant, of this town, being on his return hither from Spaniſh town, ſought ſhelter at the Farm eſtate, and, with other perſons, concluding the works would afford greater ſecurity than the dwelling houſe, entered them. But they had remained there only a ſhort time, when a part of them fell in; by which event Mr. Wray received a large wound on his head, and was very much bruiſed. He was the only perſon hurt, and is entirely free from danger.---To encreaſe the horror felt by the inhabitants of this place, an alarm of fire was given about eight o'clock, and the engines hauled out, the flame-coloured clouds portending Kingſton's total deſtruction. Happily the matter proved trivial, the alarm ariſing from the wooden roof of a brick-kiln in Weſt-ſtreet having taken fire; it was entirely conſumed, notwithſtanding the heavy rain that fell.

So very numerous are the injuries done to the buildings and fences through the town, that an attempt to ſpecify them would be fruitleſs. Infinite prejudice is done to the wharves; and ſome, though newly erected, are entirely deſtroyed.

In this dreadful convulſion of the elements many lives muſt have been loſt; and we greatly fear that the number already heard of, is comparatively ſmall to the total amount. Beſides thoſe above ſpecified, it is ſaid, that no leſs than ſeven white perſons, and four negroes, were loſt in the brig Swift; among whom were her late commander, and a young gentleman of great abilities and merit, who was juſt appointed Captain of her. Another white perſon, who has been here only about two years, was found between two wharves (thoſe of Meſſieurs Dennie and Merchant, and Meſſieurs M. Bean, Bagnold and Taylor) with half his body cruſhed under a ſloop.

Several drowned bodies have been interred in the Stranger's Burying-place; and we are ſorry to be told, with ſo little attention to decency, that they remain not more than a foot beneath the earth's ſurface.

At Old-Harbour, the Fame, Moyes, is reported to be on ſhore; but the Ellen, Borrowdale, in ſafety.

A gentleman who arrived on Monday evening from Port-Antonio gives us the pleaſing intelligence, that, notwithſtanding the violence of the ſtorm, he ſaw very little damage done to the plantain-walks in his route.

September 3.

Neither the Windward, Leeward, nor Northſide mails were arrived at the General Poſt-Office late yeſterday evening, but melancholy and afflicting accounts of ravages, committed by the late dreadful ſtorm, have been received from different pariſhes by private conveyances.

We have been favored with the following particular account of damages ſuſtained in the pariſh of St. David, by a gentleman who arrived in town from thence on Thurſday evening.

River Diviſion of St. David's, from Cambridge Hill upwards.

Mount Sinai---Little damaged at the works or about the dwelling-houſes or other buildings. Canes and proviſions much injured.

Llandovery Rydderch---Next eſtate, much damaged in works, canes, dwelling-houſe and other buildings, proviſions and fences.

Sun Ville---Works (rebuilt ſince the hurricane of laſt year) much damaged; dwelling-houſe, ſtores, furniture, carriages, canes and proviſions, fences and tradeſmens apparatus, ruined. Water canal, carrying ſtream to the mill, damaged by the flood. Plantain walks all demoliſhed.

Coco Walk---Fortified houſe---unroofed ſtores and dwelling-houſe, out-houſes, furniture, papers, &c. deſtroyed. Proviſions and fences ruined.

New Ramble----Dwelling-Houſe, buildings and proviſions greatly injured.

Windſor Foreſt---Bridge gone,---works and moſt of the other buildings ſtanding.

River Head-----Works damaged,---large curing-houſe, ſtill-houſe, part of the boiling-houſe, and the dwelling-houſe, down. Canes and proviſions much injured.

Somerſet Vale---Still-houſe gone,---works and dwelling-houſe greatly injured.

Roads from River Head down to Cambridge Hill, very bad,---from thence over the hill tolerable.---New road little damaged. From eleven mile ſtone to town much hurt, guttered and gullied in different places; croſs the water-courſes in particular, very deep; trees fallen acroſs the road in ſeveral places,---in other reſpects little injured. No paſſage for carriages. Rains inceſſant,---River in flood and impaſſable.

Extract of a letter to a gentleman in this town, dated Rocky Point, 5 o'clock Sunday evening.

" Meſſrs. Lythgow and M'Kinſay's houſe and office at Springfield blown down.---Dwelling-houſe, corn-houſe and ſtill-houſe at Hampton Court blown down. Mr. R. Logan's, Mr. L. Grant's, Dr. Jemy's, Mr. Croket's, Mr. Adamſon's and Mr. Woollery's houſes and offices totally deſtroyed. The great-houſe and Overſeer's houſe at Chiſwick blown down; ditto at Delvey blown down and works much damaged.---Duckinfield Hall ſtill-houſe blown down, and the reſt of the works much damaged.---Stoaks Hall mill-houſe, mule-ſtable and carpenters houſe blown down, the reſt much damaged. Much damage done at Golden Grove works."

Extract of a letter from Saint John's.

" Not a plantain-tree ſtanding; pear, orange, cocoa, and all ſorts of trees, diſmantled, broke off, and torn up by the roots. I had one negroe killed by being blown into the fire; I imagine the wind blew the fire into the thatch, ſet the hut on fire, and burnt him to death."

Extract of a letter from Long's Wharff.

" The ſloop Betſey, Captain Barnett, bound from Kingſton, Old Harbour, Carliſle Bay and Milk River, with ſugar, and a valuable cargoe of dry goods and proviſions, has fortunately rode out the hurricane, but was driven from along ſide the ſhip Fame, at Old Harbour Bay, to Long's Wharff, with the loſs of all her ſails, rigging, boats, &c. and part of her cargoe."

We hear from St. George's, that the canes on Mr. Gray's Iter Boreal eſtate are lodged, and 170 acres of plantain walk deſtroyed; the works very little damaged.

All the ſhipe at Annotto Bay are driven on ſhore.

Extract of a letter from Port Maria.

" The veſſels lying in this harbour were driven on ſhore, viz. ſhips, Holland, Howes; Swallow, -------, and Littledale, -----; a brig and a ſchooner." The ſame letter adds, " The ſhipping at Oracabeſſa rode out the ſtorm,"

Extract of a letter from St. Ann's, dated on Sunday laſt, to a gentleman in this town.

" I take the firſt opportunity of acquainting you with the diſtreſſed ſituation of this pariſh, from a ſevere hurricane, which took place yeſterday noon and laſted till this morning; and which has proved generally fatal, having deſtroyed a number of dwelling-houſes, out offices, &c. The ſea roſe to a conſiderable height, and carried away the wharves at the Bay, ſo that there is not a ſingle place for the ſhipping of ſugars; the Earl of Effingham, and two Liverpool brigs, ran foul of the Vigilant at night, and almoſt drove her on the reef; but I am happy to ſay, the morning diſſipated my fears on that head."

N E W - Y O R K, *October* 1.

The Iriſh propoſitions having undergone great alterations, diſguſtful in the higheſt degree to the parliament of that kingdom, as well as to the whole manufacturing intereſt of Great-Britain, a number of the principal perſonages from both houſes of parliament, waited on his Britannic majeſty, with the following Addreſs, ſtating their proceedings reſpecting an arrangement of that commercial buſineſs. It was preſented on Wedneſday the 27th of July, and is copied from the lateſt accounts from Britain now in this city;

" THAT his faithful commons have taken into their moſt ſerious conſideration the important ſubject of the commercial intercourſe between Great-Britain and Ireland, recommended in his majeſty's ſpeech at the opening of the preſent ſeſſion, and the reſolutions of the two houſes of parliament, which were laid before us by his majeſty's command on the 22d of February laſt:

" That after a long and careful inveſtigation of the various queſtions neceſſarily ariſen out of this comprehenſive ſubject, we have come to the ſeveral reſolutions which we now humbly preſent to your majeſty; and which, we truſt, will form the baſis of an advantageous and permanent commercial ſettlement between his majeſty's kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland:

" That we have proceeded on the foundation of the rights of the parliament of Ireland; but in conſidering of ſo extenſive an arrangement, we have found it neceſſary to introduce ſome modifications and exceptions, and we have added ſuch regulations and conditions as appeared to us indiſpenſibly neceſſary, in eſtabliſhing the propoſed agreement on juſt and equitable foundations, for ſecuring to both countries thoſe commercial advantages, to an equal enjoyment of which they are in future to be entitled: That his majeſty's ſubjects in Ireland, being ſecured in a full and laſting participation of the trade with the Britiſh colonies, muſt, we are perſuaded, acknowledge the juſtice of their continuing to enjoy it on the ſame terms with his majeſty's ſubjects in Great-Britain; and it is, we conceive, equally manifeſt, that as the ſhips and mariners of Ireland are to continue in, and enjoy the ſame privileges with thoſe of Great-Britain, the ſame proviſions ſhould be adopted in Ireland as may be found neceſſary in this country for ſecuring thoſe advantages excluſively to the ſubjects of the empire. This object is eſſentially connected with the maritime ſtrength of his majeſty's dominions, and conſequently with the ſafety and proſperity of both Great-Britain and Ireland: We therefore deem it indiſpenſible that thoſe points ſhould be ſecured as conſidered neceſſary to the exiſtence and duration of the agreement between the two countries; they can only be carried into effect by laws to be paſſed in the parliament of Ireland, which are alone competent to bind his majeſty's ſubjects in that kingdom, and whoſe legiſlative rights we ſhall ever hold as ſacred as our own:

" It remains for the parliament of Ireland to judge according to their wiſdom and diſcretion, of theſe conditions, as well as of every part of the ſettlement propoſed to be eſtabliſhed by mutual conſent. One purpoſe in theſe reſolutions is to promote alike the commercial intercourſe of his majeſty's ſubjects in both countries, and we are perſuaded that the common proſperity of the two kingdoms will be greatly advanced; the ſubjects of each will in future apply themſelves to theſe branches of commerce, which they can beſt exerciſe with moſt advantage and wealth, as will operate as a great benefit to the whole. We have ſo far performed our part in this important buſineſs; and we truſt that in the whole of its progreſs, reciprocal intereſts and mutual affection will enſure that ſpirit of union ſo eſſentially neceſſary to the great end which the two countries have equally in view. In this perſuaſion we look forward with confidence to the final concluſion of a meaſure which, while it tends to perpetuate harmony and friendſhip between the two kingdoms, muſt, by augmenting their reſources, uniting their efforts, and conſolidating their ſtrength, afford his majeſty the ſureſt means of eſtabliſhing a laſting foundation to the ſafety, proſperity, and glory of the empire."

Oct. 5. Captain Goodhue, in the ſhip Diſcovery, from Boſton for this port, on Thurſday laſt, 30 leagues to the eaſtward of Cape May, fell in with a ſmall ſloop about thirty tons burthen, without any perſon on board, which he brought into this port with him.

Extract of a letter from Frankfort, (on the Main) dated July 8.

" His ſerene highneſs the Elector Palatine of Bavaria will return to Munich in eight or ten days, and his arrival will boubtleſs put an end to the rumours ſo induſtriouſly circulated as to an exchange of the dutchy for the Auſtrian Netherlands. The more pains that are taken to ſuppreſs this rumour, the more do the public ſeem inclined to believe that the exchange was not only meditated but actually propoſed.—The time approaches when this myſtery will be developed; but it is to be hoped that the explanation may not involve all Europe in the flames of a war only to be extinguiſhed by a vaſt effuſion of human blood.

"A courier from Carthagena has brought intelligence to Aranjues of a peace being concluded between the court of Spain and the regency of Algiers."

Extract of a letter from Cape-Ann, Sept. 26.

"A ſhip this day arrived from Bilboa, and has brought a large Jack-Aſs, a preſent from his Catholic Majeſty to General Waſhington, attended by a Spaniard to take care of him, &c. He coſt four hundred dollars in Spain, and is one of four purchaſed for General Waſhington; the others are embarked in different veſſels for this country. It is eſteemed a great favour, as none of theſe animals (particularly of this great breed) are ever allowed to be exported from Spain."

Sickneſs, is at this time, very prevalent in moſt parts of the country, and many grown perſons, but chiefly children, have been lately carried off.—We are told in particular of one precinct in Ulſter county, where almoſt every child under the age of ſix years, have been ſnatched from the tender embrace of their affectionate parents, by that grim and inexorable tyrant *death*.

Yeſterday morning, the wind being exceeding high, one of the Brooklyne ferry-boats filled with water; in it were two horſes, which went overboard, and thereby prevented the veſſel from overſetting, and the lives of ſix perſons were happily ſaved. In the afternoon, another boat overſet in the Eaſt River, but by the kind exertions of a number of ſeamen, belonging to ſeveral veſſels in the harbour, all the paſſengers were providentially reſcued from a watry grave.

October 10. Yeſterday arrived at this port the Britiſh Packet Carteret, Captain Newman, in 8 weeks from Falmouth; and the ſhip Montgomery, Captain Bunyan, in 9 weeks from London. We have received Engliſh papers by theſe veſſels as late as the 2d of Auguſt, but they contain no news of importance.

Laſt week, Delegates from the Synod of New York and Philadelphia, the Dutch Reformed Synod of New-York and New-Jerſey, and the Aſſociate Reformed Synod, met in this city, for the purpoſe of opening and eſtabliſhing ſuch an intercourſe between theſe three Bodies, as ſhall enable them to unite their efforts with the greater eaſe and efficacy for promoting truth, piety, and good morals among the numerous churches under their care, and for counteracting the baleful influence of infidelity and profaneneſs, ſo ſadly prevalent in our land.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 12.

Thurſday laſt arrived here the brig Betſy, Captain Williams, from Port-au-Prince, who met with the late gale of wind on the 21ſt ult off Maguana, which laſted for 72 hours, during which time he ſhipped a very heavy ſea, that ſtove in his dead lights, laid the brig on her beam ends, and ſhifted the hold, which obliged him to cut away the main-maſt, when ſhe righted, having damaged great part of the cargoe.

And on Monday came up to town the brig Georgia Packet, Capt. Workman, bound from this port for Georgia, but meeting with the above gale off Cape-Hatteras, in which he loſt both his maſts, and received other damage, he was obliged to put back to refit.

By a London paper of the 3d of Auguſt, we find both Houſes of Parliament adjourned, on the 2d of that month, to the 27th of October.

A gentleman arrived from Jamaica gives us the following humorous adventure of a Marriage negociated by Bill of Exchange, in that Iſland:

A Merchant originally come from London, having acquired a great fortune in that iſland, concluded with himſelf he could not be happy in the enjoyment of it, unleſs he ſhared it with a woman of merit; and knowing none to his fancy he reſolved to write to a worthy correſpondent of his in London. He knew no other ſtile than that he uſed in trade; therefore, treating affairs of love as he did his buſineſs, after giving his friend in a letter ſeveral commiſſions, and reſerving this for the laſt, he went on thus: "Item, ſeeing that I have taken a reſolution to marry, and that I do not find a ſuitable match for me here, do not fail to ſend by the next ſhip bound hither, a young woman of the qualification and form following: As for a portion, I demand none; let her be of an honeſt family; between 20 and 25 years of age; of a middle ſtature, and well proportioned; her face agreeable, her temper mild, her character blameleſs, her health good, and her conſtitution ſtrong enough to bear the change of the climate, that there may be no occaſion to look out for a ſecond through lack of the firſt, ſoon after ſhe comes to hand; which muſt be provided againſt as much as poſſible, conſidering the great diſtance and dangers of the ſea. If ſhe arrives, and conditioned as aboveſaid, with the preſent letter endorſed by you, or at leaſt an atteſted copy thereof, that there may be no miſtake or impoſition, I hereby oblige and engage myſelf to ſatisfy the ſaid letter, by marrying the bearer at 15 days ſight. In witneſs whereof I ſubſcribe this, &c."

The London correſpondent read over and over the odd article which put the future ſpouſe on the ſame footing with the bales of goods he was to ſend to his friend; and after admiring the prudent exactneſs of the Weſt-Indian, and his laconic ſtile, in enumerating the qualifications which he inſiſted on, he endeavoured to ſerve him to his mind; and after many inquiries, he judged he had found a lady fit for his purpoſe, in a young perſon of a reputable family, but no fortune; of good humour, and of a polite education, well ſhaped, and more than tolerably handſome. He made the propoſal to her as his friend had directed, and the young gentlewoman, who had no ſubſiſtence but from a croſs old aunt, who gave her a great deal of uneaſineſs, accepted it. A ſhip bound for that iſland was then fitting out at Briſtol: the gentlewoman went on board the ſame, together with the bales of goods, being well provided with all neceſſaries, and particularly with a certificate in due form, and indorſed by the correſpondent. She was alſo included in the invoice, the laſt article of which ran thus: "Item, a maid of 21 years of age, of the quality, ſhape, and conditioned as per order; as appears by the affidavits and certificates ſhe has to produce." Writings, which were thought neceſſary to ſo exact a man as the future huſband, were an extract of the pariſh regiſter; a certificate of her character ſigned by the curate; an atteſtation of her neighbours, ſetting forth that ſhe had for the ſpace of 3 years lived with an old aunt who was intolerably peeviſh, and that ſhe had not, during all that time, given her ſaid aunt the leaſt occaſion of complaint. And laſtly, the goodneſs of her conſtitution was certified, after conſultation, by four noted phyſicians.

Before the gentlewoman's departure, the London correſpondent ſent ſeveral letters of advice by other ſhips to his friend, whereby he informed him, that per ſuch a ſhip he ſent him a young woman of ſuch an age, character and condition, &c. in a word, ſuch as he deſired to marry. The letters of advice, the bales, and the gentlewoman came ſafe to the port; and our merchant, who happened to be one of the foremoſt on the pier at the lady's landing, was charmed to ſee a handſome perſon, who having heard him called by his name, told him, "Sir, I have a bill of exchange upon you, and you know that it is not uſual for people to carry a great deal of money about them in ſuch a long voyage as I have now made; I beg the favour you will be pleaſed to pay it." At the ſame time ſhe gave him his correſpondent's letter, on the back of which was writ, "The bearer of this is the ſpouſe you ordered me to ſend you." "Ha, Madam! ſaid the merchant, I never yet ſuffered my bills to be proteſted, and ſwear this ſhall not be the firſt: I ſhall reckon myſelf the moſt fortunate of all men, if you allow me to diſcharge it." "Yes, Sir, replied ſhe, and more willingly, ſince I am appriſed of your character. We had ſeveral perſons of honor on board, who knew you very well, and who, during my paſſage, have anſwered all the queſtions I aſked them concerning you, in ſo advantageous a manner, that it has raiſed in me a perfect eſteem for you." This firſt interview was in a few days after followed by the nuptials, which were very magnificent. The new married couple are ſatisfied with their happy union made by a bill of exchange, which was the moſt fortunate that had happened in that iſland for many years.

On *FRIDAY* next,

Preciſely at NINE o'CLOCK, at the CITY VENDUE STORE, will begin the SALE of a large and general Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

PROCLAMATION.

IN Purſuance of a Writ of Venire Facias, under the Hands and Seals of the Honorable William Auguſtus Attlee, and the Honourable Jacob Ruſh, Eſquires, two of the Juſtices of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, and Juſtices aſſigned, appointed and commiſſioned, to hear, try and determine all and every the indictments and preſentments, made and taken, for and concerning all treaſons, murders and ſuch crimes as by the laws of the ſtate are made capital or felonies of death, and all other crimes, injuries and offences whatſoever; as alſo to deliver the goals of all perſons who are or ſhall be committed for the crimes aforeſaid, to the Sheriff of Cheſter county directed: PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all thoſe who will proſecute or follow againſt any ſuch priſoner, that they be at Cheſter, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery there to be held, on the 17th day of this inſtant, then and there to proſecute againſt them as it ſhall be juſt; and that all Juſtices of the Peace, Coroners and Conſtables, within the ſaid county be then and there, with their rolls, records, inquiſitions, examinations and other their remembrances, to do thoſe things which to their offices belong in that behalf to be done. Dated at Cheſter, the 3d day October, Anno Domini one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, and in the tenth year of the independence of the United States of America.

¶ 1 w. WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

Juſt arrived from China and Pondicherry, in the Pallas and United States India Ships, and for Sale at the Stores of

Willing, Morris and *Swanwick*,

In PENN-STREET,

BOHEA and Hyſon Tea of the beſt Quality,
Nankeens and Chintz,
Muſlins in Pieces and in Handkerchiefs,
Cambricks,
Cambrick Handkerchiefs, printed and bordered,
Ginghams,
Patampores, or Bed Covers,
Maſulepalnam Handkerchiefs and Checks,
Long Cloth and Raw Silk. tbctf.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH,

Hath for SALE at his STORE, the third Wharff below the Bridge,

COCOA in Barrels,
Coffee in Hogſheads and Barrels,
Sugar in ditto,
Molaſſes,
Rum,
Madeira Wine, old and good,
Madder in Hogſheads,
6 by 8, and 12 by 10 window glaſs,
Nails,
Iriſh Linens,
Broad-cloths and coarſe woollens,
Modes, lawns, chintzes, cambricks, &c. &c.

A quantity of Anchors, from 1000 to 100 lb. Where Merchants or others may be ſupplied, at a ſhort notice, with Anchors to any weight or order. Alſo a quantity of New-England Boards and Shingles. 4 w. Philad. Oct. 4, 1785.

Philadelphia, Sept. 10, 1785.

A ROBBERY.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

LAST night a ſtore on Jacob Bright's wharff was BROKE OPEN and ROBBED of one bale of Poliſh linens, Saxis and Heſſian ditto; alſo nine pieces of Ravens duck, each piece ſtamped with a blind flowered circle, with the letters T S in a cypher in the centre. Whoever apprehends the thief or thieves, ſo that they may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and FOUR DOLLARS for every piece of the goods detected, paid by LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.

It is ſuppoſed the goods were conveyed away by water.

Philadelphia, October 10, 1785.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

Being part of the eſtate of Capt. John M'Nachtane, deceaſed,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Pennſbury Manor, in the county of Bucks, 5 miles from the borough of Briſtol, containing about 200 acres, about one mile from the river Delaware, half a mile from a landing on Crozer's creek, which creek takes its riſe from out of a number of never failing ſprings on this plantation, a conſiderable quantity of meadow may be made at a little expence; the land is chiefly covered with a quantity of the beſt hickory and oak; there is a ſmall log houſe on the premiſes, about 50 acres of the land has been partly cleared. A clear and ſufficient title will be given. For further particulars, enquire of

CORNELIA M'NACHTANE, Executrix, or
EDWARD POLE, Executor.

This place being ſo near a landing on Crozer's creek, which empties into the river Delaware, makes it very valuable, as all the wood may be conveyed to the Philadelphia markets.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of the late Captain JOHN M'NACHTANE of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to pay the ſame immediately; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring them in, properly atteſted, to

CORNELIA M'NACHTANE, Executrix, or
EDWARD POLE, Executor. ¶

Durham Furnace, Sept. 29, 1785.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 27th inſtant, a German ſervant, named GEORGE DAVID WORTZ, by trade a butcher, but is ſaid to underſtand all kinds of farming labour, about 22 years of age, brown complexion, grey eyes, and has lately loſt one of his fore teeth; he had on and took with him, a blue cloth jacket with ſleeves, a corded dimity waiſtcoat, with double rows of ſmall white buttons, a pair of olive coloured overalls, plated ſhoe buckles, a wool hat, with a ſmall piece cut out of the ſide by mice, and a fine ſhirt. He is the ſame perſon advertiſed the 20th June laſt by Mr. Chriſtian Wirtz, of Philadelphia, from whom he ran away, and was taken up in New-York about two weeks ſince, and ſold by Mr. Wirtz to me, but only ſtaied eight days before he ran away again, as he with ſome others were driving ſome cattle from Change-water in the Jerſeys to Durham; he made a pretence to go in the buſhes after ſome of the cattle, and by that means made his eſcape. Whoever will ſecure the ſaid ſervant, ſhall receive the above reward, and if brought to the ſubſcriber, reaſonable charges, paid by RICHARD BACKHOUSE.

PAINTING,

In its various BRANCHES, by

CHRISTOPHER WISPART,

In Loxley's Alley, between Arch and Cherry-ſtreets, near Fourth-ſtreet. Where COACHES, SIGNS, FIRE BUCKETS, &c. are performed with neatneſs and diſpatch.

To be SOLD in PENN-STREET, at the STORES of

Willing, Morris *and* Swanwick,

A VARIETY of Woollens, ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon,
Woollen and Felt Hats of various Kinds,
Leghorn Hats of Straw and Chip,
Stationary of various Kinds,
Gauze and Silks,
Sewing Silk and Silk Handkerchiefs,
A Variety of Hard Ware, Nails, Files, &c.
Queen's Ware and China Plates, in Crates and Boxes,
Artificial Flowers in Boxes,
Black and white Crapes,
Turkey Carpets,
Caſtile Soap in Boxes,
Zant Currants in Barrels and Kegs,
Sweet Oil and Capers in Boxes,
Wines, Madeira, of London and New-York Quality, from one to four Years old, in Pipes, Hogſheads and Quarter Caſks,
Claret in Boxes of three and four Dozen each,
Chianti, Syracuſe, Cyprus and Tuſcany Wine,
Teneriffe in Pipes,
Marble Chimney Pieces, ſlabs and paving Tiles,
French Brandy in Pipes,
Jamaica Spirits and Windward Iſland Rum. tbctf.

IMPORTED in the ſhip Wilſon, from Liverpool,
And TO BE SOLD, by

Jonathan, Rumford & Abijah Daws,

At their STORE in Water-ſtreet

A few Packages of WOOLLENS

Aſſorted, ſuitable for a Country Store,

And FRENCH BURR MILL-STONES

Of different ſizes.---They have alſo for Sale,

NAILS, Shot, Sadd-irons, 11 by 9 Window Glaſs, Sail Duck; Jamaica Spirits, high proof Antigua Rum, and Muſcovado Sugar in hogſheads. †

Philad. 10th Month 10th, 1785.

ALL perſons having demands againſt JOHN ROBERTSON, formerly of this city, Mariner, deceaſed, are requeſted to furniſh their accounts by the firſt day of November next, at which time a dividend is intended to be made of the monies in hand. And thoſe who neglect delivering their accounts by that time, will be excluded the preſent dividend. ¶

Philadelphia, Oct. 5, 1785. JOSEPH HILLBORN.

ON the evening of 12th of September laſt, came to and broke into the incloſure of the ſubſcriber, living in Plymouth townſhip, Montgomery county, a dark bay MARE, of a ſmall ſize, ſuppoſed to be five years old, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, her mane hangs on the wrong ſide, and appears as though ſhe had lately been ſeparated from a ſuckling colt. The owner is hereby notified to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away. §

October 10, 1785. ANDREW NORNY.

THREE DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, on the 20th of Auguſt laſt, a ſorrel MARE, about ſix years old, near 14 hands high, a blaze in her face, three white feet, trots and canters, the mane inclining to the near ſide. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and gives intelligence, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by DAVID PHILLIPS, at the White Horſe, in Front-ſtreet, Northern Liberties, Philadelphia. ¶

Gloucester, October 7, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of David Garriſon and Jacob Miller, inſolvent debtors, confined in the goal of Glouceſter county, that they meet at the houſe of Mr. William Hugg, in Glouceſter, on Friday, the 11th day of November next, to ſhew cauſe (if any they have) why an aſſignment of the ſaid debtors eſtates ſhould not be made, and they be delivered from confinement, agreeably to law. DAVID GARRISON,

¶ JACOB MILLER.

WHEREAS a certain Thomas Morris, of Philadelphia, hath obtained a Note of Hand from me the ſubſcriber, dated the 29th day of July laſt, for the ſum of £35, lawful money of Pennſylvania, but I have not received any value for the ſaid ſum. I do hereby forewarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment on ſaid note, as I am determined not to pay the ſame until compelled thereto by due courſe of law.

Philad. Oct. 3, 1785. DANIEL HOLDEN.

CAME to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, at the Crooked Billet, on the old York road, on Saturday laſt, a dark brown HORSE, 14 hands high, ſhod all round, paces and trots well. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away. WILLIAM HEATON.

Moreland, October 1, 1785. †

For Port Morant, Jamaica,

The Ship KINGSTON,

JOHN FOWLER, MASTER.

A BRITISH ſhip, about 350 tons burthen, with excellent accommodations for Paſſengers; will ſail in about a fortnight from this time. For Paſſage only, apply to WILLING, MORRIS & SWANWICK.

Philad. Oct. 4, 1785. 2w.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Straſburg townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the night of the 13th inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant Man, named JOHN KELLY, (but it is very probable he may change his name) about 20 or 21 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, black hair and a little curly, grey eyes, thin faced and ſomewhat freckled, pretty likely and well ſet: Had on and took with him a walnut brown ſailors jacket, with a turned down collar, an under jacket of the ſame colour, a brown jacket with blue backs, a half-worn pretty large wool hat, a new flax ſhirt and hemp trowſers, a pair tow ditto, and an old ſhirt, new ſhoes with old buckles:----Alſo was ſtolen the ſame night, a likely bay MARE, 3 years old laſt ſpring, about 14 or 15 hands high, never ſhod, trots all, carries midling well, black mane and tail, her tail not very long, midling thin in fleſh; a blind halter was alſo taken, with I. F. in red letters in the blind, but 'tis not ſuppoſed he will ride far till he changes.

Any perſon ſecuring ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or Ten Dollars for the mare, and Six for the thief, with reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN FERREE.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed ſaid ſervant ſtole the Mare. If taken in or near Philadelphia, apply to David Deſhler, in Market-ſtreet.

September 14, 1785. §

PURSUANT to an order iſſued out of the Orphan's Court, for the county of Cheſter, will be ſold at public vendue, by the Adminiſtratrix of the eſtate of John Thomas, late of the townſhip of Radnor, deceaſed, on the 22d day of October next, the ſale to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a valuable Tract, Piece or Parcel of Land, ſituate between the four townſhips of Pikeland, Whiteland, Uwchland and Charleſtown, containing 80 acres, being part of 200 acres of land, late the property of the ſaid John Thomas, deceaſed, ſituate within a certain tract, commonly called The Five Hundred, and not in any townſhip; about one half of ſaid tract is woodland very well timbered, a quantity of meadow well watered, and more may be made at a ſmall expence, a good bearing orchard, and the remainder fertile, arable land, pleaſantly ſituated for building, near two never failing ſprings of good water; ſaid tract is productive of all kinds of grain, and may be eaſily kept ſo, as there is lime kilns very near; ſaid tract is bounded by land, late of the widow Davey, other land of John Thomas, deceaſed, and land of Benjamin Jacobs; late the eſtate of the ſaid John Thomas, deceaſed, and to be ſold by MARY THOMAS, Adminiſtratrix.

N. B. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale. ‡

WAS found on the ſubſcriber's beach, on the Jerſey ſhore, oppoſite Reedy-Iſland, ſome time early laſt ſpring, and is now in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, a ſmall BOAT. The owner, proving his property to ſaid boat, and paying for advertiſing, &c. may have her again, by applying to

Sept. 18, 1785. ‡ BENJAMIN HOLME.

Upper Merion townſhip, Montgomery county, Sept. 29, 1785.

ALL perſons to whom the eſtate of JOHN RICHARDS, late of Radnor townſhip, deceaſed, is juſtly indebted, are hereby requeſted to produce ſpeedily their accounts to the ſubſcriber, that they may be ſettled. And alſo all who are indebted to the eſtate, by bond, note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make payment to him, on or before the firſt day of November next, when he will be under the neceſſity of ſuing thoſe who fail in complying with this notice, ¶ JOHN REES, Executor.

STRAYED away from Spring Garden, on Saturday evening, the 24th inſtant, a dark bay HORSE, about 13 hands and an half high, about 8 years old, marked on the near ſhoulder P. 5. ſhod before, with one if not two white hind feet, trots and canters. Whoever ſecures the ſaid horſe and brings him to Mr. Cunningham, in Sixth-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, Philadelphia, ſhall receive a handſome reward, with reaſonable charges, paid by

Sept. 28, 1785. ‡ ALEXANDER WINNEN.

Cheſter Goal, Sept. 17, 1785.

WAS committed to this goal the 3d of September, a man, who calls himſelf NICHOLAS KELLY, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant; had on a brown ſurtout coat, a blue ſhort coat, white linen trowſers, and old ſhoes with braſs buckles. Likewiſe was committed about the ſame time, an Iriſh boy, who calls himſelf ROBERT CAMPBELL, about 13 or 14 years of age, had on a blue ſailor's jacket, check ſhirt, ſtriped trowſers, and no ſhoes. Their maſters, if any they have, are hereby deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged in three weeks from the date hereof, on paying their fees.

§ THOMAS TAYLOR, Goaler.

CAME to the place of JOHN HANNES, deceaſed, in the townſhip of Paſſyunk, on the banks of Schuylkill, a black COW, with a ſmall ſtar in her forehead. The owner, proving his property and paying charges, may take her away. ‡

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Biberry townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 3d day of May laſt, a cheſnut ſorrel MARE, with a blaze in her face, and near hind foot white, about 13 hands high. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

‡ JOSEPH KNIGHT.

WE, the ſubſcribers, living in Philadelphia, heirs of Henry Roe, late of the townſhip of Glouceſter, in the county of Glouceſter, and Weſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey, farmer, deceaſed, do give this public notice to all perſons that have ſettled on land either in Eaſt or Weſt New-Jerſey, formerly belonging to the ſaid deceaſed, and not having been ſold agreeable to his will, by applying to us may be treated with for ſaid lands yet unſold and are alſo deſired not to make any more waſte of the ſaid land after this public notice given, or they may depend upon being treated according to law.

URIAH ROE, JEMIMA ROE,
‡ JOHN ROE, HANNAH BURDEN.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of PARSONS LUMMIS, Inſolvent Debtor, now confined in the goal of Cumberland, and ſtate of New-Jerſey, that they be and appear before two or more of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, at the Court-Houſe in Bridgetown, in the county aforeſaid, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of October next, at Two o'clock of ſaid day, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of ſaid debtor's eſtate ſhould not be made, and he diſcharged from his confinement, purſuant to an act of General Aſſembly in ſuch caſe made and provided.

Bridgetown, Sept. 17, 1785. PARSONS LUMMIS.

Agreeable to An ACT of Aſſembly, paſſed the 13th inſt.

Will be SOLD by public Auction,

On THURSDAY, the 20th day of October next, at five o'clock in the evening, at the Old COFFEE-HOUSE,

Nine very valuable Lots of Ground,

SITUATE the ſouth-weſt corner of Market and Third-ſtreets, on which the Old Goal and Work-houſe formerly ſtood.

One fourth of the Purchaſe Money muſt be paid within ten days after the day of ſale, the remainder in eighteen months, giving ſecurity, with lawful intereſt. A plan of ſaid lots may be ſeen at the Coffee-Houſe, where attendance will be given by the County Commiſſioners. By Order of the Board,

Philad. Sept. 26, 1785. GEORGE HONEY, jun. Clerk

THE MILITIA of Philadelphia county will pleaſe to take Notice, that they are to meet and exerciſe under their reſpective Officers, on the following days, agreeable to the direction of the law, viz.

In COMPANIES on the Third and Tenth of October.

In BATTALIONS as follows.

The Firſt Battalion, cammanded by Benjamin M'Veagh, Eſq; on Monday, the 17th of October.

The Second Battalion, commanded by Matthew Holgate, Eſq; on Tueſday, the 18th of October.

N. B. The Companies commanded by Captains Demas Worrell and John Ruſh, will muſter as uſual with Lieutenant-Colonel M'Veagh---and Captains Robert Gray, Peter Worrell and Abraham Streaper, with Lieutenant-Colonel Matthew Jones, on Wedneſday, the 19th of October.

The Troop of Light Dragoons will meet the 18th of October, at Ten o'Clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of WILLIAM LESHER, in Germantown, with their accoutrements compleat.

WILLIAM COATS, Lieut. Philad. County.

A MILL and LAND to be diſpoſed of by way of public Sale, on the 20th day of October next, if not ſooner ſold by private Sale, being ſituate on the Head of the tide water of Cheſapeake Bay, known by the name of the Head of North Eaſt; the ſituation is pleaſant and healthy, and very centrical for trade both by land and water carriage, being practicable up to the mill, where wheat may be received and flour diſcharged (without any expence of land carriage) either to Baltimore Town, or elſewhere on ſaid water. It is alſo convenient to Philadelphia, being only 7 miles from the Head of Elk, and on the main Poſt and Stage road, leading from Philadelphia to Baltimore, &c. thereby affording one of the beſt ſtations for a Store and Tavern that might be found perhaps in the ſtate; the river abounds with fiſh, whereof thouſands have been caught at the tail of the mill, likewiſe fowl in great plenty in their ſeaſon; moſt part of the country adjacent to ſaid water produces wheat in abundance. The mill is in good order, being lately new geer'd and a new water wheel, two pair of ſtones, two good boulting cloths, and other neceſſary apparatus for manufacturing wheat, an eaſy ſupported ſtone dam, which commands the two main branches of North Eaſt; there is alſo on ſaid place, a commodious dwelling houſe divided into four rooms, with a fire place in each, a good kitchen, and a ſtore houſe all ready for buſineſs, a good bake-houſe and oven, ſtable and other out-houſes. The place affords various other improvements, and is only 3 miles diſtant from the aforeſaid county town, on ſaid water. An indiſputable title will be made to the purchaſer, and attendance given the day abovementioned, by

¶ JOHN OGLEVE,
Maryland, Cæcil County, EDWARD PARKER,
Auguſt 30, 1785. JAMES MORROW.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On TUESDAY, the 25th of October next, on the Premiſes, the whole of the ſubſcriber's eſtate in Cheſter county,

CONSISTING of a FORGE, well conſtructed and in good order, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt-Nantmill, on a large branch of the Brandywine, with high advantage of fall and ſeat: Is diſtant from Warwick furnace 6 miles. A ſufficient quantity of coal in ſtock to laſt until June, with every other neceſſary ſtock provided, and the whole in a proper train of buſineſs. This forge is more advantageouſly ſituated for getting wood convenient and at a cheaper rate, than any other works in the lower parts of this ſtate. With the forge will be ſold a Plantation, containing 264 acres, 100 are cleared and under good fence, 15 acres of choice meadow already made, and as much more may be made, the remainder well timbered. This place is furniſhed with the neceſſary buildings for a family and for workmen, with out-houſes, all in good repair.

A GRIST-MILL, one mile higher up the ſtream, in good repair, with two pair of ſtones, one pair excellent new burs, the other round-tops, very good for common flour, with boulting-cloths and cheſt in the beſt order. The conveniency of roads makes it eaſy to procure wheat from any part of the country on beſt terms. This mill is well ſituated for country cuſtom.

And on the ſame dam is a well built SAW-MILL, capable of doing a great deal of buſineſs.

A valuable PLANTATION, containing 170 acres, with a quantity of meadow, and good improvements, will be ſold with the mills.

Likewiſe a PLANTATION, containing upwards of 170 acres, a conſiderble part of which is cleared and under good fence, with a large proportion of good meadow, joining the above mills and farm.

And a PLANTATION, containing upwards of 240 acres of good land, beautifully ſituated, two miles from the forge, and about the ſame diſtance from the mills. The neceſſary buildings in tolerable repair, with a good orchard, and a great quantity of meadow.

Several old and young negroes, ſome houſhold furniture, horſes, waggons, black cattle, ſheep, ſwine, and ſundry farming utenſils, likewiſe a conſiderable quantity of well made hay.

Indiſputable titles and poſſeſſion will be immediately given.

The ſubſcriber will juſt obſerve, that any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſuch property cannot expect to find it on eaſier terms, for the advanced age, and different purſuits of his children, and a deſire of improving lands up the Suſquehanna, will oblige him to accept of the beſt offer he may have, though infinitely under the real value, and no money will be required for ſix months after ſale, and eaſy annual payments.

Many advantages will be made known to perſons who may come to view this property. If not ſold, the mill and forge will be rented ſeparately for one or more years.

Alſo, will be SOLD at private ſale, a tract of 608 acres of excellent limeſtone LAND, ſituate in White-Deer-Creek townſhip, one mile from the weſt branch of Suſquehanna, and 14 from Sunbury; it has been laid out in two tracts, and has conſiderable improvements on each. Perſons intending to purchaſe, will be ſhewn the land, by applying to Colonel Matthew Smith, three miles from it. For the terms, apply to

Sept. 17, 1785. JAMES MOORE.

Intendant's Office, September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the State of Maryland, that do not pay the intereſt due upon their bonds by the laſt day of October, that execution ſhall iſſue, agreeably to the directions of the act for the emiſſion of bills of credit not exceeding Two Hundred Thouſand Pounds, on the ſecurity of double the value in lands, &c. by

DAN. of St. THOMAS JENIFER,
¶ 7 w. Intendant of the Revenue.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th November next, at the town of Dover, in the Delaware ſtate,

A TRACT of LAND, in Duck Creek Hundred, in the county of Kent, in the ſaid ſtate, containing 330 acres or thereabouts, and adjoining lands of Mr. Edward Tilghman, jun. and Mr. Samuel Griffin; it conſiſts moſtly of wood, is well timbered, and convenient to a good landing, ſeveral mills, and places of worſhip. The terms of payment will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, giving ſecurity.

EDUCATION.

THE Proteſtant Epiſcopal Academy at York-Town, in Pennſylvania, will be opened on the 1ſt of November next.----- Young gentlemen will be taught at the following prices, viz. In the claſſical and mathemetical ſchools at 6l. per annum; and in the Engliſh ſchool at 3l. per annum:---- Entrance £1 15 0:---- In the latter the children of the poor will be taught gratis.

Boarding may be had at 18l. per annum---and in the genteeleſt families at 20l. The whole truſt and direction of this ſeminary is veſted in the rector, church-wardens and veſtrymen of the Engliſh Epiſcopal church of St. John, in York, and will be governed with the ſtricteſt attention to the learning, health, and morals of youth.

The plan of education is exactly ſimilar to that of the Epiſcopal Academy in this city; and it certainly claims the attention and patronage of all the friends of ſcience, and of the Church in particular.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Paſſyunk townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the ſouthweſterly ſide of the road leading out of Paſſyunk road to State-Iſland, about two miles below the city of Philadelphia, containing about 55 acres of land: On this plantation is erected a fine large two ſtory brick houſe, with three rooms on each floor, two piazzas, two kitchens with chambers, and a ſmoke-houſe, a large frame barn, 60 by 35 feet, under-pinned with ſtones, frame ſtables, ſheds, chair-houſes and other out-houſes, a cyder-houſe, mill and preſs, and a large granary 22 feet ſquare; there are alſo on the premiſes a good kitchen garden, and an excellent nurſery conſiſting of a great number of the beſt and different kinds of apple trees, grafted and ungrafted; peach trees, inoculated and natural; different kinds of cherry trees, inoculated and natural; plumb trees, inoculated and natural, and elm trees. About 18 acres of this land are good upland meadow, and the remainder very good plough land. An excellent bearing apple orchard of about three acres, and a peach orchard of about ſix acres.

Likewiſe, will be Sold, an excellent Tract or Piece of Land, containing about 15 acres, ſituate on the north-eaſterly ſide of the aforeſaid road, oppoſite to the above deſcribed plantation, bounded on Schockonſon's creek, about ſix acres of this tract are very good meadows, and the remainder good upland, with about 100 apple trees of the beſt kind of fruit and in their prime on it, the whole is in prime order, and the title is indiſputable. The ſituation is pleaſant and healthy, and will ſuit either for a public houſe or gentleman's country ſeat. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, and know the terms, by applying to HENRY MAAG, on the premiſes. ‡

N. B. There is a fine lane or avenue leading from the road to the houſe, with a row of cherry trees on each ſide, conſiſting of about 20 May-dukes, Bleeding-hearts, White-hearts, &c.

Juſt arrived in the ſhip Harmony, Captain Willett, from London, and to be SOLD on reaſonable terms, by

TOWERS and *EVANS*,

Next to the Preſbyterian Meeting Houſe, in Market-ſtreet; a freſh Aſſortment of

Drugs, Medicines and Painters Colours,

Among which are the following Articles, viz.

OPIUM, Camphor, Rhubarb, Jallep, Ipecacuanna, Tartar Emetic, Red Tartar, Spermaceti, Liquorice, &c. A ſmall quantity of genuine Red Bark, and a variety of *Patent Medicines.*

A L S O

White Lead, dry and ground in oil,	Spaniſh Brown,
Red Lead,	Annatto,
Black Lead,	Carmine,
Blue Black,	Drop Lake,
Ivory Black,	Hake White,
Frankfort Black,	Indian Ink,
Lampblack,	Litharge,
Yellow Oker,	Pruſſian Blue,
Kings Yellow,	Spaniſh Whiting,
Naples Yellow,	Turkey Umber,
Dutch Pink,	Vermillion,
Roſe Pink,	Verditer,
Brown Pink,	Verdigreaſe,
	White Vitriol, &c. &c.

Painters Bruſhes, Saſh Tools, Camels Hair Pencils, Pallet Knives, &c. Window Glaſs from 20 by 16 to 8 by 6: Cut to any form. §

Philadelphia, Sept. 16, 1785.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 11th of June laſt paſt, a bound ſervant woman, named Maria Dorothy Ordeſſin, lately from Holland, about 40 years of age, and about 5 feet 1 or 2 inches high, thick ſet, pale faced, ſandy coloured hair, and hath a large wen under her throat; had on, when ſhe went away, a blue and white linen ſtriped ſhort gown, linſey ſtriped petticoat, check apron, a pair of good ſhoes and thread ſtockings, a callicoe cloak, lined with white flannel, and an oil cloth hat or bonnet.

And on the 8th inſtant, a bound ſervant girl, country born, named Margaret Repſher, about 12 years of age, and about 4 feet high, very ſlender made and very pale faced, having had the fever ſeveral days before ſhe abſconded, hath brown hair, ſpeaks Engliſh and German, is very talkative, and much addicted to lying; had on, when ſhe went away, a brown chintz ſhort gown, blue worſted petticoat with black ſpots, and a red and white ſilk handkerchief, but neither ſhoes nor ſtockings. Whoever apprehends ſaid ſervants, and brings them to their maſter, at the ſign of the Golden Swan, in Third-ſtreet, or ſecures them, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward, or Three Pounds for the eldeſt, and Forty Shillings for the youngeſt, and all reaſonable expences, paid by

PAUL GASPARD BRETON.

WAS loſt on the firſt inſtant, and ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen by the ſaid Margaret Repſher, a gold ſingle caſed WATCH, made at Paris, the maker's name unknown, runs on a diamond, the hour and minute hands ſet with brilliants, the chryſtal wanting, with a ſteel chain and a gold ſeal, having three fleurs de lis engraved thereon. Whoever will bring ſaid watch to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, paid by

PAUL GASPARD BRETON.

N. B. The watch-makers are requeſted to ſtop ſaid watch, in caſe it ſhall be offered for ſale or repair, in which caſe the above reward of THREE POUNDS ſhall be paid.

JOHN BROOKS,

GLOVER and BREECHES MAKER,

RETURNS his moſt grateful thanks to the public in general, and his friends in particular, for the many favors conferred on him, hopes to merit a continuance of the ſame, having all neceſſaries of the firſt quality, and compleat hands in both branches, ſo as to be able to execute any orders that he may be favored with punctually, and in the compleateſt manner.

N. B. He has fur and all other kinds of gloves for ladies and gentlemen, together with buckſkin breeches of all qualities ready made, for wholeſale and retail, at his STORE, three doors above Third-ſtreet, in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the lot where the Old Goal formerly ſtood. Sept. 19, 1785.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

OCTOBER, 1785. THE NUMB. 2890.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1785.

Juſt arrived from China and Pondicherry, in the Pallas and United States India Ships, and for Sale at the Stores of

Willing, Morris and *Swanwick,*

In PENN-STREET,

BOHEA and Hyſon Tea of the beſt Quality,
Nankeens and Chintz,
Muſlins in Pieces and in Handkerchiefs,
Cambricks,
Cambrick Handkerchiefs, printed and bordered,
Ginghams,
Patampores, or Bed Covers,
Maſulepalnam Handkerchiefs and Checks,
Long Cloth and Raw Silk. tbctf.

To be SOLD in PENN-STREET, at the STORES of

Willing, Morris *and* Swanwick,

A VARIETY of Woollens, ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon,
Woollen and Felt Hats of various Kinds,
Leghorn Hats of Straw and Chip,
Stationary of various Kinds,
Gauze and Silks,
Sewing Silk and Silk Handkerchiefs,
A Variety of Hard Ware, Nails, Files, &c.
Queen's Ware and China Plates, in Crates and Boxes,
Artificial Flowers in Boxes,
Black and white Crapes,
Turkey Carpets,
Caſtile Soap in Boxes,
Zant Currants in Barrels and Kegs,
Sweet Oil and Capers in Boxes,
Wines, Madeira, of London and New-York Quality, from one to four Years old, in Pipes, Hogſheads and Quarter Caſks,
Claret in Boxes of three and four Dozen each,
Chianti, Syracuſe, Cyprus and Tuſcany Wine,
Teneriffe in Pipes,
Marble Chimney Pieces, ſlabs and paving Tiles,
French Brandy in Pipes,
Jamaica Spirits and Windward Iſland Rum. tbctf.

For Port Morant, Jamaica,

The Ship KINGSTON,

JOHN FOWLER, MASTER.

A BRITISH ſhip, about 350 tons burthen, with excellent accommodations for Paſſengers; will ſail in about a fortnight from this time. For Paſſage only, apply to WILLING, MORRIS & SWANWICK.

Philad. Oct. 4, 1785. 2w.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH,

Hath for SALE at his STORE, the third Wharff below the Bridge,

COCOA in Barrels,
Coffee in Hogſheads and Barrels,
Sugar in ditto,
Molaſſes,
Rum,
Madeira Wine, old and good,
Madder in Hogſheads,
6 by 8, and 12 by 10 window glaſs,
Nails,
Iriſh Linens,
Broad-cloths and coarſe woollens,
Modes, lawns, chintzes, cambricks, &c. &c.

A quantity of Anchors, from 1000 to 100 lb. Where Merchants or others may be ſupplied, at a ſhort notice, with Anchors to any weight or order. Alſo a quantity of New-England Boards and Shingles. 4 w. Philad. Oct. 4. 1785.

Philadelphia, Sept. 10, 1785.

A ROBBERY.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

LAST night a ſtore on Jacob Bright's wharff was BROKE OPEN and ROBBED of one bale of Poliſh linens, Saxis and Heſſian ditto; alſo nine pieces of Ravens duck, each piece ſtamped with a blind flowered circle, with the letters T S in a cypher in the centre. Whoever apprehends the thief or thieves, ſo that they may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and FOUR DOLLARS for every piece of the goods detected, paid by LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.

It is ſuppoſed the goods were conveyed away by water.

PAINTING,

In its various BRANCHES, by

CHRISTOPHER WISPART,

In Loxley's Alley, between Arch and Cherry-ſtreets, near Fourth-ſtreet. Where COACHES, SIGNS, FIRE BUCKETS, &c. are performed with neatneſs and diſpatch.

Glouceſter, October 7, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of David Garriſon and Jacob Miller, inſolvent debtors, confined in the goal of Glouceſter county, that they meet at the houſe of Mr. William Hugg, in Glouceſter, on Friday, the 11th day of November next, to ſhew cauſe (if any they have) why an aſſignment of the ſaid debtors eſtates ſhould not be made, and they be delivered from confinement, agreeably to law. DAVID GARRISON,
¶ JACOB MILLER.

WHEREAS a certain Thomas Morris, of Philadelphia, hath obtained a Note of Hand from me the ſubſcriber, dated the 29th day of July laſt, for the ſum of £ 35, lawful money of Pennſylvania, but I have not received any value for the ſaid ſum. I do hereby forewarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment on ſaid note, as I am determined not to pay the ſame until compelled thereto by due courſe of law.

Philad. Oct. 3, 1785. DANIEL HOLDEN.

THREE DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, on the 20th of Auguſt laſt, a ſorrel MARE, about ſix years old, near 14 hands high, a blaze in her face, three white feet, trots and canters, the mane inclining to the near ſide. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and gives intelligence, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by DAVID PHILLIPS, at the White Horſe, in Front-ſtreet, Northern Liberties, Philadelphia. ¶

IMPORTED in the ſhip Wilſon, from Liverpool, And TO BE SOLD, by

Jonathan, Rumford & Abijah Daws,

At their SORE in Water-ſtreet

A few Packages of WOOLLENS

Aſſorted, ſuitable for a Country Store,

And FRENCH BURR MILL-STONES

Of different ſizes.---They have alſo for Sale,

NAILS, Shot, Sadd-irons, 11 by 9 Window Glaſs, Sail Duck; Jamaica Spirits, high proof Antigua Rum, and Muſcovado Sugar in hogſheads. †

Philad. 10th Month 10th, 1785.

ALL perſons having demands againſt JOHN ROBERTSON, formerly of this city, Mariner, deceaſed, are requeſted to furniſh their accounts by the firſt day of November next, at which time a dividend is intended to be made of the monies in hand. And thoſe who neglect delivering their accounts by that time, will be excluded the preſent dividend. ¶

Philadelphia, Oct. 5, 1785. JOSEPH HILLBORN.

CAME to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, at the Crooked Billet, on the old York road, on Saturday laſt, a dark brown HORSE, 14 hands high, ſhod all round, paces and trots well. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away. WILLIAM HEATON.

Moreland, October 1, 1785. †

ON the evening of 12th of September laſt, came to and broke into the incloſure of the ſubſcriber, living in Plymouth townſhip, Montgomery county, a dark bay MARE, of a ſmall ſize, ſuppoſed to be five years old, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, her mane hangs on the wrong ſide, and appears as though ſhe had lately been ſeparated from a ſuckling colt. The owner is hereby notified to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away. §

October 10, 1785. ANDREW NORNY.

Philadelphia, October 10, 1785.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

Being part of the eſtate of Capt. John M'Nachtane, deceaſed,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Pennſbury Manor, in the county of Bucks, 5 miles from the borough of Briſtol, containing about 200 acres, about one mile from the river Delaware, half a mile from a landing on Crozer's creek, which creek takes its riſe from out of a number of never failing ſprings on this plantation, a conſiderable quantity of meadow may be made at a little expence; the land is chiefly covered with a quantity of the beſt hickory and oak; there is a ſmall log houſe on the premiſes, about 50 acres of the land has been partly cleared. A clear and ſufficient title will be given. For further particulars, enquire of

CORNELIA M'NACHTANE, Executrix, or
EDWARD POLE, Executor.

This place being ſo near a landing on Crozer's creek, which empties into the river Delaware, makes it very valuable, as all the wood may be conveyed to the Philadelphia markets.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of the late Captain JOHN M'NACHTANE of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to pay the ſame immediately; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring them in, properly atteſted, to

CORNELIA M'NACHTANE, Executrix, or
EDWARD POLE, Executor. ¶

Durham Furnace, Sept. 29, 1785.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 27th inſtant, a German ſervant, named GEORGE DAVID WORTZ, by trade a butcher, but is ſaid to underſtand all kinds of farming labour, about 22 years of age, brown complexion, grey eyes, and has lately loſt one of his fore teeth; he had on and took with him, a blue cloth jacket with ſleeves, a corded dimity waiſtcoat, with double rows of ſmall white buttons, a pair of olive coloured overalls, plated ſhoe buckles, a wool hat, with a ſmall piece cut out of the ſide by mice, and a fine ſhirt. He is the ſame perſon advertiſed the 20th June laſt by Mr. Chriſtian Wirtz, of Philadelphia, from whom he ran away, and was taken up in New-York about two weeks ſince, and ſold by Mr. Wirtz to me, but only ſtaied eight days before he ran away again, as he with ſome others were driving ſome cattle from Change-water in the Jerſeys to Durham; he made a pretence to go in the buſhes after ſome of the cattle, and by that means made his eſcape. Whoever will ſecure the ſaid ſervant, ſhall receive the above reward, and if brought to the ſubſcriber, reaſonable charges, paid by RICHARD BACKHOUSE.

MIDWIFERY.

To the PUBLIC in general, and LADIES in particular.

SARAH COLTMAN,

PRACTITIONER of MIDWIFERY, from England, being called upon by her domeſtic connexions to reſide at Philadelphia, begs leave to inform thoſe whom it may concern to know, that ſhe has had the good fortune to be regularly inſtructed in the knowledge of her profeſſion, under that eminent teacher, Dr. Denman, phyſician to the Middleſex Hoſpital, who is juſtly eſteemed the firſt of his profeſſion in London, ſince the death of the celebrated Dr. Hunter; from whom, as well as other medical gentlemen in that line of buſineſs, ſhe has brought over ſuch reſpectable teſtimony of her experience and ſkill, in the exerciſe of the obſtetric art, as neither vanity nor preſumption can induce her to commit to a news paper, but which ſhe is willing, if called upon, to produce, for the private ſatisfaction of thoſe who deſire it; and ſuch as may well afford a reaſonable expectation, that ſhe ſhall from an enlightened people meet with proper encouragement, to offer her ſervices in that capacity in this city.

To thoſe, therefore, who may ſtand in need of her aſſiſtance, ſhe takes the liberty to make a reſpectful tender of her beſt offices; being perſuaded, that as ſhe ſhall ſtudy to merit, ſhe will be able to content, and hopes in return to enjoy the approbation of her employers. For the preſent ſhe is to be enquired for at the houſe of her huſband, Captain Coltman, in Vine-ſtreet, on the north ſide, four doors above Second-ſtreet; but having taken the houſe which Mr. Taggart now occupies on the north ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, next door below the corner of Second-ſtreet, propoſes to remove there on the 25th day of October next. Sept. 26, 1785. §

Agreeable to An ACT of Aſſembly, paſſed the 13th inſt.

Will be SOLD by public Auction,

On THURSDAY, the 20th day of October next, at five o'clock in the evening, at the Old COFFEE-HOUSE,

Nine very valuable Lots of Ground,

SITUATE the ſouth-weſt corner of Market and Third-ſtreets, on which the Old Goal and Work-houſe formerly ſtood.

One fourth of the Purchaſe Money muſt be paid within ten days after the day of ſale, the remainder in eighteen months, giving ſecurity, with lawful intereſt. A plan of ſaid lots may be ſeen at the Coffee-Houſe, where attendance will be given by the County Commiſſioners. By Order of the Board,

Philad. Sept. 26, 1785. GEORGE HONEY, jun. Clerk.

PURSUANT to an order iſſued out of the Orphan's Court, for the county of Cheſter, will be ſold at public vendue, by the Adminiſtratrix of the eſtate of John Thomas, late of the townſhip of Radnor, deceaſed, on the 22d day of October next, the ſale to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a valuable Tract, Piece or Parcel of Land, ſituate between the four townſhips of Pikeland, Whiteland, Uwchland and Charleſtown, containing 80 acres, being part of 200 acres of land, late the property of the ſaid John Thomas, deceaſed, ſituate within a certain tract, commonly called The Five Hundred, and not in any townſhip; about one half of ſaid tract is woodland very well timbered, a quantity of meadow well watered, and more may be made at a ſmall expence, a good bearing orchard, and the remainder fertile, arable land, pleaſantly ſituated for building, near two never failing ſprings of good water; ſaid tract is productive of all kinds of grain, and may be eaſily kept ſo, as there is lime kilns very near; ſaid tract is bounded by land, late of the widow Davey, other land of John Thomas, deceaſed, and land of Benjamin Jacobs; late the eſtate of the ſaid John Thomas, deceaſed, and to be ſold by MARY THOMAS, Adminiſtratrix.

N. B. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale. ‡

CAME to the place of JOHN HANNES, deceaſed, in the townſhip of Paſſyunk, on the banks of Schuylkill, a black COW, with a ſmall ſtar in her forehead. The owner, proving his property and paying charges, may take her away. ‡

WAS found on the ſubſcriber's beach, on the Jerſey ſhore, oppoſite Reedy-Iſland, ſome time early laſt ſpring, and is now in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, a ſmall BOAT. The owner, proving his property to ſaid boat, and paying for advertiſing, &c. may have her again, by applying to

Sept. 18, 1785. ‡ BENJAMIN HOLME.

Upper Merion townſhip, Montgomery county, Sept. 29, 1785.

ALL perſons to whom the eſtate of JOHN RICHARDS, late of Radnor townſhip, deceaſed, is juſtly indebted, are hereby requeſted to produce ſpeedily their accounts to the ſubſcriber, that they may be ſettled. And alſo all who are indebted to the eſtate, by bond, note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make payment to him, on or before the firſt day of November next, when he will be under the neceſſity of ſuing thoſe who fail in complying with this notice, ¶ JOHN REES, Executor.

STRAYED away from Spring Garden, on Saturday evening, the 24th inſtant, a dark bay HORSE, about 13 hands and an half high, about 8 years old, marked on the near ſhoulder P. 5. ſhod before, with one if not two white hind feet, trots and canters. Whoever ſecures the ſaid horſe and brings him to Mr. Cunningham, in Sixth-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, Philadelphia, ſhall receive a handſome reward, with reaſonable charges, paid by

Sept. 28, 1785. ‡ ALEXANDER WINNEN.

Cheſter Goal, Sept. 17, 1785.

WAS committed to this goal the 3d of September, a man, who calls himſelf NICHOLAS KELLY, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant; had on a brown ſurtout coat, a blue ſhort coat, white linen trowſers, and old ſhoes with braſs buckles. Likewiſe was committed about the ſame time, an Iriſh boy, who calls himſelf ROBERT CAMPBELL, about 13 or 14 years of age, had on a blue ſailor's jacket, check ſhirt, ſtriped trowſers, and no ſhoes. Their maſters, if any they have, are hereby deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged in three weeks from the date hereof, on paying their fees.

§ THOMAS TAYLOR, Goaler.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Biberry townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 3d day of May laſt, a cheſnut ſorrel MARE, with a blaze in her face, and near hind foot white, about 13 hands high. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

‡ JOSEPH KNIGHT.

WE, the ſubſcribers, living in Philadelphia, heirs of Henry Roe, late of the townſhip of Glouceſter, in the county of Glouceſter, and Weſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey, farmer, deceaſed, do give this public notice to all perſons that have ſettled on land either in Eaſt or Weſt New-Jerſey, formerly belonging to the ſaid deceaſed, and not having been ſold agreeable to his will, by applying to us may be treated with for ſaid lands yet unſold, and are alſo deſired not to make any more waſte of the ſaid land after this public notice given, or they may depend upon being treated accecording to law.

URIAH ROE, JEMIMA ROE,
‡ JOHN ROE, HANNAH BURDEN.

Intendant's Office, September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the State of Maryland, that do not pay the intereſt due upon their bonds by the laſt day of October, that execution ſhall iſſue, agreeably to the directions of the act for the emiſſion of bills of credit not exceeding Two Hundred Thouſand Pounds, on the ſecurity of double the value in lands, &c. by

DAN. of St. THOMAS JENIFER,
¶ 7 w. Intendant of the Revenue.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th November next, at the town of Dover, in the Delaware ſtate,

A TRACT of LAND, in Duck Creek Hundred, in the county of Kent, in the ſaid ſtate, containing 330 acres or thereabouts, and adjoining lands of Mr. Edward Tilghman, jun. and Mr. Samuel Griffin; it conſiſts moſtly of wood, is well timbered, and convenient to a good landing, ſeveral mills, and places of worſhip. The terms of payment will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, giving ſecurity.

LONDON.

Auguſt 3. The improvement of our fiſheries was lately talked of, and we hoped there would ſomething effectual have been done in it; but there is nothing ſaid about it; it ſeems to have entirely fallen out of head again. It is ſtrange, indeed, that ſuch a vaſt mine of wealth to the nation, and what might be ſo eaſily cultivated, ſhould be ſo much neglected. But that, as well as every other public concern, except the laying on of taxes, has been ſwallowed up in the gulph of *Iriſh* ſyſtem. Our Stateſmen have been taken up with ſchemes to enrich others more than ourſelves. This, in the modern ſtyle, may be called a *liberal* policy; but a plague on the *policy* that forgets—that *charity ought to begin at home!*

What we have lately heard, from time to time, about the diſorders prevailing in America, ſeems far from being chimerical or groundleſs. By a gentleman of character, lately arrived from that country, we have the moſt authentic confirmation of former intelligence. This muſt, long ago, have been well known to Adminiſtration here; and, therefore, how they could have thought of receiving an agent, or liſtening to overtures of any treaty whatever, from a people thus divided among themſelves, and who can give no ſtability to the engagements they come under, ſeems not a little aſtoniſhing.

The Chevalier de Madron, hydrographer, is exhibiting at Berlin a moſt curious repreſentation of the periodical motion of the Sea. The King of Praſſia having written on the motion of water from the equator towards the poles, was not a little happy to ſee the Chevalier, and treats him with the higheſt reſpect.

Yeſterday another Meeting of the Commiſſioners for carrying the Shop-Tax into execution was held at Guildhall; when a motion being made, and the queſtion put, that "the Shop-Tax was partial, oppreſſive," &c. &c. a diviſion took place, on which the numbers were,

For the motion,	- -	47
Againſt it,	- -	4

A ſecond motion was next made, to confirm the Reſolution of July 4, for adjourning the conſideration of the ſaid Tax till the laſt of September next, when another diviſion enſued:

For confirming the Reſolution		48
Againſt it	- - -	12

After which the Meeting broke up.

The King of France's Edict, laying a duty upon Engliſh goods, amounting in ſome inſtances to 55 per cent. AD VALOREM, has naturally occaſioned a very general alarm in this country. The firſt knowledge of it which our manufacturers received was by a notice from the French houſes, countermanding all their orders; and more than a hundred looms in the gauze branch only were yeſterday ſtopped in Spitalfields. The manufacturers had a conference with the Marquis of Carmarthen, when the noble Lord told them, that every ſtep which government could take would be purſued on the occaſion.—It was a policy he ſaid which we had not provoked, and for which he could not account.

Whether we have provoked this policy or not is a queſtion which the public muſt diſcuſs. The French charge us with illiberality. They ſay, in our ſcarcity of corn they ſupplied us.—In their ſcarcity of hay we ſhut our ports. We ſent Mr. Crawford to negociate a commercial treaty with them, and furniſhed him with no adequate powers for that purpoſe—We ſent to them hardware, Manchеſter gauzes, &c. &c. and took nothing in return. The Marquis of Lanſdown ſaid, we would laugh to ſcorn the menaces and the ARRETS of our neighbours—They have made an experiment.

The accounts which we gave in our laſt paper of the inſult offered to the Waſp has been confirmed. The French alledge, that the Waſp chaſed a ſmuggler into port, and that ſhe gave the provocation in the French Bay. Certain appearances indicate hoſtility. Every body knows that there is a ſquadron of French frigates under the command of a very young man, in the Chops of the Channel. It is equally well known that the Hebe, Capt. Thornborough, received a POLITE meſſage from the French Commodore, "that he would not break through his line;" to which the Captain, with equal politeneſs, returned an anſwer, that he had the orders of his King to proceed directly in his courſe, and he would not alter it for the ſake of any line in the world.—In addition to this we ſee that the guardſhips at Portſmouth are ordered to ſea. All this may be nothing, and we have no doubt but it will be ſo. It however looks rather oddly.

Extract of a letter from Paris, July 25.

"A Royal Arret is publiſhed, dated the 17th of July, the preamble of which ſets forth, that, in conſequence of the complaints of the tradeſmen and manufacturers of this kingdom, relative to the open ſale of foreign (particularly Engliſh) manufactures, to the great detriment of the national induſtry, and the more ſo, as all French goods are prohibited in England under a high penalty, his Majeſty has thought proper to make ſome regulations, of which the following are the principal:

"1ſt, That all foreign goods, the entry of which into this kingdom are prohibited by the ordinances and regulations from 1687 to this day, ſhall ſtill remain prohibited, on pain of the penalties contained in the ſaid ordinances.

"2dly, That all Engliſh manufactures, except thoſe permitted by the Arret of the 6th of September 1701, or other ſubſequent ones, ſhall continue to be prohibited, on pain of confiſcation of the effects, and a forfeit of 10,000 livres: The goods prohibited are all ſadlery ware, hats and hoſiery, woollen cloths and hardware: Thoſe permitted to be imported by the Arret of the 6th of September 1701, and others, are horſes, wool, raw hides, tanned ox and calf-ſkins, cow hair, tallow, yellow and white wax, coals, ſalted meats, beer (in bottles only) glue called Engliſh glue, horn round or flat, Elephant's teeth, copperas, dying drugs, inſtruments uſed in any art, &c. unwrought tin, ſhip-building timber, ſtaves, &c. from England or Engliſh colonies.

"3dly, All foreign poliſhed ſteel-works are, except tools, prohibited on the ſame penalty as above, together with all chryſtal and glaſs.

"4thly, His Majeſty permits any individual out of trade to import any Engliſh or other foreign prohibited manufacture, for his own uſe only, firſt obtaining permiſſion from the Comptroller-General of the Finances, and paying 30 per cent. additional duty.

"5thly, No rank or quality is to exempt any one from the above.

"6thly, Any perſon convicted of ſelling any of the above prohibited goods to forfeit the ſame and pay three thouſand livres, without a poſſibility of the fine being mitigated.

"7thly, His Majeſty particularly forbids any perſon to write over their door or ſhop, "Warehouſe for Engliſh Manufactures," on pain of paying three thouſand livres, and thoſe who have that already written over their ſhops are ordered to deface it within eight days of the publication of this Arret; and proper officers are to ſee this properly executed throughout the kingdom. The Arret concludes with two other articles, tending to enforce the foregoing ones."

The circumſtance of a ſquadron of ſhips being ordered to Spithead has been differently talked about. That the fact is ſo is certain; and we underſtand the occaſion to be ſimply as follows: The Miniſtry have intelligence, that a number of ſhips are actually equipping in Breſt and other ports, with the deſign of proceeding to the Eaſt-Indies, and they therefore properly have determined to ſend out a ſquadron of obſervation. Commodore Gower will take the command, and the ſhips are to rendezvous at Spithead, to be ready to ſail when he comes round in the Hebe. This is the report.

An order, it is ſaid, has been ſent to Plymouth for four of the guard ſhips at that port to be immediately equipped for ſea with all expedition; they are to be victualled for three months previous to their going out of harbour into the Sound.

The French King has publiſhed another Arret in favour of the new French Eaſt-India Company, prohibiting the importation of callicoes and muſlins, except they are directly introduced from India in French bottoms; and alſo prohibiting the importation of foreign printed and ſtained cottons, gauzes and linens.

1. The firſt article prohibits the importation of callicoes bleached or green, as well as goods, made of cotton and thread, handkerchiefs, dimities and nankeens, manufactured in India or other foreign parts—unleſs they ſhall be introduced by the French Eaſt-India Company, or according to the proviſions of the Arret of the 14th of April laſt.

2. All callicoes printed, ſtained, or dyed in foreign parts, to be equally prohibited.

3. For the encouragement of the French manufactures, the King prohibits throughout all his dominions the ſale of foreign muſlins, ſtriped, ſquared, or figured, as well as of all foreign gauzes and linens.

4. This prohibition to take place at the end of one year from the date of the Arret.

5. The new India Company, at the expiration of one year, to have authority to require, as often as they ſhall think proper, the proper officers to viſit the magazines, warehouſes, and houſes of merchants, traders and warehouſemen, to ſearch for articles thus declared contraband, and to confiſcate them.

6. Merchants and others to give an account in three months after the date of this Arret, of the quantity, quality, and kinds of goods of the above deſcription in their hands; and to receive a permit in theſe words—"Goods tolerated till the 10th of Auguſt, 1786," which ſhall be placed on the goods.

There are ſix other articles as proviſions for the due execution of the above regulations.

This Arret has put the great and flouriſhing manufactory of Paiſley and Glaſgow into dreadful confuſion. In theſe places 4000 looms were employed in theſe branches, and which, as Lord Stormont ſtated, contributed to the ſplendor and elegance of the Court of France. Several of the principal manufacturers have come expreſs to London.

SALEM, *October* 4.

The letter from which the following extract was taken, was received by the ſhip Ranger, Captain Knights, who arrived at Cape Ann, from Bilboa, on the 26th inſt.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Bilboa to a merchant in Cape Ann, dated Auguſt 10, 1785.

"We find that five Algerine privateers (now in peace with us) have ſtationed their cruiſe from Cape St. Vincent to Cape St. Mary:—Therefore pleaſe to adviſe in the News papers this diſagreeable circumſtance, that the maſters of veſſels bound for this port may avoid thoſe pirates, by altering their navigation to the northward of Cape Ortegal."

We are informed that Captain Knights brings advice, that a Truce had been concluded between the King of Spain and the State of Algiers, ſtipulated to be of thirty years continuance. And that a ſhort time before Captain Knights ſailed, the Algerines had taken three Portugueſe veſſels.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Cape Ann, dated laſt Thurſday.

"On the 25th of Sept. current, came aſhore at Cape Ann, a ſmall ſloop, of about 20 tons, loaded with white-aſh ſtaves. When ſhe ſtruck her mainſail was reefed, and her jib balanced. She appears to have been diſaſtered before ſhe ſtruck, as part of her quarter deck was blown up. She appears to be nearly new; her bottom is chiefly birch and beach. No perſon being found, dead or alive, on board, 'tis hoped the owners will apply to Lieutenant Henry White, in whoſe poſſeſſion what could be ſaved of the rigging and cargoe now are. She came aſhore at Lane's Point; and ſaid White lives in Squam (ſo called) near ſaid point; where, if application be made, the owners may have her remains."

Captain Cleaves, of the Ship Roehampton, arrived here yeſterday, in 68 days, from St. Ubes. He confirms the intelligence reſpecting the Spaniards and Algerines; but heard the Truce was made but for ten years. The Portugueſe were fitting out men of war to protect their trade. A Daniſh Ship arrived at St. Ubes the night before Captain Cleaves ſailed, the Captain of which adviſed, that he ſpoke with an Algerine cruiſer off Cape St. Vincent, the commander of which informed that he was cruiſing for Portugueſe and American veſſels. Forty days ago Captain Cleaves ſpoke with an Engliſh Sloop bound to Newfoundland, which had been brought to by an Algerine, who ſaid there were 17 ſail of their cruiſers without the Streights of Gibraltar.

PROVIDENCE, October 8.

Capt. Ward, in the Sloop Polly, arrived here on Sunday laſt, in 10 weeks from Bayonne. On the 10th of Auguſt he ſpoke the Ship Baltimore, Benjamin Dailey, Maſter, from Baltimore, bound to Liverpool, 16 days from port, and on the 23d of Auguſt ſpoke the Brig Roſe, Samuel Caſwell, Maſter, from Philadelphia, bound to Corunna; all well on board each veſſel.—The drought in France had been ſo great, that it was judged at Bayonne the wines and brandy, at that market only, would fall ſhort of their uſual quantity 30,000 barrels.

NEW-YORK, *October* 13.

By a gentleman who ſailed from Chriſtianſtæd, St. Croix, on the 19th ult. we are favoured with the following particulars of the ravages that were made on that iſland, by the late hurricane:

The gale came on in the morning of the 25th of Auguſt, and continued until the 26th P. M. 36 ſail of veſſels at anchor were all driven on ſhore with the greateſt precipitance, but happily not a ſoul on board periſhed; a number of theſe veſſels were loaded, their cargoes entirely loſt—the American veſſels, which were in general light, ſuffered the leaſt: An American ſloop, Captain Davidſon, from New-Haven, however, was drove on ſhore all ſtanding; when ſhe ſtruck the ſhore her maſt went over the ſide, but happily her cargo, which conſiſted of live ſtock, was all ſaved, and the hull entire----A new Daniſh ſhip, with 500 hogſheads of ſugar on board, overſet at anchor; at the weſt end two ſhips and a ſloop were drove out to ſea, one of them only had yet been heard of, which was a ſhip of 700 hogſheads of ſugar; ſhe was caſt upon Crab Iſland, and her people only ſaved.

The general devaſtation upon this iſland is beyond the power of deſcription; almoſt all the wooden houſes and works in the country were levelled, and the ſugar plantations are ſo far ruined, that it is imagined they will not afford more than half their uſual crop. Upon their proviſion grounds every thing that was vegetable, was entirely taken up by the roots. The houſes in town, being compact, ſupported each other in ſuch a manner that few buildings were caſt to the ground.

A lady, by the name of Nolee, has ſuſtained the loſs of 80,000 pieces of eight---and the whole loſs upon the iſland is computed at 3,000,000 pieces of eight.

We have advices from Albany, that during the late ſtorm, the river roſe to an amazing height, and did conſiderable damage at that place and above it; and that all the low lands have been deluged, nearly ruining many plantations.

Oct. 15. We are informed that a Ship named the Union, was ſoon to follow the Jenny, Captain Smith, from London for this port, with Sir John Temple on board; that gentleman having been appointed Conſul from the Court of Great-Britain, to that of the United States.

We have the pleaſure to announce the ſafe arrival of the Brigantine Eliza, from this port for Charleſton, on the 17th of September; as ſhe had been long a miſſing veſſel, the friends of ſeveral paſſengers in her for South-Carolina are now happily relieved from extreme anxieties for their ſafety.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Layou, Dominica, dated Auguſt 6, 1785.

"We have been for ſome time paſt in the greateſt dread of the runaway negroes: On Friday the 15th ult. a party of them came down to the plantain-walk of Caſſada Garden eſtate (late Millar and M'Allиſter's, but now Millar's) to plunder it, moſt of the negroe men belonging to the eſtate were at this bay, the women who were at home and ſaw them, gave an alarm, and frightened the runaways away, leaving their cowracous behind; the manager, Mr. M Bean, was alſo at the bay, when he returned home in the evening he was informed of it, he then ſent to Roſeau for ſome cutlaſſes, &c. the next Saturday he was obliged to be at the bay again, the runaways returned, armed, and lay all day at a neighbouring abandoned eſtate, called Woodbridge's; they were diſcovered by a negroe in the afternoon, who knew a great many and reckoned a great number of them, he informed the negroes of the Caſſada Garden eſtate of them: When the manager returned in the evening, he was told in a promiſcuous manner that the runaways were nigh by; he then enquired of the driver if he had heard or knew any thing of them, who denied it (but it has ſince been found he did hear of them) on which the manager threatened to puniſh thoſe who had told him the next morning, imagining it was to get him off the eſtate; he had three guns with him, but found only one in good order, which he loaded; in a ſhort time after going to ſleep, the watch came to alarm him that the runaways were come; he ran out only in his ſhirt, with his gun, on ſeeing them he preſented, but they were quicker,—by the interpoſition of Providence, on ſeeing the flaſh, he lowered his body, ſo that only one ball out of upwards of a dozen, took him in a ſuperficial manner over the right ſhoulder; he took advantage of the ſmoke and made his eſcape. The aſh-pit of the ſtills offered itſelf as an aſylum for him, which he accepted. They now began to behave in a moſt outrageous and furious manner, plundering every article in the houſe, the boiling-houſe of a large quantity of rum and ſugar, ſet fire and burnt down his houſe, kitchen, the hoſpital, and a negroe houſe, kept up a conſtant firing, huzzaing and hooping, the whole time; the eſtate's negroes could not come to his aſſiſtance, for they had the precaution to place three men to guard the road; after they had ſatiated themſelves they retired to the abandoned eſtatate before mentioned, and there revelled the remainder of the night. Two or three overſeers from the next eſtates went up, but had not arms, &c. ſufficient to purſue them; they could only convey the manager away from his bad quarters, naked. I happened to be in Roſeau, as well as the next neighbour Mr. Curry, and on Sunday an expreſs was ſent for me to dreſs his wound. The Sunday morning would have been a moſt proper and fit time to have purſued them, as they muſt have been greatly fatigued and very ſick from their debauch, but through ſupineneſs and inactivity it was omitted. In about ten or twelve days thereafter a party of ſix, armed, came paſt my dwelling in the night time; I don't apprehend they came with an intention to attack me particularly, but to reconnoitre, and endeavour to gain intelligence if any people had been ſent after them. A party of the coloured people, with ſome French deſerters, were ordered into the woods after the runaways, but they mutinied and deſerted before they got far into the woods, the expedition of courſe ended, and nothing farther has been yet done. I ſleep armed every night, as well as every one in Layou valley.

"I am given to underſtand that our legiſlature are propoſing to put martial law in force, and to ſend out the militia with ſome of the king's troops after the runaways, if ſo we ſhall have very hard duty."

October 17. By accounts from Cape Francois, we have repetitions of miſchiefs done there by the tremendous gale which lately pervaded the Iſland of Jamaica, St. Croix, &c.

Humanity will, no doubt, prompt Americans to give whatever aſſiſtance lays in their power to relieve the diſtreſſes of the Weſt-Indians, occaſioned by the late hurricane which has viſited thoſe Iſlands; but *ſound policy* dictates that any ſupplies they can afford ſhould be in American bottoms, as the Britiſh have for ſome time endeavoured to deſtroy the uſefulneſs of American veſſels.---A correſpondent therefore propoſes that an embargo ſhould be laid immediately, on all Britiſh bottoms, at leaſt ſo far as reſpects their loading with lumber or proviſions. This, no doubt, is in the power of the Executive Councils of the different States, and this no doubt they will do.

PHILADELPHIA, OCTOBER 19.

On Tuesday, the 11th inſtant, the Annual General Election was held throughout the Commonwealth. The following are all the Returns which have come to hand, Northumberland excepted, from which county two have been received, but as one of them muſt be wrong, we omit publiſhing either at preſent.

For the City of Philadelphia.

Councillor. Benjamin Franklin.
Aſſembly. William Will, Robert Morris, Thomas Fitzſimons, James Irvine, George Clymer.
Street Commiſſioners. Andrew Geyer, Nathan Boys.
Wardens. Iſrael Whelen, Leonard Jacoby.

Philadelphia County.

Councillor. Henry Hill.
Aſſembly. Iſaac Gray, George Logan, Thomas Mifflin, William Robinſon, jun. John Salter.
County Commiſſioner. George Gray.
Sheriffs. Joſeph Cowperthwaite, Jacob Morgan.
Coroners. John Leacock, Benjamin Davis.

Bucks County.

Councillor. Samuel Dean.
Aſſembly. Arthur Erwine, John Clark, Joſeph Thomas, John Smith, Samuel Foulke.
Sheriffs. William Roberts, Jacob Bennet.
Coroners. Jeremiah Vattine, Iſaac Vanhorn.
Commiſſioner. Nathaniel Ellicot.

Cheſter County.

Councillor. Evan Evans.
Aſſembly. Anthony Wayne, Robert Ralſton, James Moore, Thomas Bull, Jonathan Morris, Samuel Evans, Robert Smith *(Oxford)* John Hannum.

Lancaſter County.

Aſſembly. Alexander Lowrey, Edward Hand, Samuel John Atlee, Joſeph Work, Abraham Scott, Adam Hubley, Emanuel Carpenter.
Sheriffs. John Miller, Michael App.
Coroners. John Offner, Jacob Shaffer.
Commiſſioner. Jacob Carpenter.

York County.

Aſſembly. Henry Miller, David M'Connaughy, Joſeph Lilly, Henry Tyſon, Philip Gartner, Michael Smyſer, Adam Eichelberger, David M'Clellan.
Sheriffs. William Baillie, John Edie.
Coroners. Ephraim Penington, George Leffler.
Commiſſioner. Robert Morriſon.

Berks County.

Aſſembly. Abraham Lincoln, Nicholas Lutz, Henry Spiker, Philip Kremer, David Davis, Baltzer Gehr.
Sheriffs. Peter Filbert, Daniel Ludwig.
Coroners. Peter Nagle, Daniel Roſe.

Northampton County.

Aſſembly. Thomas Mawhorter, Robert Trail, Peter Trexler, jun. Peter Burkhalter, Robert Brown.
Sheriffs. Peter Ealer, Jacob Barkman.
Coroners. Conrad Ihrie, jun. George Fred. Knauſe.
Commiſſioner. George Fred. Knauſe.

Montgomery County.

Councillor. Peter Muhlenberg.
Aſſembly. Benjamin Rittenhouſe. Robert Loller, Peter Richards, Thomas Rees, Samuel Wheeler. *The two laſt mentioned Gentlemen were equal in votes.*

Dauphin County.

Councillor. William Brown.
Aſſembly. Adam Orth, Robert Clark, David Krous, —— Bradley.
Sheriffs. Anthony Kelker, —— Gilchriſt.

Extract of a letter from a maſter of a ſhip to a gentleman in this city, dated Cadiz, auguſt 6.

"I cannot cloſe this without relating to you the impediments I met with on my paſſage from England by the Algerine cruizers. The firſt I met with was near the rock of Liſbon, who, after a ſtrict ſcrutiny of my paſs and ſome detention, permitted me to proceed: The next I fell in with off Cape St. Vincent; a large ſhip then in company with me drew the attention of the Algerine xebeck, who diſpatched her boat after me, and purſued the ſhip. Fortunately a breeze ſprung up, that gave me the advantage of the boat, who declined her chace and joined the xebeck, who by this time had commenced a running fight with the ſhip, that was obliged to take ſhelter under a Spaniſh fort: The next I fell in with off Cape St. Mary's, who made me hoiſt my boat out and ſend my paſs on board him, who, after a deal of examination and ſtrict ſcrutiny into the reality of my paſs, ſuffered me to go on. At 12 o'clock at night, not being 10 leagues from Cadiz, was brought to by two more, who ſerved me as before, and the next morning I was joyfully anchored here, where I am told they have extended themſelves to the weſtward of the Weſtern Iſlands in ſearch of American and Portugueſe veſſels. At preſent there is a truce between them and Spain, but it is conjectured it will not terminate in a permanent peace."

The ſloop Phœbe, Captain Cartwright, from St. Lucia, where ſhe had been ſeized and condemned, and afterwards bought in by the Captain, arrived at Alexandria, in Virginia, the firſt inſtant.—Captain Cartwright informs, that on the 24th ult. near the Capes of Virginia, in a violent gale of wind, he ſhipped a heavy ſea, which carried away his bowſprit, ſtove about 30 caſks of rum and melaſſes, ſwept every thing off deck, and laid the ſloop on her beam ends; but fortunately ſhe ſoon righted. During the gale he ſaw five diſmaſted ſhips, apparently in great diſtreſs.---After the gale had abated he boarded a large ſhip, entirely diſmaſted, loaded with wheat, and without any perſon on board, which by her papers and ſome windſor chairs he took out of her, he ſuppoſes to be a Dutch ſhip from Philadelphia. He ſpoke the ——, Savage, from Machapungo, bound to Philadelphia, diſmaſted.

The ſhip Grandbourg, Captain Le Joyille, in 52 days from Cadiz, is arrived at Alexandria, with whom came paſſengers, Captain Ervin and his crew, who ſailed from Cadiz in October laſt for that port, but were unfortunately taken and carried into Tangiers—Capt, Ervin informs that neither he nor any of his people were put to ſervice, but were treated in the moſt humane manner.

Captain Le Joyille informs, that he met with heavy gales of wind; and from the number of wrecks he ſaw, it is to be feared great damage has been done.

TO BE SOLD,

The Time of an healthy, ſtrong

DUTCH GIRL,

Who has SEVEN YEARS to ſerve.

To be LETT, a front STORE and CELLAR, Very convenient for the Dry Good Buſineſs. Situate in a public part of Market-ſtreet. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

Philadelphia, Tenth month 10th, 1785. †

Mr. *Adgate's* VOCAL CONCERT

Will be performed, at the UNIVERSITY, THIS EVENING, beginning at Seven o' Clock.

IT is the firſt of the Twelve Concerts, which were promiſed in the plan of June 1ſt, 1785, the whole of which the ſubſcribers to the ſaid plan or inſtitution may expect, ſucceſſively, to be entertained with in the courſe of the enſuing ſeaſon. Among others, at this opening exhibition, will be performed the Piece, commonly called "*The Roſe of Sharon,*" which is an American compoſition, in a ſtyle peculiar to itſelf; and the celebrated Anthem from ſundry ſcriptures-----"*Ariſe, ſhine, for thy light is come, and the glory of the Lord is riſen upon thee,*" &c.

The Truſtees of the Inſtitution requeſt the ſubſcribers to call on Mr. HUGH FERGUSON, at the ſouth-weſt corner of Third and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, this Day, for their tickets, without which no perſon can have admittance: A Syllabus will be delivered with the tickets, that the names and order of the pieces may be known to the company.

If the weather ſhould prove unfavourable, the Exhibition will be put off till the next ſuitable evening.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JAMES WHARTON, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment; and thoſe who have demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to produce them, properly proved, to JOSIAH HEWES and WILLIAM GOVETT, } Act. Executors.

Philadelphia Oct. 17, 1785.

Was found in this city, a few days ago, A BRASS KETTLE. The owner, on proving property and paying charges, may have it again. Enquire of the Printers.

Philad. Oct. 13, 1785.

IMPORTED in the laſt Veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD by

TOWERS and EVANS,

Next to the Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe, in Market-ſtreet,

A quantity of PLATE GLASS,

26 inches by 20, 24 by 18, 20 by 16, and 18 by 14.

Window Glaſs of exact ſizes from 16 by 12 to 10 by 8.

ALSO; a freſh ASSORTMENT of

Drugs, Medicines, Painters Colours, &c.

LOW PRICED

STRIPED and Roſe Blankets of all Sizes,
Green and mottled Rugs and Coverlids,
Plains and Halfthicks,
Beaſkins and Fearnaughts,
Duffils and Coatings,
Damſon Kendale Cottons,
Common and double milled Broadcloths,
Spotted Swanſkins and ſtriped Linſeys,
Flannels and Baize of all Colours.

With a conſiderable Variety of other GOODS ſuited to the Seaſon, juſt imported by the Polly from Hull, and Commerce, from London, are now ſelling on the loweſt terms, by

WILLIAM & JOHN SITGREAVES,

8 w. in Front, below Cheſtnut ſtreet.

Gloucester county, State of New-Jerſey, Oct. 15, 1785.

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

At the houſe of JOSEPH MURRELL, at Long-a-coming, on the 3d day of November next, if not ſold before at private ſale, the following deſcribed Tracts of Land, Cedar Swamp, Mills, &c. being part of the eſtate of John Kay, deceaſed, to be ſold according to his laſt will and teſtament, viz.

A TRACT of Land and Cedar Swamp, containing 98 acres, ſome of which is excellent ſaw timber, lying on a branch of Great Egg-Harbour river, called Four Mile Beach, and will be divided into ſmall lots.

Alſo, a Tract of Land, ſituate on Timber creek, about four miles from Chew's Landing, containing 369 acres and an half, ſome of which will make meadow. There are on ſaid tract a good ſaw-mill, good griſt-mill, dwelling-houſe, ſtables, &c. and about 15 acres of ſaid land improved.

Alſo, a Lot of Land, containing 10 acres, adjoining the above, with a dwelling-houſe, and other improvements thereon.

Alſo, two tracts of Land, in Squamſquam neck, the one containing 198 acres, the other 134.

Alſo, one equal half part or ſhare of that (it being undivided) ſaw-mill, known by the name of Blue-Anchor Mill, with ſundry tracts of land, containing in the whole about 2500 acres, and lying adjacent.

Alſo, a Tract of Land, lying adjacent and on Great Egg-Harbour road, containing 300 acres, 50 of which are improved. There are on ſaid tract a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable and apple orchard, a well of water at the door, &c. and lying two miles from the above mentioned mill.

Alſo, two Tracts of Land, lying near White-Hall Mill, one containing 1213 acres, the other 450.

Alſo, ſundry ſmall ſurveys, lying on Great Egg-Harbour road, near the Blue-Anchor, containing near 100 acres each. The whole to be ſold together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer. The vendue to begin at ten o'clock on the ſaid day, when the conditions will be made known and attendance given, by

REBECCA KAY, Executrix,
ISAAC KAY, Executor.

N. B. Any perſon inclining to view the cedar ſwamp before the day of ſale, may ſee it, by applying to Joſiah Albertſon, at ſaid ſwamp. And any perſon inclining to view any other part of the ſaid lands or mills, may ſee them, by applying to Iſaac Kay, at the late dwelling-houſe of John Kay, deceaſed, on Timber creek. ¶

TO BE LETT,

For One, or a Term of YEARS,

A MALT and BREW-HOUSE,

SITUATE in Kent County, Maryland, a rich and healthy country. This MALT and BREW HOUSE, is capable of making Malt and Brewing thirty or forty barrels of Beer per week. For further particulars enquire of Nicholas Raſh, the corner of Seventh and Market-ſtreets, Philadelphia, or of the ſubſcriber, in Kent County, Maryland.

October 10, 1785. ISAAC PERKINS.

N. B. The beſt price is given for clean Flaxſeed, of this year's growth, by ſaid Raſh. tbc 5w.

STRAYED AWAY, laſt Tueſday evening, from Kenſington, a dark brown HORSE or PONEY, about thirteen and an half hands high, with a long tail, a large ſtar in his forehead, his near hind foot white, and has a white ſpot on his loins, had a ſaddle and bridle on; the ſaddle was a hunting ſaddle, the cloth blue and white ſtriped. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe, ſaddle and bridle, ſo that the owner gets them again, ſhall receive FIVE DOLLARS Reward, by applying to JACOB BENDER, Inn-keeper, the upper end of Kenſington. Oct. 15, 1785.

WAS taken up treſpaſſing on the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Upper Merion townſhip, Montgomery county, the 8th of September laſt, a brown HORSE, ſuppoſed to be about 6 or 7 years old, with a ſtar in his forehead, the near hind foot white, paces and trots, ſhod all round. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

October 8, 1785, ¶ MORDECAI MOORE.

Juſt PUBLISHED and to be Sold by

HALL & SELLERS,

Poor Richard's Almanack,

For the YEAR of our LORD 1786.

For public SALE,

On the 29th of Tenth Month, to begin at 12 o'clock,

A Valuable PLANTATION, ſituate in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, about eight miles from the city and three from Frankford, containing about 92 acres of land, about ſix acres of fine graſs meadow, and twice as much may be made at a ſmall expence. Near 20 acres of woodland; there is likewiſe a two ſtory ſtone houſe, a well of good water in the yard, and a ſpring at a ſmall diſtance, a frame barn and ſtabling, apple orchard, and a variety of other fruit trees. Likewiſe for ſale at the ſame time, horſes, cows, ſheep, and other things too tedious to mention. Attendance will be given, and the terms made known, by JAMES TYSON.

SAMUEL SHAW,

Has juſt imported per the ſhip Polly, from Hull, a good aſſortment of woollens, which are now opening at his ſtore, the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, ſeven doors above Second-ſtreet; among which are,

A QUANTITY of ſecond and low priced 6-qr. cloths, ſtriped duffils, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 qr. roſe blankets, mottled and green rugs, frizes, naps and bearſkins, halfthicks, kerſeys and plains, red and green 6-qr. baize, red and ſcarlet flannels, ſwanſkin, mens and womens worſted ſtockings, coatings and kendall cottons, and a variety of other articles from London, too tedious to mention.

The partnerſhip of SHAW and SYKES being diſſolved ſome time paſt, thoſe indebted are requeſted to pay their reſpective balances to the ſubſcriber, who is impowered to ſettle the ſame.

Philad. Oct. 16, 1785. ¶ SAMUEL SHAW.

GERMANS.

SOME Induſtrious MEN, with their WIVES, remain on board the ſhip Favourite, who would willingly ſerve a reaſonable time for the ſum remaining due for their paſſages, which is moderate. A reaſonable time will be given for payment, if required. Apply on board ſaid ſhip lying off Vine-ſtreet, or to CONYNGHAM, NESBITT and Company, or STEWART and NESBITT. § *Philad. Oct. 17, 1785.*

SALT,

From LISBON, juſt landing from on board the ſhip Marquis la Fayette, ALEXANDER CAIN, maſter, lying at Market-ſtreet wharff.

ALSO a few pipes and hogſheads TENERIFFE WINE. Enquire of ANDREW CALDWELL and Co. who have for ſale, Jamaica ſpirit, beſt Coniac brandy, ſail canvas, Dutch tin, bohea and green tea, &c. &c. &c. 6 w.

Juſt arrived from RUSSIA,

A Quantity of RUSSIA SHEETING,

Of a good Quality, and to be SOLD, by the BALE or PIECE,

By WILLIAM WELLS,

Living in Second ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the CHURCH, in PHILADELPHIA. † Oct. 12, 1785.

TO BE LETT,

On Freight to EUROPE, or the WEST-INDIES,

The SHIP POLLY,

THOMAS WILLIAMSON, Maſter,

BURTHEN about 180 Tons, has a Britiſh Regiſter and a new Mediterranean Paſs. For terms apply to Thomas, Samuel and Miers Fiſher.

Who have for SALE, Burr mill-ſtones of very good quality; London porter, in hogſheads, barrels and bottles; Britiſh ſail-cloth; Queens ware in crates; Delph ware aſſorted in hogſheads; a parcel of beſt Zant currants in caſks; bar and pig-lead; ſheathing paper and ſheathing nails; a few tons of Plaiſter of Paris of approved quality; tin in boxes; long and ſhort pipes in boxes; a ſmall quantity of good houſe coal, to be delivered from on board ſaid ſhip, at Stamper's Wharff.

Beſides a general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN MERCHANDIZE, they have ſeveral Packages of ironmongery and cutlery; ſtationary; Iriſh linens; mens and womens gloves and mitts; thread; bobbins; ticking and hoſe; which, in order to cloſe ſales, will be ſold ſome at and ſome conſiderably under the coſt.

Philadelphia, October 17, 1785. ¶

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

On the 14th day of November next, by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Weſt Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, about 2 miles from the White Horſe Tavern, on the Lancaſter road, containing about 100 acres, whereon are a ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, two rooms on a floor, a ſtone milk-houſe, log barn and ſtables, a good bearing orchard, about 6 acres of watered meadow and about 30 acres of woodland. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid, by

October 17, 1785. † DANIEL THOMSON.

Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, May 17, 1785.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in ſaid townſhip, laſt night, a dark bay HORSE, about 14 or 15 hands high, 5 years old, well made in the forehand, his hind legs, very crooked, not ſhod, no brand nor mark, except ſome white over the eyes. The thief is a ſlim made, with a torn light blue coat, he has been ſeen in Paxton road, in Cheſter county; he rode a ſorrel horſe, with a ſnip in the front, leading the ſtolen horſe. Whoever ſecures the thief and horſe, ſo that the thief may be convicted, ſhall have the above Reward, or THREE POUNDS for the horſe, if I get him again, paid by

† JOHN JOHNSON.

BROKE into the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in Radnor townſhip, Cheſter county, two COLTS, one a ſorrel, the other a bay; they are ſuppoſed to be two years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

October 13, 1785. † GRIFFITH JAMES.

BROUGHT to the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, at the ſign of the Darby Ram, in Church-alley, by a perſon whoſe name is M'Lennigen, July 29, 1785, a BUFFALOE HEIFFER. The owner is deſired to come, pay charges, and take her away, otherwiſe ſhe will ſold for the ſame.

¶ ABRAHAM SHERADEN.

CAME to the plantation now occupied by the ſubſcriber, in Blockley townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 5th of this inſtant, a brown GELDING, 13 or 14 hands high, branded on the off ſhoulder thus 5 P. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

October 6, 1785. ¶ JACOB AMOS.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Paſſyunk township, Philadelphia county, on the ſouthweſterly ſide of the road leading out of Paſſyunk road to State-Iſland, about two miles below the city of Philadelphia, containing about 55 acres of land: On this plantation is erected a fine large two ſtory brick houſe, with three rooms on each floor, two piazzas, two kitchens with chambers, and a ſmoke-houſe, a large frame barn, 60 by 35 feet, under-pinned with ſtones, frame ſtables, ſheds, chair-houſes and other out-houſes, a cyder-houſe, mill and preſs, and a large granary 22 feet ſquare; there are alſo on the premiſes a good kitchen garden, and an excellent nurſery conſiſting of a great number of the beſt and different kinds of apple trees, grafted and ungrafted; peach trees, inoculated and natural; different kinds of cherry trees, inoculated and natural; plumb trees, inoculated and natural, and elm trees. About 18 acres of this land are good upland meadow, and the remainder very good plough land. An excellent bearing apple orchard of about three acres, and a peach orchard of about ſix acres.

Likewiſe, will be Sold, an excellent Tract or Piece of Land, containing about 15 acres, ſituate on the north-eaſterly ſide of the aforeſaid road, oppoſite to the above deſcribed plantation, bounded on Schockonſon's creek, about ſix acres of this tract are very good meadows, and the remainder good upland, with about 100 apple trees of the beſt kind of fruit and in their prime on it, the whole is in prime order, and the title is indiſputable. The ſituation is pleaſant and healthy, and will ſuit either for a public houſe or gentleman's country ſeat. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, and know the terms, by applying to HENRY MAAG, on the premiſes. ‡

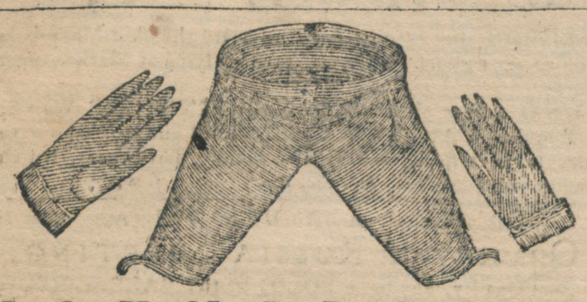
N. B. There is a fine lane or avenue leading from the road to the houſe, with a row of cherry trees on each ſide, conſiſting of about 20 May-dukes, Bleeding-hearts, White-hearts, &c.

EDUCATION.

THE Proteſtant Epiſcopal Academy at York-Town, in Pennſylvania, will be opened on the 1ſt of November next.----- Young gentlemen will be taught at the following prices, viz. In the claſſical and mathemetical ſchools at 6l. per annum; and in the Engliſh ſchool at 3l. per annum:----Entrance £1 15 0:---- In the latter the children of the poor will be taught gratis.

Boarding may be had at 18l. per annum---and in the genteeleſt families at 20l. The whole truſt and direction of this ſeminary is veſted in the rector, church-wardens and veſtrymen of the Engliſh Epiſcopal church of St. John, in York, and will be governed with the ſtricteſt attention to the learning, health, and morals of youth.

The plan of education is exactly ſimilar to that of the Epiſcopal Academy in this city; and it certainly claims the attention and patronage of all the friends of ſcience, and of the Church in particular.



JOHN BROOKS,

GLOVER and BREECHES MAKER,

RETURNS his moſt grateful thanks to the public in general, and his friends in particular, for the many favors conferred on him, hopes to merit a continuance of the ſame, having all neceſſaries of the firſt quality, and compleat hands in both branches, ſo as to be able to execute any orders that he may be favored with punctually, and in the compleateſt manner.

N. B. He has fur and all other kinds of gloves for ladies and gentlemen, together with buckſkin breeches of all qualities ready made, for wholeſale and retail, at his STORE, three doors above Third-ſtreet, in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the lot where the Old Goal formerly ſtood. Sept. 19, 1785.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY laſt night, the 2d inſtant, TWO Dutch ſervant MEN, the one named JOHN JACOB LAEDEL, a Shoemaker by trade, he is about 24 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has a very freſh complexion, remarkable red hair, which he wears tied, yelloviſh teeth, walks ſtraight and ſmart, ſpeaks broken Engliſh, had on when he went away, and took with him, a dark blue cloth coat, with red lining, 1 pair corduroy breeches and jacket, 2 pair nankeen breeches, 1 nankeen jacket, 1 ſpotted linen ditto with callico borders, 3 white ſhirts, 2 pair white cotton ſtockings, 1 pair grey worſted ditto, 1 pair of ſhort quartered ſhoes, with copper plated buckles, 1 round caſtor hat, bound with velvet, 1 black ſilk handkerchief, round his neck, and 1 red ſpotted linen handkerchief, which he wears round his neck at times; he alſo took with him, a compleat aſſortment of Shoemakers tools.

The other named JOHN GEORGE SHUBART, a Baker by trade, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, of a brown complexion, black hair, with a falſe tail, and grey eyes; had on when he went away, a purple coloured cloth coat, buff jacket, nankeen breeches, brown thread ſtockings, new ſhoes with large plated buckles, a new cock'd hat, and a red ſilk handkerchief round his neck; he alſo took with him, 3 ſhirts, 1 new and 2 old, 1 purple coloured jacket with ſleeves, 1 pair buff breeches and 1 pair old ſilk ſtockings. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or THREE POUNDS for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ ANDREW BOSHART,
Philad. Oct. 3, 1785. CONRAD HAASS.

ISAAC PAXSON & Co.

At their ſtore in Third-ſtreet, between Cheſnut and Walnut-ſtreets, ſell wholeſale and retail,

MILL, croſs-cut, hand, tennant, ſaſh, wood, dovetail and key-hole ſaws, ſmiths vizes, braſs and bell metal kettles, ſcythes and ſickles, ſpades and ſhovels, ſhovels and tongs, and braſs receivers, chain traces, pots, bake-ovens, ſkillets, kettles and bake-irons, patent iron and copper tea kettles, cart, waggon and chaiſe boxes, ſath pullies, lines and weights, braſs and iron rim, ſtock, cheſt, cupboard, till, pad and gun-locks, H, HL cheſt, table and patent hinges, braſs-nob and thumb-latches, round and flat bolts, braces and bitts compleat, braſs and iron candleſticks, carpenters, joiners and other tradeſmens tools, Turkey oil-ſtones and rubbers, ſadlery and cutlery in general, braſs handles, eſcutcheons and hinges, buckles, buttons and ſleeve links, nails, ſprigs and wood ſcrews, bellowſes, ſhaving boxes and bruſhes, grid-irons and ſcale beams, curry-combs and bruſhes, pewter, ivory and horn combs, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, Engliſh and country made glue, window glaſs, painters oil and colours, lamp and tanners oil, ſpirits of turpentine, copperas, &c. &c. ‡

Doctor JERICHO,

BEGS leave to acquaint the public, that he has taken lodgings at the Golden Swan, in Third-ſtreet, where he will reſide until the 10th of November enſuing; after which he muſt embrace the earlieſt opportunity, at the requeſt of his friends, of ſailing for St. Domingo, where his arrival will be expected.---- As there are many perſons in Pennſylvania, at ſuch a diſtance from the city that they do not regularly receive the papers, and therefore may not have the neceſſary information, the Doctor would requeſt the very Rev. Clergy in the country, to mention the time of his arrival and departure to their reſpective congregations, that thoſe who are unhappily blind from the cataract, or are ſubject to other diſeaſes of the eyes, may apply in ſeaſon, if they wiſh his aſſiſtance. †

JOHN PORTER, *Bruſh-Maker,*

On the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, and oppoſite the Pennſylvania Coffee-Houſe, has for SALE, a valuable aſſortment of BRUSHES, wholeſale and retail, conſiſting of the following kinds, viz.

SWEEPING-BRUSHES of all ſorts and ſizes; clamps, with or without blocks; hearth-bruſhes, mahogany, walnut, painted and plain; duſting-bruſhes, round and flat; hatters ditto, of all ſorts; painters ditto; weavers ditto; tanners and curriers ditto; round and angled furniture ditto; ſhoe ditto, and blacking ball of excellent qualities; bone and wood buckle bruſhes; mahogany, walnut and painted cloaths bruſhes; ſilverſmiths and braſs-founders wheel bruſhes; tooth bruſhes, with or without ſponges; ſhaving boxes, bruſhes and ſoap; hand ſcrubbing bruſhes of all ſorts; ſilk dyers and ſcowerers ditto ditto; fullers ditto ditto; baniſter and window bruſhes; Pope's head, or church ditto. With a variety of other ſorts not enumerated, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms, and will WARRANT his work not to fail. He is obliged to his friends and former cuſtomers for their favors, and hopes for a continuance thereof, as he means to keep up a conſtant ſupply. Town and country ſtore and ſhopkeepers may be ſupplied at the ſhorteſt notice.

N. B. He ſells meal and ſand ſeives, and gives the beſt price for hogs briſtles and horſe hair. §

CAME to the Houſe of the ſubſcriber, at the Sign of the Darby Ram, in Church Alley, the 9th inſtant, a black ſtray HORSE and SADDLE, about 12 hands high, a ſmall blaze in his face, 2 white feet, 2 ſaddle marks, loſt his right eye, trots and canters, thought to be 20 years old. The owner is requeſted to call in two weeks from this date, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be ſold for the ſame, by † ABRAHAM SHERIDAN.

RAN AWAY on Sunday, the 18th of this month, from the ſubſcriber, living in Shippen ſtreet, an Iriſh ſervant LAD, named JAMES KARMAN, about 16 or 17 years of age, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high; ſaid lad has a blue mark on the back of one of his hands, it is ſuppoſed to be done with powder, has ſhort black hair; he came to this country about a year ago, had on, when he went away, a long blue cloth coat, about half worn; he took with him a pair of jean breeches of a cloth colour, a white cotton jacket, an old felt hat that has been bound round, 2 white ſhirts half worn, and 1 pair of thread ſtockings. Whoever will take up ſaid ſervant, and bring him to his maſter, in Shippen-ſtreet, ſhall receive EIGHT SPANISH MILLED DOLLARS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by
Sept. 19,, 1785 ¶ JAMES DUNCAN.

RICHARD NORTH,

STONE-CUTTER, from LONDON,
Begs leave to acquaint the PUBLIC,

THAT he has opened a ſhop on the *north ſide* of Market-ſtreet, between Seventh and Eighth-ſtreets; where he propoſes to carry on the buſineſs of a Stone-cutter in all its various branches. Monuments, Tombs, Head-ſtones, Chimney-pieces, Steps and Platforms, may be had on the ſhorteſt notice.

N. B. An elegant Chimney-piece for ſale. ¶

Genteel BOARDING & LODGING,

For MEN or CHILDREN. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

Doctor HILL's *American Balſam,*

IS ſold in Philadelphia, by Mr. William Poſtell, at his ſtore, three doors below Market-ſtreet, in Second-ſtreet, directly oppoſite the Friend's Meeting-houſe gate; alſo by Mr. George Reinholt, in Market-ſtreet, next door to the black Bear; by Mr. Steiner, at the German Printing Office, in Race-ſtreet; at Germantown, by Mr. Juſtus Fox; at Lancaſter, by Ludwick Louman, Eſq; at New-York, by Mr. Hugh Gaine; and by the ſubſcriber at her place in Blockley; price ſix ſhillings and ſixpence a bottle, and by the dozen ſix ſhillings a bottle.

This Balſam is now upwards of 20 years ſo well known in America, that it is a moſt effectual and infallible medicine for colds, coughs and aſthmas; it gives great relief in the moſt painful rheumatiſm, in cholics, gravel and conſumption; it is a moſt excellent cure in the whooping cough, and in moſt all the diſorders and ſickneſſes of children, and for many other diſeaſes, as may be ſeen in the printed directions in Engliſh and German on each bottle. In old diſeaſes of long ſtanding, it will be neceſſary to continue the uſe of this healing balſam for a reaſonable time, by more than one ſingle bottle, and then they may expect relief from this, as thouſands of people can teſtify who have tried other things without ſucceſs; there are indeed ſeveral balſams and preparations of medicine, which gives ſometimes preſent relief for a ſhort time in many diſorders, but ſoon after returns more furious than before, but this American balſam performed perfect and effectual cures; its fame is ſpread moſt every where, it is almoſt inconceivable to hear what ſurpriſing cures this balſam has performed with people who have tried and experienced its happy and wonderful effects: Each bottle is ſealed up with the repreſentation of a certain plant in a heart, and if any balſam under this name ſhould be ſold at any other place not mentioned in my advertiſements, the public may be aſſured it is not Dr. Hill's balſam, but counterfeit, becauſe no other perſon is able to prepare the genuine balſam, for want of the principal ingredients of which Dr. Hill's American balſam is compoſed.

Since the former proprietors are deceaſed, both William Young junior and ſenior, therefore the preſent is a ſiſter to William Young, jun. Botaniſt. ¶ CHRISTIANA LEECH.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of CALEB SHEWARD, deceaſed, late of the borough of Wilmington, brewer, are requeſted to call and diſcharge the ſame: And thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts legally atteſted, in order that they may be adjuſted and ſettled by the ſubſcribers; who have for ſale a four wheel Chaiſe entirely new. HANNAH SHEWARD, Adminiſtratrix,
Wilmington, JAMES GIBBONS.) Adminiſtrat.
Sept. 12, 1785. THOMAS MARRIOTT,)

N. B. As the brewing buſineſs is intended to be carried on as uſual, a continuation of favours from former cuſtomers and others will be gratefully acknowledged. §

Salem county, September 5, 1785.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber on the 23d day of January laſt, a Negro man, named CATO, though it is likely he will change it; he is about 30 years age, 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and well ſhaped for a Negro. Had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat, about halfworn, the fore parts of his waiſtcoat blue, and the backs white cloth, buckſkin breeches, grey yarn ſtockings, thick ſhoes, and a half worn felt hat. He was born in Guinea, but ſpeaks good Engliſh. He chops and ditches, and does all ſorts of work left-handed, has a tooth in the roof of his mouth, loves ſtrong liquor, and when intoxicated is apt to ſwear. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by THOMAS CARNEY.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and perſons going to the back country are warned not to take him off, at their peril. †

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Lower Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, a ſmall dark bay STALLION, 6 or 7 years old, 14 hands high, light made, low in fleſh, no marks except a very ſmall ſtar, trots and canters, ſlack of courage, but carries well: The owner proving property and paying charges may have him again, by applying to
June 3, 1785. § JOHN HOLME.

Wincheſter, Auguſt 10, 1785.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation, about ſeven miles from the Borough of Wincheſter, on Monday, the 8th inſtant, a likely Negroe LAD, named NED; he is between 18 and 19 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, can read and write a little; walks as if he was lame, and turns out his toes remarkably; had on, when he went away, a white drilling coat, black breeches, a ruffled ſhirt, a grey great coat, and carried with him ſundry baggage, conſiſting of books, writing paper, old cloaths, &c. It is more than probable he may forge a paſs badly written. Whoever takes up the ſaid Negroe, and delivers him to the ſubſcriber in Wincheſter, ſhall receive Two Dollars, if taken within five miles of this or the place from whence he abſconded; if 20 miles, or out of the county, Four Dollars, and reaſonable charges; and if out of this ſtate, Fifteen Dollars, paid by
† JOSEPH HOLMES.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Ridley townſhip, about two miles from Cheſter, two Dutch ſervants, viz. FREDERICK KNODLE and his wife MARIA; he is about 5 feet 5 inches high, has a large mouth, ſhort hair, and a ſharp eye; he talks much about Amſterdam, and is near 30 years of age, but has a young look, ſpeaks good Engliſh. It is likely he will hire as a hand in a mill, having been uſed to that work ſince he has been in the country. MARIA ſays ſhe is 32 years of age, but has an older look, and talks not as good Engliſh as her huſband. Their clothes are uncertain, as they have different changes. Whoever ſecures the above ſervants, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by RICHARD FLOWER, at Crum Creek Mill, or JOHN WALL, in Philadelphia. † September 10, 1785.

East Bradford, Cheſter county, Sept. 11, 1785.

WHEREAS a certain JOSEPH M'CARTY, of Weſt Bradford, hath obtained a note from me the ſubſcriber, for the ſum of Six Pounds Fifteen Shillings, dated the 16th day of Auguſt laſt paſt, for which he was to give me a caſe of drawers, which is not complied with, nor have I received any conſideration for the ſame; I do hereby forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on ſaid note, as I am determined not to pay the ſame until compelled by a due courſe of law.
§ HANNAH KANE.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away, from the ſubſcribers, on the 17th of July laſt, two negroe Men, one named SIMON SMITH, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, a ſtout well built fellow, has a blemiſh in one eye, occaſioned by the ſmall-pox, a ſcar on one ankle; had on, when he went away, a corduroy under jacket, linnen ſhirt and trowſers. TITUS, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a ſtout well built fellow, he was apprehended the ſecond of Auguſt, and put into Burlington goal, but obtained leave to go out to work, from whence he ran away September 17; he had on at that time, a check ſhirt, a ſtriped worſted under jacket, linnen trowſers, a pair of ſhort boots, and a round hat. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid negroes, in any goal, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall receive Twelve Dollars reward, or Six Dollars for either, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by ABRAHAM VANCAMPEN, Eſq; and JOHN WESBROOK, living on Delaware, in Walbec townſhip, on Paqually creek, near the blue mountains, Suſſex county, ſtate of New-Jerſey.

N. B. The ſaid Titus has changed his name to John Hercules Smith; they both ſpeak the Low Dutch language.

WHEREAS we the ſubſcribers have at preſent a large quantity of FRUIT TREES of the largeſt kind, rather more ſo than common, and particularly of the beſt ſort, having large bearing orchards, by experience found out which ſort are to the moſt advantage for all kinds of uſe. The Public may depend upon being ſupplied with a large quantity of Apples, Pears and Plumbs, likewiſe Cherry trees of the beſt kind. The uſual time of planting being about the beginning of the month called November, while the ground is open from froſt, and as ſoon in the ſpring as the froſt will permit, until the leaves are out. Being in partnerſhip, we drive on the buſineſs with great expedition. We will take Wheat, Rye, Corn, Buck-wheat and Oats in payment for Trees.
RUDOLPH HAINS,
Uwchland, 9th Month, 1785. SAMUEL HAINS,
DAVID ESPIN.
‡

N. B. As there is frequently lumps of gum on the ſmall twigs, take them off when the leaves are off; taking them away will prevent caterpillars.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

THAT valuable PLANTATION, FRIEDENSTHAL, on the Buſh-kill, in the Forks of Delaware, 6 miles from Eaſton, and two from Nazareth, on the road from Eaſton to the Wind Gap, containing about 700 acres; there is on the premiſes a griſt-mill, with two pair of ſtones and ſtone walls, on a never failing ſtream, a two ſtory log dwelling-houſe, log ſtables and a large barn, with ſtables built of ſtone, two orchards, upwards of 100 acres cleared plow land, and about 40 acres good meadows, ſufficient to keep a large ſtock of cattle. On paying one third of the purchaſe money, time will be given to pay the remainder. For further particulars, enquire at the Taverns at Bethlehem and Lehi.

N. B. If this plantation is not ſold before the firſt of January next, it will be rented out for ſome years. ¶ 4 w.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

OCTOBER, 1785. THE NUMB. 2891.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1785.

SAMUEL SHAW,

Has juſt imported per the ſhip Polly, from Hull, a good aſſortment of woollens, which are now opening at his ſtore, the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, ſeven doors above Second-ſtreet; among which are,

A QUANTITY of ſecond and low priced 6-qr. cloths, ſtriped duffils, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 qr. roſe blankets, mottled and green rugs, frizes, naps and bearſkins, halfthicks, kerſeys and plains, red and green 6-qr. baize, red and ſcarlet flannels, ſwanſkin, mens and womens worſted ſtockings, coatings and kendall cottons, and a variety of other articles from London, too tedious to mention.

The partnerſhip of SHAW and SYKES being diſſolved ſome time paſt, thoſe indebted are requeſted to pay their reſpective balances to the ſubſcriber, who is impowered to ſettle the ſame.

Philad. Oct. 16, 1785. ¶ SAMUEL SHAW.

GERMANS.

SOME Induſtrious MEN, with their WIVES, remain on board the ſhip Favourite, who would willingly ſerve a reaſonable time for the ſum remaining due for their paſſages, which is moderate. A reaſonable time will be given for payment, if required. Apply on board ſaid ſhip lying off Vine-ſtreet, or to CONYNGHAM, NESBITT and Company, or STEWART and NESBITT. § *Philad. Oct.* 17, 1785.

SALT,

From LISBON, juſt landing from on board the ſhip Marquis la Fayette, ALEXANDER CAIN, maſter, lying at Market-ſtreet wharff.

ALSO a few pipes and hogſheads TENERIFFE WINE. Enquire of ANDREW CALDWELL and Co. who have for ſale, Jamaica ſpirit, beſt Coniac brandy, ſail canvas, Dutch tin, bohea and green tea, &c. &c. &c. 6 w.

Juſt arrived from RUSSIA,

A Quantity of RUSSIA SHEETING,

Of a good Quality, and to be SOLD, by the BALE or PIECE,

By WILLIAM WELLS,

Living in Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the CHURCH, in PHILADELPHIA. † Oct. 12, 1785.

TO BE LETT,

On Freight to EUROPE, or the WEST-INDIES,

The SHIP POLLY,

THOMAS WILLIAMSON, Maſter,

BURTHEN about 180 Tons, has a Britiſh Regiſter and a new Mediterranean Paſs. For terms apply to Thomas, Samuel and Miers Fiſher.

Who have for SALE, Burr mill-ſtones of very good quality; London porter, in hogſheads, barrels and bottles; Britiſh ſail-cloth; Queens ware in crates; Delph ware aſſorted in hogſheads; a parcel of beſt Zant currants in caſks; bar and pig-lead; ſheathing paper and ſheathing nails; a few tons of Plaiſter of Paris of approved quality; tin in boxes; long and ſhort pipes in boxes; a ſmall quantity of good houſe coal, to be delivered from on hoard ſaid ſhip, at Stamper's Wharff.

Beſides a general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN MERCHANDIZE, they have ſeveral Packages of ironmongery and cutlery; ſtationary; Iriſh linens; mens and womens gloves and mitts; thread; bobbins; ticking and hoſe; which, in order to cloſe ſales, will be ſold ſome at and ſome conſiderably under the coſt.

Philadelphia, October 17, 1785. ¶

IMPORTED in the laſt Veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD by

TOWERS and EVANS,

Next to the Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe, in Market-ſtreet,

A quantity of PLATE GLASS,

26 inches by 20, 24 by 18, 20 by 16, and 18 by 14,

Window Glaſs of exact ſizes from 16 by 12 to 10 by 8.

ALSO; a freſh ASSORTMENT of

Drugs, Medicines, Painters Colours, &c.

LOW PRICED

STRIPED and Roſe Blankets of all Sizes,
Green and mottled Rugs and Coverlids,
Plains and Halfthicks,
Bearſkins and Fearnaughts,
Duffils and Coatings,
Damſon Kendale Cottons,
Common and double milled Broadcloths,
Spotted Swanſkins and ſtriped Linſeys,
Flannels and Baize of all Colours,

With a conſiderable Variety of other GOODS ſuited to the Seaſon, juſt imported by the Polly from Hull, and Commerce, from London, are now ſelling on the loweſt terms, by

WILLIAM & JOHN SITGREAVES,

8 w. in Front, below Cheſtnut-ſtreet.

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

On the 14th day of November next, by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Weſt Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, about 2 miles from the White Horſe Tavern, on the Lancaſter road, containing about 100 acres, whereon are a ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, two rooms on a floor, a ſtone milk-houſe, log barn and ſtables, a good bearing orchard, about 6 acres of watered meadow and about 30 acres of woodland. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid, by

October 17, 1785. † DANIEL THOMSON.

BROKE into the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in Radnor townſhip, Cheſter county, two COLTS, one a ſorrel, the other a bay; they are ſuppoſed to be two years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

October 13, 1785. † GRIFFITH JAMES.

BROUGHT to the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, at the ſign of the Darby Ram, in Church-alley, by a perſon whoſe name is M'Lennigen, July 29, 1785, a BUFFALOE HEIFFER. The owner is deſired to come, pay charges, and take her away, otherwiſe ſhe will ſold for the ſame.

¶ ABRAHAM SHERADEN.

TO BE LETT,

For One, or a Term of YEARS,

A MALT and BREW-HOUSE,

SITUATE in Kent County, Maryland, a rich and healthy country. This MALT and BREW-HOUSE, is capable of making Malt and Brewing thirty or forty barrels of Beer per week. For further particulars enquire of Nicholas Raſh, the corner of Seventh and Market-ſtreets, Philadelphia, or of the ſubſcriber, in Kent County, Maryland.

October 10, 1785. ISAAC PERKINS.

N. B. The beſt price is given for clean Flaxſeed, of this year's growth, by ſaid Raſh. t b c 5 w.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JAMES WHARTON, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment; and thoſe who have demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to produce them, properly proved, to JOSIAH HEWES and WILLIAM GOVETT, Act. Executors.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17, 1785.

Was found in this city, a few days ago, A BRASS KETTLE. The owner, on proving property and paying charges, may have it again. Enquire of the Printers.

Philad. Oct. 13, 1785.

Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, May 17, 1785.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in ſaid townſhip, laſt night, a dark bay HORSE, about 14 or 15 hands high, 5 years old, well made in the forehand, his hind legs, very crooked, not ſhod, no brand nor mark, except ſome white over the eyes. The thief is a ſlim made, with a torn light blue coat, he has been ſeen in Paxton road, in Cheſter county; he rode a ſorrel horſe, with a ſnip in the front, leading the ſtolen horſe. Whoever ſecures the thief and horſe, ſo that the thief may be convicted, ſhall have the above Reward, or THREE POUNDS for the horſe, if I get him again, paid by

† JOHN JOHNSON.

TO BE SOLD,

The Time of an healthy, ſtrong

DUTCH GIRL,

Who has SEVEN YEARS to ſerve.

To be LETT, a front STORE and CELLAR,

Very convenient for the Dry Good Buſineſs. Situate in a public part of Market-ſtreet. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

Philadelphia, Tenth month 10th, 1785. †

STRAYED AWAY, laſt Tueſday evening, from Kenſington, a dark brown HORSE or PONEY, about thirteen and an half hands high, with a long tail, a large ſtar in his forehead, his near hind foot white, and has a white ſpot on his loins, had a ſaddle and bridle on; the ſaddle was a hunting ſaddle, the cloth blue and white ſtriped. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe, ſaddle and bridle, ſo that the owner gets them again, ſhall receive FIVE DOLLARS Reward, by applying to JACOB BENDER, Inn-keeper, the upper end of Kenſington. Oct. 15, 1785.

PARIS, Auguſt 5.

THE Ex-preſident Entrecaſtaux was upon the point of being embarked for the Brazils, when he fell dangerouſly ill from exceſs of remorſe, and on the 16th of laſt month he felt his end approaching, and requeſted the Queen of Portugal to ſend him one of her Secretaries, who took down his laſt declaration, in which he owns himſelf the murderer of his wife, at one o'clock in the morning of the 1ſt of May, 1784; when he entered her room quite naked, and getting upon the bed, put her head between his knees, and with a razor cut her throat; ſhe cried out, but he ſtopped her mouth, and he finiſhed his bloody buſineſs without the victim making the leaſt noiſe; when ſhe was quite dead, he went into a ſmall yard, and waſhed his whole body with water. This abominable criminal totally exculpates any of his ſervants from having the ſmalleſt concern in the horrid deed; he died on the 17th, and by order of the Queen, he was expoſed to public view, with his face uncovered, for 24 hours.

LONDON, *Auguſt* 9.

Our *friends* on the other ſide of the channel have ever looked wiſtfully on Ireland, as an excellent *place of arms*; ſhould their fleets ever be able to procure them the poſſeſſion, adieu to our boaſted ſuperiority! adieu to the glory of Britain! The meaſures of our rulers cannot but attract their attention, and no doubt inſpires them with the hopes of being once more the aſſerters of freedom, and as ſucceſsful as they were in promoting that glorious cauſe on the other ſide of the Atlantic. The Spaniards would not long want a plea, as uſual, the Muſquito ſhore is now teeming with the embrio, and we ſhall have the ſame number of friends as on a former occaſion. O Britain! where is thy ſtrength! thoſe parents of thy greatneſs, thy trade, thy commerce; have received ſo many wounds, that their former vigour is decaying faſt, and with them, thou muſt fall to riſe no more.

Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, July 1.

"The perſons employed by our Sovereign to make diſcoveries in the moſt Weſtern parts of her dominions, ſet off laſt month. The Baron de Walchenſtedz, who has the command of this expedition, and ſeveral other officers, took their leave of the Empreſs, two days before their departure. The detachment conſiſts of 810 men under the command of 107 officers, beſides ſeveral engineers, draftſmen, and an hiſtoriographer, who acts as Secretary to the Commandant. In the courſe of this buſineſs they will travel upwards of 4000 Engliſh miles, through deſerts hitherto nearly unknown. Neither the difficulty nor the expence attending this undertaking, could divert the Empreſs from it. The great recompence ſhe has promiſed to thoſe who have engaged in it from all quarters, give reaſon to hope for its ſucceſs, which will add freſh luſtre to the reputation of the immortal Catharine."

Laſt week at Braintree and Chelmsford markets, wheat was ſold from 9l. to 10l. 5s. per load, when about a month ſince it was ſold for 12l. per load, occaſioned by the agreeable proſpect of a plentiful harveſt; there is likewiſe a fine proſpect of hops. Walnuts, acorns, filberds, and nuts are very ſcarce.

Auguſt 15. The duke of Dorſet left Paris on the following grounds: he was directed by lord Carmarthen to remonſtrate with the court of Verſailles, on the extraordinary equipment of ſo conſiderable a ſquadron of ſhips at this pacific period, and categorically to demand its deſtination? To this, the French miniſter poſitively refuſed an anſwer; his grace ſent over an account of the ſingular treatment he had received, and waited ten days for further inſtructions, but in vain; in conſequence of which he determined to return home, in hopes of receiving in perſon ſuch further inſtructions on ſo important a point, which he found himſelf unable to procure in the uſual courſe of official correſpondence!

The deſign of the court of France in their preſent naval equipments, is no ſecret in Paris, where every Engliſhman is told that the grand monarque is thus meditating the deliverance of the Iriſh, from the further yoke of Britiſh tyranny!

Mr. Pitt, the Premier of England, is daily trifling away his time upon the Steine of Brighthelmſtone, in company with Mrs. Steele, while the miniſter of France is actively employed in equipping a gallic ſquadron, that evidently has not the *welfare* of the Britiſh empire for its immediate object!

The conceſſions made by the Spaniards to the Algerines, are ſaid to be in conſequence of certain intelligence, that the Spaniſh Americans are determined to take the firſt opportunity of ſhaking off their yoke; and that it is neceſſary for the court of Madrid to be perpetually on their guard againſt a revolt ſo premeditated and determined.

Can the weakneſs and ignorance of miniſters be more ſtrongly adduced, than has been done in their various reaſons for equipping out the preſent ſquadron at Portſmouth. At firſt they denied any ſhips were ordered out; then, that it was merely a cruiſe to keep the ſhips in commiſſion in order; and now it is nothing more than a preparation for a royal review. Do they really ſuppoſe that ſuch fallacy can receive a moment's credit, or that any perſon will believe that ſix months proviſions would have been ordered on board for a cruiſe in the Channel, or to give our gracious ſovereign an idea of a ſea engagement?

Extract of a letter from Paris, Auguſt 1.

"The diſgrace of the Comte de Graſſe it at an end. The Miniſter of marine has written to him, that he may come to court. He has not yet appeared there; but it is thought he will be preſent at the proceſſion of the Red Ribbons on St. Louis's day."

Auguſt 19. Letters from Berlin, dated July 30. mention, that M. Beutwitz, the Hanoverian Miniſter, had diſpatched a ſecond meſſenger to his Court. A Ruſſian Courrier paſſed through here three days ago, in his way to London. The Miniſter from the Landgrave of Heſſe Caſſel, is expected here ſoon; and as he probably will be ſoon followed by ſome other German Princes, it is conjectured that the affair of the Germanic confederation will ſoon be brought to a concluſion.

The French veſſel which lately refuſed to pay the accuſtomed honour to one of his Majeſty's ſloops of war, though on our own coaſt, was, it is now perfectly known, taking ſoundings of the coaſts of Hampſhire; ſhe had been ſeen in the Needles about the Iſle of Wight, and if ſhe had not been diſcovered; would probably have gone to St. Helen's, or Spithead. This affair has been huſhed up, but it has given ſome alarm. The French, during the late war, had by ſome means got the ſoundings of Plymouth and Portſmouth harbours, all the principal ports in the Channel, the mouth of the Thames &c. which they are now in poſſeſſion of.

A report was circulated in the city, that the miniſter of the Iriſh Houſe of Commons was left in a minority on Monday.

A letter received yeſterday from Liſbon ſays, that news having been received, that the Algerines had taken ſeveral ſhips bound to Cadiz, and carried them into Algiers. A fleet of men of war was preparing to ſail to Algiers to demand the ſhips to be releaſed, and if refuſed, to make repriſals of all the Barbary veſſels they meet with, and to bring them into ſome port belonging to the Portugueſe, that the crews may be made ſlaves of.

The fate of the Iriſh propoſitions in the Houſe of Commons in Ireland, gives no diſpleaſure even to the friends of the Miniſtry here, who are of opinion that an union may hereafter be formed of a more permanent and ſatisfactory nature, by a delegation from the Parliaments of both kingdoms, than can be formed by the Miniſterial Cabinet. And this would anſwer the purpoſe of a commercial treaty better, for while, according to Mr. Ortle's idea, the Iriſh parliament are at liberty to make laws to rectify or amend in caſes where they ſhall hereafter think themſelves aggrieved, there would be no ſecurity given to England, and the two kingdoms might hereafter make laws againſt each other, until the whole commercial treaty was deſtroyed, and confuſion introduced.

The advices from Ireland have filled the cabinet with the moſt ſerious alarm, and they now, to their coſt, find that the aſſertions of oppoſition here, with reſpect to the diſlike of the Iriſh to the new-fangled propoſitions, were founded on ſomething more than mere declamation. The miniſter on the firſt day carries his queſtion by a majority of ſixteen. A majority ſo very trifling, that it is impoſſible for Mr. Pitt to attempt carrying them through the houſe, after ſo marked a declaration of the ſenſe of the people.

I was yeſterday reported at the weſt end of the town, that a meſſenger had been diſpatched to Ireland to forbid any further diſcuſſion of the propoſitions, as from the account of the firſt diviſion adminiſtration was convinced they would be diſgracefully rejected by the parliament of that kingdom.

What is become of all the boaſtings of the miniſterial runners, that the propoſitions would be carried in Ireland by a great majority? We find on the very firſt queſtion, notwithſtanding the notorious venality of that parliament, the miniſter can obtain only a majority of nineteen, and on the ſecond but ſixteen. If ſuch then is his ſucceſs when backed by the whole ſtrength of the Caſtle influence, what muſt be the conſequence when the preſent minority find themſelves ſupported by the whole force of the people, who univerſally execrate Mr. Pitt's inſidious attempt to deprive Ireland of her conſtitutional independence? Why that the ſleepy duke and his ſapient ſecretary will be driven with the moſt infamous diſgrace from a country which they have meanly attempted to enſlave.

LONDON.

Auguſt 13. A private letter from Liſbon adviſes, that the Queen of Portugal, with the unanimous conſent of her Council, has diſpatched a light frigate to Fernambuco and Rio de Janeiro, in Brazil, to ſtop, if poſſible, the ſailing of the annual fleet, which uſually arrives about the beginning of October, laden with gold, ſilver, diamonds, and other precious ſtones, deer, elk, tyger, &c. ſkins, dreſſed in hair, medical drugs, dying ſtuffs, chocolate, coffee, cotton, ſugar and tobacco.

The Gazette which firſt announced this intelligence, aſſigns no reaſon for theſe extraordinary orders; but it is no leſs certain, that the packet has ſailed with her Majeſty's inſtructions to the Commodore on that ſtation; and that the whole city ſeemed in great confuſion when the letter came away, which is dated the 12th of July.

Auguſt 16. The late edict of the French King, however diſregarded in the capital of the Britiſh dominions, has already produced very ſerious effects in the extremities of the Empire. The linen manufacture, more eſpecially of Scotland, already feels a ſtagnation, which goes well nigh to convulſe the country. The rents of a prodigious number of farmers are paid entirely by the flax they rear within their own premiſes, the yarn they ſpin and ſell, and the linen they manufacture and bring to the market.

In Paiſley, Perth, Dumfermline, Kirkaldy, and ſeveral other places of inferior note, manufactures, which altogether employ above 20,000 individuals, are for the preſent abſolutely ſtopt. Theſe poor unfortunate labourers, who have no other dependence than their manual exertions, muſt inevitably become riotous, before they or their families be literally ſtarved.

Combinations in moſt of the towns abovementioned are conſequently formed. In Paiſley, particularly, the operative weavers are a very powerful and daring body of men, eſpecially under ſuch a preſſure as that which they muſt now feel.

The following is the report at Portſmouth, whether true or falſe we will not pretend to determine: That ſome ſoldiers of the garriſon at Gibraltar, ſuppoſed to have been bribed, made an attempt to blow up the magazines, but a lighted match was diſcovered in time to prevent the exploſion. Several ſuſpicious people were inſtantly made examples of. And the report further ſays, that ſeveral French ſhips of the line were arriving off the Fort.

By the act prohibiting the export of tools and utenſils, a ſtop has been put to a very conſiderable part of our commerce with America and the Weſt-India iſlands. Not a hammer, a ſpade, an ax, a hoe, or any other inſtrument, either of art or huſbandry, can be exported in conſequence of that act. A repreſentation has been made to the Treaſury on the ſtoppage made at the Cuſtom houſe, and the act is, like all the reſt, to be altered in the enſuing ſeſſion; but in mean time either a very heavy grievance is to be incurred, or the government of the country muſt condeſcend to ſuffer the evaſion of their own acts.

IRISH HOUSE OF LORDS.

THURSDAY, Auguſt 11.

THE Lord Lieutenant came down with the uſual ſtate, and gave the royal aſſent to a number of public and private bills. After the Lord Lieutenant had retired,

Lord *Mountmorres* roſe and ſaid, My Lords, I am to acknowledge an act of politeneſs from the oſtenſible Miniſter, which I ſuppoſe, however, I have ſhared in common with other Lords—that of a communication of a bill now depending in the Britiſh Parliament, relative to a commercial (I wiſh I could not ſay conſtitutional) arrangement between Great-Britain and Ireland.

The letter was ſuperſcribed by Mr. Orde, and in ſending it to me, I am ſure he ſent it to one who has been a faithand honorable friend to the preſent Adminiſtration, both here and elſewhere.

Though many circumſtances, too tedious to relate, may have changed that deſignation, I was a ſtrong advocate, my Lords, for the eleven propoſitions, as they paſſed the Parliament of Ireland, but I cannot approve them with all the crotchets, additions, riders, and interpolations that have ſince taken place in the Britiſh Parliament.

I know, my Lords, as a conſtant attendant upon their debates, that nine Propoſitions have been added: Why have they not been laid before the Lords and Commons of Ireland, and why is this bill, founded on twenty propoſitions in the Britiſh Parliament, privately communicated, that we might paſs over the intermediate tranſactions, and paſs *per ſaltum* to the adoption of the bill of the Britiſh Parliament, and thereby to put into practice the fourth obnoxious propoſition, by a ſpeedy regiſter and adoption of a Britiſh act of Parliament?

Circumſtanced, my Lords, as we are, I riſe to aſk from ſome Lord in the confidence of Adminiſtration, if any ſuch there be in this aſſembly, when Adminiſtration mean to communicate their intended arrangement to this Houſe? At preſent we are altogether at a loſs to know what is intended, and find ourſelves at ſea without a card or compaſs to direct us.

I truſt, my Lords, that we ſhall not be called upon to decide in a day upon what the Britiſh Parliament have taken five months to diſcuſs; my wiſh, I own, is, that this arrangement may be put off till next ſeſſions, and that an humble addreſs ſhould be preſented to his Majeſty, ſtating our gratitude and acknowledgments for the advantages we have obtained under his reign, but wiſhing that a matter of this moment may not be haſtily precipitated.

I aſk it, my Lords, as an act of politeneſs from ſome Lord in the confidence of Adminiſtration, to inform this Houſe when the propoſed arrangement ſhall come under the conſideration of this Aſſembly?

[There did not appear to be any Lord in the confidence of Adminiſtration who knew when the propoſitions would make their appearance; and after ſome pauſe Lord Mountmorres reſumed.]

My Lords, I am not embarraſſed by the ſilence of Adminiſtration; as a friend to my country, I ſhall have the honor of preferring to your Lordſhips conſideration, a motion, either by way of reſolution, or as an addreſs upon this momentous ſubject, on the next day of our meeting.

The *Chancellor* then gave notice, that it would be neceſſary, according to the regular mode of parliamentary proceeding, to have a conference upon ſome amendments that were diſagreed to by the Houſe of Commons; the conſideration of which was adjourned to Saturday.

The proper officer attended at the bar with a liſt of the patents to the Lord High Treaſurer and Vice Treaſurers of Ireland; but on a motion that the return had not been regularly made in compliance with the order,

The *Lord Chancellor* moved, that he ſhould be ordered to attend the Houſe on Saturday.

The ſeveral orders were adjourned to Saturday; after which the Houſe adjourned.

IRISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, Auguſt 12.

In conſequence of Mr. Orde's notice of the preceding evening, that he would the next day bring forward a propoſition, grounded on the ſteps taken by the two Houſes of Parliament on the ſubject of a commercial arrangement between this country and Great-Britain, the public curioſity was excited to the higheſt pitch, and a large attendance both of members and auditors was aſſembled early. Our galleries began filling by eleven o'clock in the forenoon, which is here a very uncommon circumſtance; and her Grace the Ducheſs of Rutland, for the firſt time, was preſent the whole day to hear the debates.

Mr. *Orde* came in about four, and, in a ſpeech of three hours duration, explained to the Houſe the purport and tendency of a bill, which he ſtated it to be his intention to move for leave to bring in, under the title of "A Bill for effectuating the intercourſe and commerce between Great-Britain and Ireland, on permanent and equitable principles, for the mutual benefit of both kingdoms." Mr. Orde maintained, that his intended bill was grounded upon the eleven propoſitions originally voted by both Houſes of the Iriſh Parliament, which he contended, in point of principle, were not altered by the modifications and exceptions of the Britiſh Houſes of Lords and Commons, who had ſo far changed their form as to put tions, them into the ſhape and number of twenty reſolubut had not made them one atom the worſe for Ireland. After an ample detail of the nature and neceſſity of each modification, Mr. Orde ſtated a few alterations that he ſhould propoſe to inſert into the bill, and repeated ſeveral arguments that he had uſed in the commencement of his ſpeech on the general tendency of the whole proceeding, which he ſtated to be neceſſary on the part of the Parliament of Ireland, in order to bring the meaſures taken by them, and the meaſures taken upon the ſame ſubject by the Parliament of Great-Britain, nearer to a point, ſo that they might draw them together, and by conſolidating and uniting both, form a cement or firm maſs to ſerve as the baſe for an edifice to be erected to laſt for ages, a monument of union and concord between the two countries. Mr. Orde read three of his clauſes, two of them to go into the middle of his bill, and the third to form its concluſion, in order to allay the apprehenſions and alarms of thoſe who had thought that ſuch an uſe would be made of the fourth reſolution, as would amount to a violation and infringement of the conſtitutional right of the Iriſh Parliament to legiſlate for Ireland in all caſes whatſoever. He ſaid, to imagine for a moment that it was the intention of the Parliament nof Great-Britain to attempt a reſumption of the right of legiſlating for herſelf, aſſerted with ſucceſs by the Iriſh Parliament in 1782, and at that time ſolemnly recognized by the Parliament of Great-Britain, was ſo weak, abſurd, and improbable a conjecture, that it neither deſerved nor required a ſerious anſwer. The Parliament of Great-Britain had no ſuch intention, ſhe could have no ſuch intention. That it was expected that in return for the full and free participation of the commerce and navigation of Great-Britain, to which Ireland was to be admitted by the ſyſtem in contemplation, the Parliament of Ireland would conſent to paſs ſimilar laws in both reſpects to thoſe under which the commerce and navigation of Great Britain was carried on. But this condition, though it was indiſpenſible and fundamental, was no bond on the Parliament of Ireland, becauſe the Iriſh legiſlature would have it at all times in her option to comply with the condition or not, as ſhould appear moſt ſuitable to her diſcretion, and moſt conſonant to her policy. Without ſuch a condition, he ſaid, it appeared to him utterly impoſſible for any commercial arrangement whatever to take effect. After having dwelt upon this for ſome minutes, he declared, that ſo far from his being at all ſtartled at ſuch a reſolution, as that offered the preceding day by Mr. Flood, he ſhould not be in the leaſt afraid to meet it, becauſe he was ſatisfied, when gentlemen fairly, fully and temperately conſidered the nature and tendency of the bill he had opened to the Houſe, and looked at the ſubject devoid of prejudice and miſconception, they muſt feel conviction that ſuch a reſolution was nugatory and unneceſſary. Having urged a great variety of arguments to prove the propriety of proceeding by bill in preference to an other method, Mr. Orde concluded with moving regularly for leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. *Conolly* replied, and oppoſed the motion in the firſt inſtance, declaring that the bill, if ſuffered to be brought in, would totally take away their conſtitution, and leave them no commerce at all.

Mr. *O'Neil* objected to the bill, and pledged himſelf to give it every oppoſition in his power.

Mr. *Grattan*, in one of the ableſt, moſt eloquent, and ſingular ſpeeches ever delivered in a Houſe of Parliament, oppoſed the bill, as a door to vaſſalage and ſlavery, ſince it proffered commerce as a barter for conſtitution. Mr. Grattan's ſpeech was full of points; it was intereſting, attractive, and ſublime. The whole audience grew ſilent as he ſpoke, and having caught the enthuſiaſm, and been captivated by the eloquence of his argument, were loſt in admiration. He was upon his legs for two hours and a half.

The inſtant he ſat down the Houſe emptied apace, and Mr. *Monk Maſon* roſe to ſtem the ſtorm, and talk to the tumult. He appeared to be familiar with the ſubject, but he was not maſter of the Houſe one moment.

The debate now continued with uncommon vehemence; all the great ſpeakers and diſtinguiſhed country gentlemen took part in the buſineſs, and Members from every quarter of the kingdom declared themſelves againſt the ſyſtem.

Sir *Henry Cavendiſh*, Mr. *Forbes*, Mr. *Burgh* of *Oldfield*, Mr. *Hardy*, Mr. *Smith*, Mr. *Fiſher Brown*, Mr. *Curren* and Mr. *Corry*, all ably oppoſed the motion. Mr. *Flood* proved his claim to reputation as a man of talents and a maſter of debate, by his manner of combating the bill clauſe by clauſe; but the mode he adopted was rather dry, dull, and unintereſting.

The *Attorney General* (Mr. Fitz Gibbon) and Mr. Forſter were the principal and moſt powerful advocates for the Secretary; they both diſtinguiſhed themſelves by their ability; but the Chancellor of the Exchequer was ſingularly ſucceſsful in his reply to Mr. Flood, which was clear, perſpicuous, and convincing. Young Beresford and Mr. Poole (Lord Mornington's brother) did themſelves great credit by their ſpeeches, the chief aim of which was, to confute part of Mr. Grattan's argument. Mr. Grattan thought it neceſſary to reply to Mr. Poole. Mr. Beresford, junior, confirmed the account of the Duke of Portland's ſpeech, as given in the London papers, declaring that he was in the Houſe of Lords in England, on the day that the Duke delivered his reply to the Duke of Richmond, who had preſſed to know, if the cabinet of 1782 had not meant a commercial arangement, what it was they did mean? This declaration of Mr. Beresford was occaſioned by Mr. Conolly's having ſaid that he was authoriſed to aſſert, that the Duke of Portland never made any declaration that the cabinet in which he held a ſhare, collectively conſidered, meant not to make any farther conceſſions to Ireland.

Mr. *Orde* having, in the courſe of his ſpeech, ſaid, that the Miniſter ſucceſsfully oppoſed many amendments propoſed by the Britiſh oppoſition, with a view to injure the intereſts of Ireland; he was attacked upon that part of his ſpeech with no ſmall degree of aſperity by Mr. *Corry*, and various other members of oppoſition, who reprobated his attempt to ſhield himſelf from the danger of the day, by making it a party buſineſs, and pretending that oppoſition had obſtructed and impeded its progreſs, when it was notorious, that the moſt of the modifications adopted in the courſe of the buſineſs, and made a part of the propoſitions, were ſuggeſted by the different members in the two Houſes who formed the oppoſition. The Houſe continued in debate till near nine in the morning, when they divided on Mr. *Orde*'s motion for leave to bring in a bill, when the numbers were,

Ayes	-	-	127
Noes	-	-	108
Majority for Miniſters			19

Sir *Hercules Langriſhe* ſtood up as ſoon as the Houſe was reſumed, and moved the queſtion of adjournment.

Mr. *Flood* inſtantly roſe, and gave notice of his intention to move on Monday, that the Houſe would on no conſideration ſubmit to a dereliction of their conſtitutional right of ſole and ſoverign legiſlation for Ireland. The minority, cheered by the ſlender number of the majority, univerſally cried out, *Move! move!* Mr. Flood ſaid, he would move his queſtion of conſtitution, if the Honorable Member would withdraw his queſtion of adjournment. Sir Hercules declining to accede to this propoſition, the Houſe again divided for adjourning,

Ayes	-	-	120
Noes	-	-	104
Majority			16

It was the general ſentiment of the Houſe, that with ſo ſmall a majority it was impoſſible for Miniſters to perſevere in the ſyſtem. The Iriſh Houſe conſiſts but of 300 Members, and by the firſt diviſion, including the Speaker and tellers, we ſee there were 240 preſent. We may conclude that in ſo long a debate ſeveral were obliged by infirmity to pair off, ſo that there does not appear a poſſibility for Government to carry the obnoxious parts of the bill, when even on the ſtrong queſtion for leave to bring it into the Houſe, they could only command a majority of 19. It is in the nature of ſmall majorities to diminiſh.

Sept. 3. Lord Howe had yeſterday an audience with his Majeſty, to aſſure him that the French fleet conſiſts of nothing more than frigates of ſmall force.

The ſquadron in the Mediterranean has been lately augmented with the Marquis de Seignally ſloop of 16, and the Mutine cutter of 14 guns, for the better ſecurity of the Britiſh trade againſt the Barbary rovers, which are unuſually numerous.

The Admiralty order, to prevent improper perſons from gaining admiſſion into the King's yards, is ſo rigidly obſerved, that no perſons whatever are admitted to walk about or obſerve the works going on, nor are ſtrangers ſuffered to go to the houſes of the officers without a perſon to attend them.

It is at length announced, that the Members of the Britiſh Parliament are not to be called from their retreats until the month of February. A prorogation during an adjournment is reckoned a ſtrong meaſure—though there is a precedent in the reign of Queen Anne—The Parliament is therefore to be ſuffered to meet, and to be prorogued, we underſtand, by commiſſion, without any ſpeech from the throne; ſo that gentlemen will not have occaſion to come to town.

The Parliament of Ireland ſtands adjourned to Monday next, but it is not expected that any material buſineſs will come before them, prior to a further adjournment.

Thurſday three capital houſes in the city were obliged to ſtop payment, on account of the remittances from America not arriving according to promiſe, for goods ſent to that country. This, however, is not the whole of the misfortune; ſeveral other houſes are unfortunately engaged in the ſame line of commerce, and if their remittances do not arrive in proper time, they muſt experience the ſame fate. The change wore a gloomy appearance on this occaſion, and each merchant returned to his counting-houſe, eager to diſcover how far his name was involved.

Extract of a letter from Bruſſels, Auguſt 23.

"The cabinet couriers that are poſting away without intermiſſion between London and Verſailles have certainly no other object in view but the treaty of commerce which is now, for the ſecond time, on the tapis between France and England. The report of an immediate war originated with the jobbers on your ſide of the water; at leaſt nothing on the continent ſeems to threaten your part of Europe with the worſt of all ſcourges. As war or peace is the thermometer of Engliſh ſtocks, it is leſs ſingular that ſuch rumour ſhould prevail in England more and oftener than elſewhere."

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Auguſt 24.

"It is in vain to attempt to conceal it, that notwithſtanding the efforts of the friends of the Houſe of Orange, the affairs of the Stadtholder, inſtead of mending, grow every day worſe and worſe. His Serene Highneſs's orders for the troops to march to Amersfort, at the ſole requeſt of four Deputies of Utrecht, without the ſanction of the majority of the States of that Province, gives general offence; the letter written by his Highneſs on that occaſion has been criticiſed with great ſeverity and bitterneſs. The Burghers of Utrecht, on their part, perſiſt in their reſolution of defending themſelves, and ſhutting their gates. This reſolution is ſtrengthened by the conduct of ſeveral towns in the province of Holland, who have determined to lodge a complaint before the ſtates againſt the Stadtholder, for iſſuing thoſe orders, and at the ſame time to propoſe depriving his Highneſs of the power of granting patents without the conſent of the provinces. It is not eaſy to foreſee how his Highneſs will extricate himſelf from this dilemma, if the other towns ſhould adopt this plan, which it is more than probable they will.

Sept. 6. We hear from good authority, that notwithſtanding the triumph obtained by the people of Ireland over Miniſtry in regard to the propoſitions, Mr. Flood ſtill intends to bring forward his motion declaratory to the legiſlative independence and omnipotent authority of the Iriſh Parliament.

We hear alſo, and with conſiderable aſtoniſhment, that Mr. Curry is to be Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the room of Mr. Forſter, on his advancement to the chair. This was the general report yeſterday in political companies.

Extract of a letter from Liſbon, Auguſt 18.

"The ſituation in which the Spaniards have left our Court by the truce they have patched up with the Algerines is far form being pleaſing; and, conſidering the family connections that have lately taken place, rather unexpected. Her Moſt Faithful Majeſty is reſolved, however, to protect her trade. The Algarve of 30, and San Joſeph of 24 guns, are for this purpoſe ordered to Sacre-Bay, to convoy and protect the home trade from the mouth of the Straights. There are alſo in the Mediterranean a ſhip of 60 guns, and three others, cruiſing againſt the Barbarian flag, with orders not to ſpare them wherever they meet them."

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Auguſt 30.

"The news of the day is, that M. Thulemeyer, Ambaſſador from his Pruſſian Majeſty to this Republic, has had a private conference with the Grand Penſionary, and has officially ſignified to him the definitive ſettlement of the Germanic league of confederation. In this declaration his Pruſſian Majeſty reprobates the projects formed for the aggrandizement of the Emperor, and alſo the neceſſity of concluding a treaty of confederacy, which ſhall confirm and eſtabliſh the independence of the Princes of the German empire, and aſſures their High Mightineſſes that he will rigidly adhere to every article advanced in his memorial, and invites the ſeveral Princes immediately to comply with the propoſitions therein contained."

L'Orient, Auguſt 20. Paul Jones is arrived here from Paris, to fit out three ſhips, on his own account, it is ſaid, of which he will take the command, on an expedition to Kamtſchatka, to purchaſe furs, and eſtabliſh a factory. This he is enableld to do, by having lately received four hundred thouſand livres for the prizes he took in the war.

NEW-YORK, *October* 21.

Mr. Adams, our Ambaſſador at the Britiſh Court, is very popular; and his indefatigable endeavours to eſtabliſh a commercial treaty between the two nations, on reciprocal principles, ſhews that our confidence is well placed.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 26.

Monday laſt, being the day appointed by the conſtitution for the firſt meeting of the General Aſſembly of this ſtate, a number of the members met at the State-houſe, but not being ſufficient to form a quorum, adjourned till three o'clock yeſterday afternoon, when, a quorum not appearing, they again adjourned till ten o'clock this morning.

The following gentlemen are elected for Cumberland County:

Aſſembly. Robert Whitehill, John Carothers, Frederick Watts, John Creigh.

Sheriffs. Samuel Poſtlethwait, John Glenn.

Coroners. William Blair, jun. John Holmes, jun.

Commiſſioner. Ephraim Steel.

Extract of a letter from one of the moſt principal houſes of Cadiz, dated in Auguſt, to a merchant in New-York.

"Spain, ſome little time ago, made a truce with the regency of Algiers; in conſequence of which, ſome of the laſt mentioned came out a cruiſing into the ocean, but the Portugueſe having out ſhips of war to look for them, it is believed they have again got up the Straights without doing much damage. There is a report that the truce is again broke, and ſome meaſures lately taken by this miniſtry for protecting trade gives a great weight to it."

Captain Haſtier, of the brigantine Siſters, bound from Virginia to Cadiz, writes to his correſpondent in New-York, from Cadiz, dated Auguſt 8, as follows:

"I met in my paſſage with many obſtructions from the Algerines, who are very ſtrict in their examinations, and have extended themſelves far weſterly. I fell in with no leſs than five between the rock of Liſbon and Cadiz."

Captain Haſtier was ſaved by having a Mediterranean paſs, which he fortunately procured at Falmouth.

Captain Caldwell, of the ſhip Favorite, arrived here from London.---On the 31ſt Auguſt, lat. 50. 00. N. long. 11. 15. W. ſpoke the brig Hannah, from Alexandria in Virginia, bound to Amſterdam, then commanded by John Murray, but after being nine days from Alexandria had loſt her former Captain, Edward Perkins. In lat. 39. 00. long. 58. parted company with the Little Jane, Captain Roberts, from Liverpool. On the 8th October, lat. 39. 20. long. 60. ſpoke the brig Britannia, Captain Roberts, 12 days from Virginia, bound to London.

The Hampſhire, Burrows, from Jamaica, arrived at London, took on board from a French brig part of the crew of the Patuxent, Capt. Gower, from Virginia for London, which foundered the 9th July. The reſt of the crew went on board a Dutch ſhip.

The ſhip Briſtol, Captain Earl, from Baltimore for Briſtol, was ſpoke with by Captain Wright, in the Earl of Derby, arrived at Liverpool from Jamaica; ſhe was then in lat. 49. 39. long. 23, all well.

Extract of a letter from St. Euſtatia, Sept. 28.

"The greateſt piece of cruelty I ever heard of, was perpetrated at Nevis very lately; an American veſſel, I believe from the northward, was drove on that iſland in the gale, ſhe was ſeized and condemned in a Court of Admiralty, and ſold becauſe ſhe was ſo unfortunate as to get on that iſland, and was not a Britiſh bottom."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Fort Pitt, to his friend in Carliſle, dated Sept. 25, 1785.

"I am juſt going on board the boat for the Miami river, I have not heard formally from the gentlemen who are gone as meſſengers, but have heard that they were at Sanduſki, all well and going on with their buſineſs---The ſurveyors with Captain Hutchins are gone down the river, and expect that they will begin immediately, and from every obſervation I can make, am of opinion, that they will meet no interruption. I have ſeen Mr. Cunningham, one of the ſtate ſurvevors, who is going on very well, has met with no hindrance, and has got well forward in his buſineſs, laughs at ſome that went off in a hurry. The people find that Congreſs are determined to carry their reſolutions into effect, and will acquieſce in the meaſure.

"There have been ſeveral rumors of Indians, ſome few are true, the miſchief that has happened I believe to be done by a banditti of different nations, viz. Cherokees, Shawaneſe, Mingoes and ſome Delawares, who have joined contrary to the opinion of their nations, to ſteal horſes and plague the poor people on the frontiers, ſome few lives have been loſt, but I am happy to find leſs than has been reported. I have the greateſt reaſon to believe that affairs with the Indians are going on as well as can be expected, until we get poſſeſſion of the weſtern poſts."

On Monday morning, the 17th inſtant, died at his houſe in Beekman-ſtreet, New-York, the Honourable SAMUEL HARDY, Eſquire, a delegate from the commonwealth of Virginia to the Congreſs of the United States. The patriotiſm, great abilities, and other manly virtues that ſo eminently diſtinguiſhed this gentleman, renders his loſs a very important one to Virginia in particular, and to the United States in general.

The following is a copy of a written Paper received on Monday from Fayal, by a gentleman of this city.

We the Judge, and all the ober officers of the Town-Hall, of this village of Orta, Iſland of Fayal,

HEREBY make it known to all the inhabitants of the United Provinces of America, that in this and the adjoining iſlands of the Azores, we are in very great diſtreſs for proviſions, particularly for Indian Corn and Flour, and although we have given orders for ſome of theſe articles to be ſent us from other places, the failure of our crop is ſuch as ſtill intimidates us, and obliges us to take the preſent method, by a publication in all the newſpapers on the continent, of making it known to the ſubjects of America, that to encourage them to come here with all kinds of eatables, thoſe that arrive ſhall be ſubject to no duties on their imports, a ſaving of ſuch conſequence as we think will enable them to make good voyages. The kindneſs we have always ſhewn the vaſſals of America, in ſome degree merits that they would attend to our preſent diſtreſs with immediate ſupplies, which we hope they will.

Paſſed in this village of Orta, iſland of Fayal, with the ſeal of the town hall annexed, and ſo as to authenticate this our publication, it goes.

Signed by the Judge, the 30th of Auguſt, 1785.

JOSEPH FELIPPE FERREIRA CABRAL.

Imported in the Commerce, Captain Darrel, and other late veſſels from London, Liverpool, and Glaſgow, and now ſelling off on the loweſt terms for caſh, or at a ſhort credit, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

At his STORE, in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the City Tavern:

Among which are the following Articles,

SUPERFINE, ſecond, and low priced broad-cloths,
Hunter, foreſt, and double mill'd drabs,
Low priced drab, mottled and blue duffils,
6 and 7 qr. fine twilled and plain coatings,
Green, blue, red, and white half thicks and baizes,
Red, yellow, and white flannels,
Naps, frizes, ſwanſkins, and long ells,
Strouds, fearnoughts, and quad ell royal de ſerges,
Striped duffils and Indian blanketting,
Childrens, boys, girls, youths, womens, and mens plain, ribbed, and knit hoſiery.
Thread, cotton, and ſilk ditto,
Corduroy, cordurets, diced queen's and king's cords,
Velverets, velvets, and veluers,
7-8ths, yd wide, and yard 3-8ths cotton and linen checks,
A complete aſſortment of boys, youths, and mens felt, caſtor, and beaver hats, either by the caſe or dozen,
Carpets and carpeting, with the remainder of conſignment which will be ſold at the firſt coſt for caſh,

N. B. The ſaid John Shields having buſineſs to tranſact in Britain, which cannot be done without his perſonal attendance, gives notice to all perſons who have accounts againſt him, to bring them in for ſettlement. And earneſtly requeſts all perſons indebted to him, by book account, bond, or note, that are or may be due by the 1ſt of December next, to make payment, as thoſe unſettled at that time will be put into the hands of an Attorney, for recovery without further notice.

Philadelphia, October 20, 1785.

Peterſburgh, October 1, 1785.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

A VALUABLE MILL, for manufacturing of wheat, diſtant from Peterſburg (in Virginia) about three miles, ſituate on Swift-creek, in Cheſterfield county, conſiſting of a houſe 80 feet long and 36 feet wide, with three floor, three pair of ſtones, boulting cloths fixed, and other conveniencies neceſſary for conducting the buſineſs, in good repair. Alſo adjoining is a ſmall ſtore room, counting room, a good cellar under both, with kitchen and garden, and other convenient out-houſes. Over the mill-pond is a good bridge, lately built for the uſe of the mill. And 55 acres and an half of land, the ſtream and ſituation will admit of erecting other works to go by water. They are about a mile from Mr. Bland's tobacco and ſnuff manufactory. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, who will be in Richmond during the enſuing Aſſembly, or to William Bragg, adjoining the premiſes. ¶ JOSEPH JONES.

To be SOLD by public Sale,

On Saturday, the 29th inſtant, at one o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes,

A MESSUAGE and LOT of LAND, ſituate in Whitpain townſhip, Montgomery county, now in the tenure of Peter Wenſh, containing about 40 acres, 16 acres of which is plowable land, 7 acres of meadow, a good orchard of beſt fruit trees, the remainder wood land and well timbered; there is on the premiſes a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, cow-houſe, &c. late the property of John Shearer, deceaſed, and to be ſold by

¶ 1 w. PETER SHEARER, and LUDWICK SHEARER, } Adminiſtrators.

Upper Milford, October 15, 1785.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of ULRICH RIESER, late of Upper Milford townſhip, in the county of Northampton, and ſtate of Pennſylvania, yeoman, deceaſed, either by bonds, notes or book debts, are deſired to come and make payments between this and the firſt day of December next enſuing; and all thoſe that have any juſt demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their accounts on or before the ſaid firſt day of December, that they may be adjuſted by

¶ CASPER RIESER, and GEORGE KRIEBEL, } Executors.

Upper Milford, October 8, 1785.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

IN the night between the 28th and 29th of September laſt, one John Senſe, otherwiſe Robert Texter, a native of New-England, about 24 years of age, of a middling ſize, black hair and dark complexion, left the place were he ſome times lived, at the ſubſcriber's, Jacob Miller, of Upper Milford townſhip, county of Northampton, and ſtate of Pennſylvania, innholder, and took along with him as the property of ſaid Jacob Miller, a ſorrel horſe, with two white feet, about 7 or 8 years of age, very handſome for riding, trots and gallops; alſo a bridle, a pair of new ſaddle bags, a light blue man's coat, one pair of red and white ſtriped trowſers, a black ſilk neckcloth, ſeveral ſhirts, and other cloathing; he wore a blue coat with a black facing, and a red ſtriped jacket. Whoever takes up ſaid fellow, and ſecures him, that the owner may obtain his property, and he be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward; or for the man alone, Forty Shillings, paid by † JACOB MILLER.

WAS committed to this Goal, the 25th of September, a MAN, who calls himſelf JOHN HICKEY, had on a ſnuff coloured cloth coat, tow trowſers, white woollen ſtockings, ſtrong ſhoes, and a wool hat, with a ribband round it. His maſter, if any he has, is hereby deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away. Otherwiſe he will be diſcharged in three weeks from the date hereof, on paying his fees.

¶ THOMAS TAYLOR, Goaler.

Cheſter Goal, October 24, 1785.

Newtown, Bucks County Goal, October 18, 1785.

WAS committed to the Goal of Bucks County, a certain Iriſh man, who calls himſelf MICHAEL GILES, appears to be about 26 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high; he is ſuppoſed to be a runaway ſervant; if any perſon or perſons has loſt him as a ſervant, he, ſhe or they, are hereby requeſted to come within four weeks from the date hereof, pay the charges and take him away, otherwiſe he will be after that immediately ſold for his fees. Any perſon knowing of any crime againſt ſaid priſoner, is requeſted to make the ſame known before the expiration of the ſaid four weeks.

‡ PATRICK HUNTER, Goaler.

Philadelphia, October 24, 1785.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

WHEREAS on the night of the 19th inſtant, *Ten of the Public Lamps* of this city were broke and deſtroyed, or ſtolen and carried away, by ſome evil minded perſon or perſons:

And it being highly neceſſary for the benefit of the inhabitants, as well as the preſervation of the Public property of the city, that the perpetrators of ſuch wanton depredations ſhould be brought to juſtice: THE WARDENS OF THE CITY do hereby offer a Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS to any perſon or perſons, who will give information againſt the perſon or perſons who broke or ſtole the ſaid Lamps, ſo that he or they may be proſecuted to conviction, or TEN POUNDS for each of the ſaid Lamps, of which he or they ſhall be convicted of ſtealing or deſtroying, as aforeſaid.

By Order of the Board,
GEORGE HONEY, jun. Clerk.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in the Great Valley, Eaſt-Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 417 acres of good limeſtone land, of which about 250 acres are clear, the remainder well timbered; there are on ſaid place a new ſtone dwelling-houſe, a good ſtone ſpring-houſe, over a never failing ſpring, a good barn and ſtable, a good bearing orchard and 12 acres of good watered meadow, and more may be made. The whole pleaſantly ſituated and in a good neighbourhood. Payment will be made eaſy. For terms apply to the ſubſcribers, in Philadelphia.

October 24, 1785. † ANN FRAZER, ELIJAH WEED.

Philadelphia, October 16, 1785.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of GEORGE WALKER, Victualler, late of this city, deceaſed, by Bond, Bill, Book-debt, or otherwiſe, are, for the laſt time, requeſted to diſcharge the ſame within five weeks from this date, or they will be proceeded againſt according to law; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts duly atteſted, in the above time, in order for ſettlement, as the adminiſtrators muſt cloſe their accounts.

JOHN EVERHART, DAVID EVERHART, } Adminiſtrat.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the commons of the borough of Reading, Berks county, on the 14th inſt. a black HORSE, about 15 hands high, a little white round two of his feet, near the hoof, travels a little, trots well, is five years old laſt ſpring. He had the diſtemper and a great cold, which occaſions him to have a large lump on his noſe, likewiſe to blow and cough very much, eſpecially when he is rode. Eight Dollars reward will be given for the horſe and thief, or One Dollar for the horſe only, paid by THOMAS CHURCH.

October 20, 1785. ¶

Lebanon townſhip, Dauphin county, Oct. 15, 1785.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from his bail ſome time ago, a certain George Folke, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, dark complexion, black hair, mixed with ſome white; had on and took with him, divers ſorts of clothes, which it is poſſible he may change; he is upwards of 40 years of age, by trade a tobacco ſpinner, ſpeaks good Engliſh and German, is much given to ſtrong drink, and ſpeaks very heavily when in liquor. He alſo took with him a grey mare, ſaddle and bridle. Whoever takes up ſaid Folke and ſecures him, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have him, or delivers him at the Court held at Harriſbugh, the 15th day of November next, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JOHN CERMAN.

WAS committed to this Goal the 13th of this inſtant, (October) an Iriſh ſervant LAD, about 20 years of age, who calls himſelf JOHN MOODY, had on when committed a light coloured cloth coat, corduroy waiſtcoat, buckſkin breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and ſtrong leather ſhoes. Likewiſe was committed at the ſame time, JAMES POKE, an Iriſh LAD, about 18 or 19 years of age, had on a light coloured cloth coatee, tow trowſers, old ſhoes, and a wool hat. Their Maſters, if any they have, are hereby deſired to come, prove property, pay their charges and take them away, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged, in three weeks from the date hereof, by paying their fees.

THOMAS TAYLOR, Goaler.

Cheſter Goal, October 24, 1785. ¶

WAS committed to this Goal, the 18th of this inſtant, (October) a certain ALEXANDER SLONE, who ſays he belongs to William Stanſbury, at Little Pipe creek, Frederick county, Maryland. Likewiſe, was committed about the ſame time, a MAN, who calls himſelf RICHARD SIMMONS, had on a light coloured cloth coat, tow trowſers, old ſhoes, and a wool hat. Their maſters, if any they have, are hereby deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged in three weeks from the date hereof, by paying their fees.

¶ THOMAS TAYLOR, Goaler.

Cheſter Goal, October 24, 1785.

Juſt PUBLISHED, and to be Sold, by

Young, Stewart & M'Culloch,

In Cheſnut-ſtreet, No. 7, below Third-ſtreet;

Alſo, Sold by A. Mitchell, and Co. Pittſburg; J. Creigh Carliſle; W. Woodhouſe, T. Seddon, and T. Dobſon, Philadelphia;

Father Tammany's ALMANACK,

For the year of our Lord 1786.

With a neat Engraving of Father Tmmany ſhooting a Deer.

CONTAINING,

THE riſing and ſetting of the Sun and Moon,
The Eclipſes,
Changes of the Moon,
Variation of the Seaſons in both Hemiſpheres,
Equation of Time,
Faſts & Feſtivals of the Church,
Tide Tables on a new and correct Plan,
Scales of Depreciation, as eſtabliſhed by Congreſs, and by the States of N. York, N. Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Delaware, and Maryland,
Chronology of remarkable Events in America,
Abſtract of the Ordinance of Congreſs, for diſpoſing of the Weſtern Lands,
Quantity of Miles and of Acres in the United States,
Table of Intereſt,
Dollar Table,
Table of Coins,
Departures and Arrivals of the Poſts and Stages,
Courts of Law in N. York, N. Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Delaware, Maryland, & Virginia,
A Large Table of Roads,
Quakers General Meetings,
Receipts in Phyſic, Maxims,
Fairs, Poetry, &c. &c.

ALSO JUST PUBLISHED,

Glorying in the Croſs of Chriſt:

A SERMON, by Mr. M'LAURIN,

Late Miniſter in Glaſgow.

*** Likewiſe juſt Publiſhed, Poems, by Miſs Hannah More; New-England Primers; Preſbyterian and Church of England Catechiſms.------In the Preſs, and ſpeedily will be Publiſhed, A neat Edition of Dilworth's Spelling-Book; alſo, at ſaid Place may be had, Bibles, Teſtaments, Engliſh, Latin, and Greek Claſſics, Stationary, &c. &c.

Gloucester county, State of New-Jersey, Oct. 15, 1785.

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

At the house of JOSEPH MURRELL, at Long-a-coming, on the 3d day of November next, if not sold before at private sale, the following described Tracts of Land, Cedar Swamp, Mills, &c. being part of the estate of John Kay, deceased, to be sold according to his last will and testament, viz.

A TRACT of Land and Cedar Swamp, containing 98 acres, some of which is excellent saw timber, lying on a branch of Great Egg-Harbour river, called Four Mile Beach, and will be divided into small lots.

Also, a Tract of Land, situate on Timber creek, about four miles from Chew's Landing, containing 369 acres and an half, some of which will make meadow. There are on said tract a good saw-mill, good grist-mill, dwelling-house, stables, &c. and about 15 acres of said land improved.

Also, a Lot of Land, containing 10 acres, adjoining the above, with a dwelling-house, and other improvements thereon.

Also, two Tracts of Land, in Squamquam neck, the one containing 198 acres, the other 134.

Also, one equal half part or share of that (it being undivided) saw-mill, known by the name of Blue-Anchor Mill, with sundry tracts of land, containing in the whole about 2500 acres, and lying adjacent.

Also, a Tract of Land, lying adjacent and on Great Egg-Harbour road, containing 300 acres, 50 of which are improved. There are on said tract a good dwelling-house, barn, stable and apple orchard, a well of water at the door, &c. and lying two miles from the above mentioned mill.

Also, two Tracts of Land, lying near White-Hall Mill, one containing 1213 acres, the other 450.

Also, sundry small surveys, lying on Great Egg-Harbour road, near the Blue-Anchor, containing near 100 acres each. The whole to be sold together or separate, as may best suit the purchaser. The vendue to begin at ten o'clock on the said day, when the conditions will be made known and attendance given, by

REBECCA KAY, Executrix,
ISAAC KAY, Executor.

N. B. Any person inclining to view the cedar swamp before the day of sale, may see it, by applying to Josiah Albertson, at said swamp. And any person inclining to view any other part of the said lands or mills, may see them. by applying to Isaac Kay, at the late dwelling-house of John Kay, deceased, on Timber creek. ¶

WAS taken up trespassing on the plantation of the subscriber, in Upper Merion township, Montgomery county, the 8th of September last, a brown HORSE, supposed to be about 6 or 7 years old, with a star in his forehead, the near hind foot white, paces and trots, shod all round. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

October 8, 1785. ¶ MORDECAI MOORE.

CAME to the plantation now occupied by the subscriber, in Blockley township, Philadelphia county, on the 5th of this instant, a brown GELDING, 13 or 14 hands high, branded on the off shoulder thus 5 P. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

October 6, 1785. ¶ JACOB AMOS.

WHEREAS Mary, the wife of the subscriber, hath left him, and taken all his bedding and houshold goods with her, also two bonds for 100l. each, continental money, which at the date of the bonds, by the scale of depreciation, then passed at the rate of 3 for 1. He therefore takes this method of warning all persons against purchasing any of his effects from her, or of trusting her on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting after this date. Witness his hand, the 16th day of the Ninth Month (September) 1785. ROBERT THOMAS.

N. B. Strayed or stolen on the 2d instant from the Northern Liberties, a brown mare, 14 hands high, has a small star in her forehead, a scar under her left eye, is a natural pacer, shod all round, and has neither brand or mark. Whoever will deliver said mare to Jacob Shullar, in New-street, Philadelphia, or the subscriber, in Lower Milford township, Bucks county, shall have Two Dollars reward, paid by ROBERT THOMAS. †

HORSES taken in, at the Livery Stables in Race-street, between Fourth and Fifth-streets, where the greatest care will be taken of them, at a reasonable rate, by † NATHAN MARPEL.

Cæcil county, Maryland, Sept. 10, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at the Head of Bohemia, in Cæcil county aforesaid, on the 15th of April last, a yellow complected Negroe man, named CHARLES, about 5 feet 4 inches high, a light made fellow, small legs and thighs, a flat nose, chews tobacco, has an effeminate voice, plays on the banjoe, very pert and assuming, and is fond of liquor.---His first elopement was three years ago the first of April last, and he was gone 2 years 10 months and 21 days, in which time he married two wives, about 12 miles below Dover, in Kent county, on Delaware, near to Joneycake landing, by one of which he had three children, and changed his name to Sam Tawneymore, or Sam. I gave a reward of Fifty Dollars for taking him up, and he was brought home----he then only staid two months until he ran away the second time, notwithstanding I had pardoned his fault, and neither gave him word or blow.

I do apprehend he will reside chiefly below Dover with his *plurality of wives* (notwithstanding it is against the laws of Moses and the United States) and probably he will spend some of his time in the Jerseys, and pass as a hand on board of some shallop up to Philadelphia, and assert he is a free man, as he has done before.

Now these are humbly to request all people, of all nations, kindreds, tongues, and languages, especially all masters and skippers of vessels, of all colours and sizes, to apprehend him the said Charles, alias Sam Tawneymore, or by whatever name he may attempt to pass, and put him in a secure goal, so as I shall get him again, or bring him home to me, and I'll pay the above reward and reasonable charges, as sure as my name is

† 6 w. RICHARD ELLIS.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

THAT valuable PLANTATION, FRIEDENSTHAL, on the Bush-kill, in the Forks of Delaware, 6 miles from Easton, and two from Nazareth, on the road from Easton to the Wind Gap, containing about 700 acres; there is on the premises a grist-mill, with two pair of stones and stone walls, on a never failing stream, a two story log dwelling-house, log stables and a large barn, with stables built of stone, two orchards, upwards of 100 acres cleared plow land, and about 40 acres good meadows, sufficient to keep a large stock of cattle. On paying one third of the purchase money, time will be given to pay the remainder. For further particulars, enquire at the Taverns at Bethlehem and Lehi.

N. B. If this plantation is not sold before the first of January next, it will be rented out for some years. ¶ 4 w.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

And may be entered upon immediately, if required,

ALL that PLANTATION, formerly in the possession of Ellis Griffith, containing about 112 acres, situate in Amity township, Berks county, adjoining Mountz Jones's plantation, one mile from Schuylkill, and, on the new road, 10 from Reading. The improvements are a dwelling-house, barn, stables and other out buildings, a young orchard of about 200 apple trees of choice fruit, about 50 acres of good wheat land cleared, under good fence, 6 acres of meadow, and more may be made at a small expence, and the whole watered in the driest season; the remainder is well timbered land. For viewing the premises and knowing the terms of sale, apply to George Douglass, Esq; near the land, or for terms of sale only, to John Wilson, at Samuel Pleasant's, in Philadelphia, or to the subscriber, near Mountholly, New-Jersey, who will make a good title to the purchaser, and allow a reasonable time for payment of part of the purchase money. † 4 w. JOHN LEE.

JOHN BROOKS,

GLOVER and BREECHES MAKER,

RETURNS his most grateful thanks to the public in general, and his friends in particular, for the many favors conferred on him, hopes to merit a continuance of the same, having all necessaries of the first quality, and compleat hands in both branches, so as to be able to execute any orders that he may be favored with punctually, and in the compleatest manner.

N. B. He has fur and all other kinds of gloves for ladies and gentlemen, together with buckskin breeches of all qualities ready made, for wholesale and retail, at his STORE, three doors above Third-street, in Market-street, opposite the lot where the Old Goal formerly stood. Sept. 19, 1785.

York-Town, Sept. 24, 1785.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A HOUSE and half a LOT of GROUND, situate, lying and being on the south side of High-street, near the centre square, in the town of York aforesaid, occupied by the subscriber, who for many years kept his store in it, and is suitable for any other business public or private. The house is two stories high, with a good cellar under it; there is a good brick kitchen, and a pump of good water at the door. Also a tract of 20 acres or more of patented land, adjoining York-Town commons, whereon is erected a log dwelling-house, a stone spring-house, a new compleat Swisher barn, with good stables, a bearing apple orchard, and about 8 acres of watered meadow fit for the scythe. If the above premises should not be sold before the first day of November next, they will be rented. For terms or other particulars, apply to † MICHAEL SWOOPE.

Philadelphia, September 20, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, That by virtue of an act of Assembly, passed the 18th day of December, 1780, entituled, *An Act* to settle and adjust the accounts of the troops of this state, in the service of the United States, and for other purposes therein mentioned, and divers other acts of the Legislature; and also pursuant to directions given the subscribers by the Supreme Executive Council of the state of Pennsylvania; on the 21st day of November next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Pennsylvania Coffee-house, in Philadelphia, will begin the sale of 100 lots of land, part of the tract of land appropriated for the redemption of the depreciation certificates, and to continue from day to day till the whole shall be sold.

The lands are situate in the district of Daniel Leet, No. 2, beginning about 9 miles below Fort Pitt, on the west side of the river Ohio, and extending down the said river, near to the mouth of Big Beaver Creek, in the vicinity of Fort M'Intosh, distant about 30 miles from Fort Pitt, and running up the said creek about 7 miles, including several of its branches, the several mouths of Big and Little Sewickley, Log's-Town Run, Crow's-Town Run, and its branches, and Dutchman's Run.---In general these lands are extremely fertile, and well calculated for mills, iron-works, grazing and other farms. For a more particular description whereof, the public are referred to a map now fixed up in the Coffee-house, made out by the said Daniel Leet, to which is annexed his description of said lands.

The payments to be made in gold or silver, or in the certificates aforesaid, one half of the consideration to be paid in five days from the sale, the other half in 15 days more, or the sale to be void. The Surveyor's fees (and other office fees agreeable to law) to be discharged at the same time the purchase money shall be paid. JOHN LUKENS, Surv. Gen.
DAVID KENNEDY, Sec. L. O.
tbc. FRANCIS JOHNSTON, R. G.

JOHN ELLIOTT, jun.

In Front-street, between Chesnut and Walnut-streets, hath for SALE, a general Assortment of

DRUGS and MEDICINES,
PAINTERS COLOURS, OIL and BRUSHES,
WINDOW GLASS, SPECTACLES, &c.

And has lately imported, a large Quantity of
LOOKING GLASSES, in plain Mahogany Frames.

He also supplies People with new Glasses to their old Frames, and Quicksilvers old Glasses. †

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th November next, at the town of Dover, in the Delaware state,

A TRACT of LAND, in Duck Creek Hundred, in the county of Kent, in the said state, containing 330 acres or thereabouts, and adjoining lands of Mr. Edward Tilghman, jun. and Mr. Samuel Griffin; it consists mostly of wood, is well timbered, and convenient to a good landing, several mills, and places of worship. The terms of payment will be made easy to the purchaser, giving security.

ON the evening of 12th of September last, came to and broke into the inclosure of the subscriber, living in Plymouth township, Montgomery county, a dark bay MARE, of a small size, supposed to be five years old, has a small star in her forehead, her mane hangs on the wrong side, and appears as though she had lately been separated from a suckling colt. The owner is hereby notified to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away. §

October 10, 1785. ANDREW NORNY.

ALL persons having demands against JOHN ROBERTSON, formerly of this city, Mariner, deceased, are requested to furnish their accounts by the first day of November next, at which time a dividend is intended to be made of the monies in hand. And those who neglect delivering their accounts by that time, will be excluded the present dividend. ¶

Philadelphia, Oct. 5, 1785. JOSEPH HILLBORN.

CAME to the house of the subscriber, at the Crooked Billet, on the old York road, on Saturday last, a dark brown HORSE, 14 hands high, shod all round, paces and trots well. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away. WILLIAM HEATON.

Moreland, October 1, 1785. †

Philadelphia, October 10, 1785.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

Being part of the estate of Capt. John M'Nachtane, deceased,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Pennsbury Manor, in the county of Bucks, 5 miles from the borough of Bristol, containing about 200 acres, about one mile from the river Delaware, half a mile from a landing on Crozer's creek, which creek takes its rise from out of a number of never failing springs on this plantation, a considerable quantity of meadow may be made at a little expence; the land is chiefly covered with a quantity of the best hickory and oak; there is a small log house on the premises, about 50 acres of the land has been partly cleared. A clear and sufficient title will be given. For further particulars, enquire of

CORNELIA M'NACHTANE, Executrix, or
EDWARD POLE, Executor.

This place being so near a landing on Crozer's creek, which empties into the river Delaware, makes it very valuable, as all the wood may be conveyed to the Philadelphia markets.

All persons indebted to the estate of the late Captain JOHN M'NACHTANE of this city, deceased, are desired to pay the same immediately; and those who have any demands against said estate are desired to bring them in, properly attested, to

CORNELIA M'NACHTANE, Executrix, or
EDWARD POLE, Executor. ¶

Durham Furnace, Sept. 29, 1785.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 27th instant, a German servant, named GEORGE DAVID WORTZ, by trade a butcher, but is said to understand all kinds of farming labour, about 22 years of age, brown complexion, grey eyes, and has lately lost one of his fore teeth; he had on and took with him, a blue cloth jacket with sleeves, a corded dimity waistcoat, with double rows of small white buttons, a pair of olive coloured overalls, plated shoe buckles, a wool hat, with a small piece cut out of the side by mice, and a fine shirt. He is the same person advertised the 20th June last by Mr. Christian Wirtz, of Philadelphia, from whom he ran away, and was taken up in New-York about two weeks since, and sold by Mr. Wirtz to me, but only staied eight days before he ran away again, as he with some others were driving some cattle from Change-water in the Jerseys to Durham; he made a pretence to go in the bushes after some of the cattle, and by that means made his escape. Whoever will secure the said servant, shall receive the above reward, and if brought to the subscriber, reasonable charges, paid by RICHARD BACKHOUSE.

MIDWIFERY.

To the PUBLIC in general, and LADIES in particular.

SARAH COLTMAN,

PRACTITIONER of MIDWIFERY, from England, being called upon by her domestic connexions to reside at Philadelphia, begs leave to inform those whom it may concern to know, that she has had the good fortune to be regularly instructed in the knowledge of her profession, under that eminent teacher, Dr. Denman, physician to the Middlesex Hospital, who is justly esteemed the first of his profession in London, since the death of the celebrated Dr. Hunter; from whom, as well as other medical gentlemen in that line of business, she has brought over such respectable testimony of her experience and skill, in the exercise of the obstetric art, as neither vanity nor presumption can induce her to commit to a news-paper, but which she is willing, if called upon, to produce, for the private satisfaction of those who desire it; and such as may well afford a reasonable expectation, that she shall from an enlightened people meet with proper encouragement, to offer her services in that capacity in this city.

To those, therefore, who may stand in need of her assistance, she takes the liberty to make a respectful tender of her best offices; being persuaded, that as she shall study to merit, she will be able to content, and hopes in return to enjoy the approbation of her employers. For the present she is to be enquired for at the house of her husband, Captain Coltman, in Vine-street, on the north side, four doors above Second-street; but having taken the house which Mr. Taggart now occupies on the north side of Walnut-street, next door below the corner of Second-street, proposes to remove there on the 25th day of October next. Sept. 26, 1785. §

WHEREAS a certain Thomas Morris, of Philadelphia, hath obtained a Note of Hand from me the subscriber, dated the 29th day of July last, for the sum of £ 35, lawful money of Pennsylvania, but I have not received any value for the said sum. I do hereby forewarn all persons not to take an assignment on said note, as I am determined not to pay the same until compelled thereto by due course of law.

Philad. Oct. 3, 1785. DANIEL HOLDEN.

THREE DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED away from the subscriber, on the 20th of August last, a sorrel MARE, about six years old, near 14 hands high, a blaze in her face, three white feet, trots and canters, the mane inclining to the near side. Whoever takes up said mare, and gives intelligence, so that the owner may have her again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by DAVID PHILLIPS, at the White Horse, in Front-street, Northern Liberties, Philadelphia. ¶

Gloucester, October 7, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of David Garrison and Jacob Miller, insolvent debtors, confined in the goal of Gloucester county, that they meet at the house of Mr. William Hugg, in Gloucester, on Friday, the 11th day of November next, to shew cause (if any they have) why an assignment of the said debtors estates should not be made, and they be delivered from confinement, agreeably to law. DAVID GARRISON,
¶ JACOB MILLER.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Biberry township, Philadelphia county, the 3d day of May last, a chesnut sorrel MARE, with a blaze in her face, and near hind foot white, about 13 hands high. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

‡ JOSEPH KNIGHT.

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